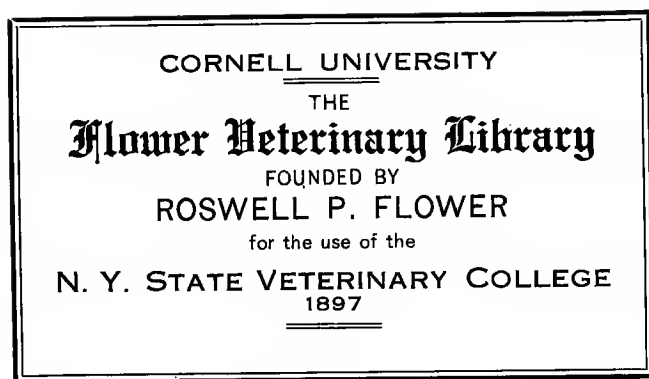


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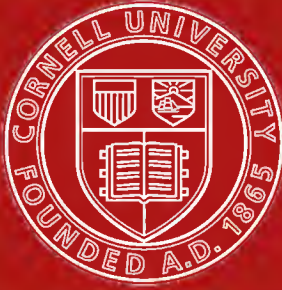


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UNITED STATES CENSUS OFFICE

WILLIAM R. MERRIAM, DIRECTOR

MANUAL
OF
INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION
OF
CAUSES OF DEATH

ADOPTED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS OFFICE FOR THE
COMPILATION OF MORTALITY STATISTICS, FOR USE
BEGINNING WITH THE YEAR 1900

PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF WILLIAM A. KING
CHIEF STATISTICIAN FOR VITAL STATISTICS



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GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

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MANUAL

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH,

As Adopted by the United States Census Office for the Compilation of Mortality Statistics,
Beginning With the Year 1900.

PREFACE.

The proper tabulation of mortality statistics requires that there shall be a fixed system employed for classifying deaths, and that causes of death reported in the same or in synonymous terms shall invariably be tabulated under the same title. This is necessary, whatever system of classification is employed, and when the tabulations are directed by many different persons it is of greater practical importance that the returns shall be tabulated according to an absolutely uniform system than that the system shall, in itself, be absolutely perfect, even if such a system could be devised.

The international classification has been adopted by the Census Office for its future reports for two reasons: The first is that it has been adopted by all of the registration states, by many of the nonregistration states, and by almost all of the registration cities for their local statistics, and as the census statistics are designed, primarily, to be of the greatest possible benefit to our own people, and to furnish comparable results, this reason would be entirely sufficient for such action if no other existed. The second reason lies in the fact that provision is made for a periodical revision of the classification based on the equitable representation of the registration offices employing it. This systematic revision will keep the classification in close correspondence with the developments of medical science, and its accurate observance between the years of revision will furnish sufficient data upon questionable points to guide to a satisfactory solution.

In putting the classification into operation it is necessary to determine under just what titles deaths reported in thousands of different terms shall be compiled. Here we may repeat what was said before: *It is much more important that deaths reported in the same terms shall everywhere be compiled under the same titles than that the assignment be absolutely correct.* Differences of opinion as to assignments should not be allowed to outweigh the manifest advantage of uniformity. Of course it is the object of the classification, aided by regular revision, to have each assignment as correct as possible.

It is out of the question for each registration official to prepare a comprehensive list, or index, of all terms occurring in the returns, with the proper (and uniform) assignment of each,

and the French "Dictionnaire" compiled by Dr. Bertillon, and the translations of the same, do not contain many hundreds of terms that are in common use in this and other English-speaking countries. Under present conditions many such terms are subject to varying assignments which affect the comparability of results.

The preparation of an "index" being the first essential in compiling the census statistics, it was determined to treat the matter exhaustively and to print a sufficient edition of a manual to supply all registration officials, giving them the fullest benefit of the work of this office.

The manual has been prepared by Dr. Cressy L. Wilbur (chief of the division of vital statistics in the Michigan department of state), medical referee in the census vital statistics, who has labored most earnestly at this onerous undertaking for the improvement of vital statistics generally. In deciding certain of the most doubtful cases he has consulted Dr. Bertillon, director of the international bureau of vital statistics, the creation of which was one of the final acts of the international commission of revision at Paris in 1900, and also some of the principal registration officials in this country, as fully as the exigencies of the work would permit, and it is believed that the result may be accepted as representing as accurate and correct a classification of the multitude of terms found in the returns as is necessary for the compilation of the statistics.

By its general employment uniformity in classification will be accomplished as in no other way, and again let it be said that **this is more to the purpose than absolute correctness in the assignment of each individual cause of death.**

If errors or discrepancies that may be noted are reported to this office, corrections will be made, and each holder of the manual will be notified. Lists of new terms, not found in the index, may be submitted and all such will be classified and filed for inclusion in the next edition.

Suggestions for the revision of the classification, with full explanatory notes, may be filed for submission to the international commission of revision in 1910. (See page 18.)

Particular attention is invited to the remarks concerning *indefinite and unsatisfactory statements of causes of death* in the certificates. There are many thousands of such cases, in a large majority of which the physicians could undoubtedly supply a more accurate statement if required to do so. A critical examination of each certificate, and an insistence that the **cause of death be properly and fully supplied before the certificate is accepted**, will add greatly to the value of the returns.

The same course should be pursued with **all other** details required by the form of certificate employed. Each has a definite purpose, and every item should be stated where it is possible to do so. The omission of any item in the return causes it to be classed as "unknown" and detracts from the value of the statistics. The items most frequently omitted are those relating to conjugal condition (single, married, widowed, divorced), place of birth, birthplace of parents, and occupation. These are of great statistical importance and registrars should see that they are given in every return.

WILLIAM A. KING,
Chief Statistician for Vital Statistics.

INTRODUCTORY.

PURPOSE OF THE MANUAL.

The purpose of this manual is to present a detailed statement of the general arrangement of the international classification of causes of death, showing the inclusion of the terms reported by physicians as compiled under each title, in a form that will render it of practical use to registration offices in this country.

The use of a classification of causes of death is imperative in the compilation and study of mortality statistics embracing any considerable number of deaths. The causes of death as assigned by physicians are so extremely numerous that it would be wholly impracticable to present them individually, and if it were possible to do this, and the causes, exactly as returned, were arranged in purely alphabetical order, the resulting compilation would be of very little use to the sanitarian or other student of mortality statistics, for he could not tell, except by a very laborious examination of the entire table, whether he had obtained the total number of deaths from any given disease or not. In other words, he would be obliged to do for himself, at a prohibitive expenditure of time and effort, what it is the province of any fairly well devised classification of causes of death to do for him.

While the use of a classification of causes of death is a recognized necessity in mortality statistics, it can not be said that any system of classification ever devised has been wholly satisfactory in all respects, nor, in fact, can it be expected at the present time that an ideally perfect classification shall be constructed. The selection of the international classification by the Census Office for the compilation of the mortality statistics derived from registration areas for the calendar year 1900 and subsequent years is based chiefly upon the fact that this action will render the data directly comparable with the individual reports of the states chiefly composing the registration area, all of which have adopted this system, as well as tend to promote the uniformity and comparability of the mortality statistics of the United States with those of other countries.

EFFORTS TO SECURE UNIFORMITY IN NOSOLOGICAL STATISTICS.

For many years, in fact, nearly since the beginning of the systematic collection of vital statistics, the great advantages that would result from a uniform and thoroughly comparable classification of causes of death have appealed to sanitarians and statisticians. Reference may be made to the account of the efforts in this direction in the International Congress of Statistics in

1853, through a committee composed of Dr. Marc d'Espine, of Geneva, and Dr. William Farr, of England, as given in the introductory text of the report of the international commission of revision. Even before this time, in 1847, the American Medical Association recommended a classification substantially the same as that employed by the English registrar-general, thus tending toward international uniformity, and in 1859 a committee of the same association, consisting of Dr. W. L. Sutton, of Kentucky; Dr. Edward Jarvis, of Massachusetts; Dr. Edwin M. Snow, of Rhode Island; Dr. Wilson Jewell, of Pennsylvania, and Dr. R. W. Gibbes, of South Carolina, reported as follows with reference to this subject:

By the appointment of this committee the association has expressed the opinion that a uniformity in the plan for registration reports—[Another most desirable feature]—and in the nomenclature and classification of the causes of death is a matter of great importance, an opinion in which this committee most cordially concur. This uniformity, upon a basis tolerably correct, is perhaps even more important than that the plan adopted should be the best, because the facilities of comparing the facts collected in one state or country with those collected in others is one of the most important ends of registration. It is earnestly to be desired that a uniformity could be established in all the countries of Europe and America, but there is at present little ground to hope that such an object can be effected. * * * But grant that no foreign country should adopt our classification, the facilities for comparing the hygienic condition of the different parts of this vast country would be immeasurably increased. This consideration is of paramount importance and imperiously requires the adoption of the measure.

The extension of registration and the adoption of uniform methods of tabulation and classification was interrupted by the Civil War, but some years thereafter efforts were made in the national board of health to bring about greater uniformity of methods. The discontinuance of this board after a few years of existence prevented the attainment of the results desired, and from that time to within a very few years little progress has been made toward the establishment of a uniform classification.

THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

In 1893, during the session of the International Statistical Institute at Chicago, Dr. Jacques Bertillon, chief of the statistical service of Paris, reported, as chairman of a committee appointed for that purpose, a classification of causes of death in three alternative forms—an abridged, an intermediate, and a detailed—which was recommended for general use in registration offices. It was not intended to be original in its principles and form, but endeavored to harmonize the features of the most generally used systems in order to afford a common basis of union.

In 1897 a report was made in its favor by a committee of the American Public Health Association, and in 1898, at Ottawa, that association formally indorsed the classification, proposed a plan for its regular decennial revision, the first of which was to be made at Paris in 1900 under the auspices of the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography, and among other resolutions on this subject passed the following:

Resolved, That the American Public Health Association recommends that the Bertillon classification of causes of death be adopted by all the registrars of vital statistics in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, as soon as the changes from the systems now in use can be conveniently made.

Resolved, That the Governments of the United States, Canada, and Mexico be requested to make this classification the basis of the mortality statistics of the censuses of 1900 and 1901.

The latter resolution, which was originally introduced and passed by the International Conference of State and Provincial Boards of Health at Detroit in 1898, shortly before the session of the American Public Health Association, may be considered as of special importance as expressing the concrete opinion of the practical registration and sanitary officials in this country, as well as those of Canada and Mexico, relative to the adoption of the international classification.

The resolutions of the American Public Health Association in regard to the decennial revision of the classification were approved by the International Statistical Institute at its session at Christiana in 1899.

The international commission of revision met at Paris on August 18-21, 1900, under the auspices of the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography, and in response to official invitations from the French Government representatives from some twenty-six countries participated in the work of revision. The discussions may be examined in the Proceedings^a and the revised classification was presented in a final report.^b

This pamphlet, which for convenience may be referred to as the "Report of the International Commission of Revision," contains the official French version of the revised nomenclature, and is the basis to which the English version conforms. Free use is made of the introductory remarks contained in it in the preparation of the present text.

In accordance with the resolutions of the American Public Health Association, the Census Office has adopted, at the earliest practicable moment, the international classification for the statement of its mortality statistics. The results of the revision were not available for use in the compilation of the mortality statistics of the census year 1899-1900, which were compiled according to the system formerly employed, but in putting the international classification into use for the statistics of the calendar year 1900, the Census Office has in fact introduced the system a year in advance of the time that it was officially recommended to take effect, namely, on January 1, 1901. It appeared expedient to do this, as we shall now have the statistics of two years from registration areas, which partly overlap in point of time, compiled according to the two systems. Comparisons of the two methods may thus be conveniently made and the data for previous censuses, compiled in accordance with the former classification, may be harmonized with the results for the census year (1899-1900) and the calendar year (1900), while the statistics for the latter year will serve as a point of departure and reference for the compilations of subsequent years under the international classification.

COMPARISON OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION WITH THAT FORMERLY IN USE BY THE CENSUS.

It has been stated that the international classification laid claim to no original or peculiar principles in the arrangement of causes of death, and as the system formerly employed by the Census Office was derived from similar sources we find, as we might expect, that there is a

^a *Commission Internationale chargée de reviser la nomenclature des causes de décès (classification Bertillon): Procès-verbaux. Paris, 1900.*

^b *Nomenclatures des maladies (statistique de morbidité; statistique des causes de décès) arrêtées par la Commission Internationale chargée de reviser les nomenclatures nosologiques (Paris 18-21, août 1900) pour être en usage à partir du 1^{er} janvier 1901: Développement des rubriques—Dictionnaire des maladies—Tableau indiquant comment doivent être classés les décès attribués simultanément à deux causes de mort différentes. Publiées par le Dr. Jacques Bertillon, chef des travaux statistiques de la ville de Paris. Paris, 1900.*

fairly close correspondence in their general outlines. This is clearly indicated in the following comparison:

International classification as adopted for statistics of the calendar year 1900.

ALL CAUSES (STILLBIRTHS EXCLUDED).

I. General diseases:

(A. Epidemic diseases.)^a

(B. Other general diseases.)^a

(Local diseases:)^a

II. Diseases of the nervous system.

III. Diseases of the circulatory system.

IV. Diseases of the respiratory system.

V. Diseases of the digestive system.

VI. Diseases of the genito-urinary system.

VII. Causes incident to childbirth.

VIII. Diseases of the skin and cellular tissue.

IX. Diseases of the organs of locomotion.

X. Malformations.^b

XI. Early infancy.^b

XII. Old age.^b

XIII. External causes.

XIV. Ill-defined diseases.

^aThese groups are implied in the classification, but are not usually expressed in statistical tables.

^bThese groups are included under "General diseases—C" of the former census classification.

^cOrder of titles changed.

Census classification as used for statistics of the census year 1899–1900.

ALL CAUSES (STILLBIRTHS EXCLUDED).

I. General diseases:

General diseases—A.

General diseases—B.

General diseases—C.

General diseases—D.

(Local diseases:)^a

2. Diseases of the nervous system.

3. Diseases of the circulatory system.

4. Diseases of the respiratory system.

5. Diseases of the digestive system.

6. Diseases of the urinary system and male organs of generation.

7. Diseases of the female organs of generation.

8. Affections connected with pregnancy.

10. Diseases of the skin.^c

9. Diseases of the bones and joints.^c

11. Diseases of the absorbent system.

12. Accidents and injuries.

Unknown causes.

While the general groups of the two systems appear to closely correspond, the several titles included under these groups may not do so in all cases; neither may the inclusions of the individual titles used in the two systems, although apparently identical, exactly agree. This brings us to the consideration of what is in fact the most important practical feature relating to classification, namely, the identity and inclusion of the individual titles of diseases used in statistical tables.

IMPORTANCE OF DEFINING THE EXACT INCLUSIONS OF CAUSES OF DEATH AS USED IN STATISTICAL TABLES.

While the general groups of diseases as indicated in the preceding comparison of the international and former United States census classifications are of some interest, the chief value attaches to the individual titles or names of individual diseases given in the tabular list. The theories under which groups are formed may change, and while this is also true to some extent with individual titles, the latter are much more stable and satisfactory as a basis of comparative statistics. For this reason a classification of causes of death should chiefly concern itself with the selection and exact definition of the titles of the individual diseases to be represented in the mortality statistics.

The titles employed by the international classification are shown at the conclusion of this introductory text, and in the "tabular list" the inclusion of each title is given in full; that is, the terms returned by physicians in medical certificates are arranged, in alphabetical order, under each title of the tabular list under which they are to be compiled. The terms thus arranged include (1) all of the terms found in the corresponding list of the French report; (2) some additional terms found in the French index of diseases ("Dictionnaire des maladies") that were not included in the former list; and (3) many additional terms derived from the 1,880,513 deaths returned to the Census Office and compiled for the census years 1890 and 1900. The assignment of the latter was required to be made for the immediate use of the Census Office, as a basis for the compilation of the statistics of the calendar year 1900, and although the task presented many difficulties from the uncertain or ambiguous character of some of the statements, it is believed that the result will be in thorough general conformity to the usage of the classification.

PRACTICAL USE OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION IN REGISTRATION OFFICES.

For the practical use of clerks in a registration office this manual consists of two essential parts:

- (1) The tabular list;
- (2) The index.

The tabular list consists of the titles of the international classification in order, each title having a definite statement of what "This title includes." The terms included are arranged in alphabetical order for convenience of reference, and many cross references are also given, as it is impossible to say in regard to any given compound expression just what terms will be looked for by the compiling clerk. The lists of terms not included, with their proper references, and also the complications given are of subsidiary importance, although occasional reference to them will be found useful.

The index contains every term found in any of the titles of the tabular list and is thoroughly cross referenced, so that a statistical clerk who looks for any significant part of a statement of cause of death, and these frequently occur in most perplexing form, will be enabled to obtain the reference to the proper title of the international classification.

As those who use this classification become more familiar with it, it will become less and less necessary to first look up the term to be assigned in the index. After a little practice only a comparatively small proportion of terms will require to be looked up, as the most common and frequently occurring cases will become familiar through use; but in case of uncertainty or doubt the memory should not be trusted, as it is absolutely essential for accuracy and uniformity that the same return shall always be compiled in the same way.

ADAPTABILITY OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION.

The list of causes usually given in the detailed international classification is not intended as an inflexible arrangement to which all tables of causes of death should conform. In fact, as originally reported by the committee at Chicago in 1893, there were three alternative forms—an abridged, an intermediate, and a detailed—either one of which could be chosen by a registration office according to its individual needs. The international commission recommended two forms, an abridged and a detailed form, but made ample provision for the insertion of any intermediate

forms desired, or for the expansion of the detailed form to meet any necessary requirements. Following are certain "decisions of the international commission" relating to this matter:

Expansion of the classification.—Titles commencing with the word "Other" can always be subdivided by a registration office when deemed desirable. (The same can evidently be done with any title, provided the relations of the parts are so indicated that the international unit can be reconstituted for comparisons.)

Titles duplicated for greater detail (see note, page 24) are to be filled out when necessary.

Intermediate classification.—When a statistical office does not wish to adopt the detailed classification, and yet does not consider the abridged classification sufficiently full, it may adopt all of the titles of the abridged classification and insert such additional titles from the detailed classification as may be desirable. In this way the statistics will remain comparable, for all of the titles presented, with those of other countries.

As an illustration of the way in which the international classification can be adapted to special conditions the somewhat condensed list of titles used for certain important tables by the Census Office may be examined (page 19). This is, in effect, an intermediate classification, but it has combined certain titles of the detailed international classification and subdivided others in a way best fitted to adapt it to the practical uses of American statistics, and to obtain results more readily comparable with the system of classification formerly in use by the Census Office. The subdivisions belonging to this intermediate classification are shown in the tabular list, but without affecting the integrity of the international titles which they make up.

JOINTLY REPORTED CAUSES OF DEATH.

This is one of the most annoying and difficult subjects, for a wholly satisfactory solution, that occurs in the practical compilation of mortality statistics. It is very common for a physician to certify to two or more causes of death in connection with a given case, which causes may perhaps sustain a certain relation to each other, as primary and secondary, direct or indirect, chief or determining, and consecutive or contributory, or be wholly unrelated so far as the statement received at the compiling office may indicate. Now, no matter how many contributory causes may be assigned by the physician, the choice of the causes of death is restricted to a single title. As stated by Dr. J. S. Billings, "All systems of mortality statistics are compiled on the principle that the number of cases of death and causes of death must be the same. So long as this is the case it is practically impossible to give a full view of the causes of death." In other words, binomial or polynomial returns, as originally made by the physician, must be forced into tables constructed on a monomial basis, and it sometimes happens that the fuller and more explicit the original statement of cause of death may be the greater the difficulty that will be experienced in the assignment to a single title of the classification.

The mere order of the terms, even when the compilation is made from the original certificates, can not, as a rule, be accepted as a satisfactory guide to the most important cause of death. Experience would seem to show that the entire statement made by the physician in regard to each individual case should be considered as a whole, with especial reference to the duration of each cause, if known, and then a judgment formulated according to certain well-established principles. Following is a translation of some remarks on this subject appended to the report of the international commission:

It very often happens that the same death is attributed by the physician to two simultaneous causes of death. It is evident, however, that this death should be counted but once. To which of the two causes should it be assigned?

Very often the answer is indicated by the physician himself. If he writes, for example, "rheumatic pleurisy" or "pleurisy resulting from rheumatism," his statement solves the problem, which now no longer exists.

We shall speak here only of cases where two diseases are returned at the same time without indication that they are in any way related.

Most frequently, in such a case, one of the two diseases is only a complication of the other. The usual custom is to charge the death to the primary disease, i. e., to the one that brings on the other.

There are still other cases. It may be that two diseases reported as causes of death have no mutual relation: nothing prevents, indeed, a person sick with cirrhosis of the liver from contracting typhoid fever, although these diseases are in no way related and neither is dependent on the other; nothing prevents him from breaking a leg and dying from the effects of this injury; nothing prevents him from committing suicide, and, in fact, his physical and mental sufferings, the pain which results from his disease, the defect which has caused it, may render more probable the fatal result. To which of such two very different causes of death shall the death be assigned in statistics? Whatever rule may be adopted, it is preferable that it be a uniform one.

Certain rules may be suggested for making the choice between two statements of causes of death reported in the same case:

RULE 1. If one of the two diseases is an *immediate and frequent complication* of the other, the death should be classified under the head of the primary disease.

Examples: *Infantile diarrhea* and *convulsions*, classify as *infantile diarrhea*; *measles* and *broncho-pneumonia*, classify as *measles*; *scarlet fever* and *diphtheria*, classify as *scarlet fever*; *scarlet fever* and *nephritis*, classify as *scarlet fever*.

RULE 2. If it is not absolutely certain (as in the preceding cases) that one of the diseases is an immediate result of the other, we must see if there is a very great difference in the gravity of the two, and classify the death under the head of the more dangerous.

Example: *Organic disease of the heart* and *coryza*.

Neither of these two diseases has caused the other, and although the coryza in a cardiac case may incidentally determine the death it is quite certain that the heart disease is the real cause of death.

RULE 3. When among the two causes of death there is a transmissible disease, it is preferable to assign the death to it, for statistics of infectious diseases are particularly interesting to the sanitarian, and it is important that they shall be as complete as possible.

Example: *Biliary calculus* and *typhoid fever*.

These two diseases have no mutual relation; they are nearly equally dangerous; therefore we should classify the death under the head of typhoid fever, because this is a transmissible disease.

The three rules preceding will be sufficient for a decision in a great number of cases. When they are not applicable the following may be used:

RULE 4. If a disease whose evolution is rapid is given in connection with another whose evolution is slow, it is preferable to charge the death to the first.

Example: *Insanity* and *acute articular rheumatism*.

These two diseases are in no way related; each is compatible with life; but, insanity having a slow evolution and acute articular rheumatism a rapid evolution, the death should be classified under the latter head.

Again, if a death is simultaneously attributed to a disease and to external violence, it is usually proper to assign it to the latter.

Example: *Locomotor ataxia* and *accidental drowning*.

The ataxia might not have caused the person's death for a long time, while drowning was undoubtedly the direct cause of his death. The social importance of a correct statement of the number of violent deaths also contributes to this decision.

If the violence is not, of itself, likely to cause death—for instance, if it has caused only a fracture, a sprain, or a dislocation, accidents which only exceptionally cause death—this rule is not to be so strictly applied. In this case the second rule is evidently applicable.

RULE 5. Finally, if none of the preceding rules is applicable, the diagnosis most characteristic of the case should be selected.

Example: *Saturnism* and *pulmonary emphysema*.

Classify the death under the head of *saturnism*.

We shall close by stating that precise diagnoses should be given the preference over vague and indeterminate ones, such as "hemorrhage," "encephalitis," etc.

By the use of the preceding rules arbitrary decisions will be avoided as much as possible.

In practice, the first rule, which is the most logical of all, is about the only one which will have frequent application. The others have been formulated only in order to prepare for all cases and to classify them methodically and uniformly.

(The table following these rules, which is intended to show the assignment of the cause of death in every instance where two causes are reported, is omitted, together with some references thereto in the preceding text.)

INDEFINITE AND UNSATISFACTORY RETURNS.

A very large number of the terms included under the various titles of the tabular list are of a more or less indefinite or otherwise unsatisfactory character. Some attempt has been made to indicate returns of this nature in the Tabular List by prefixing an asterisk (*), and it will be desirable for local registrars to ask for further information whenever such statements are received, especially when no additional information appears on the certificate. It should be understood that certain terms, although indefinite in themselves and improper for the sole statement of the cause of death, may be stated with propriety as the immediate or contributory causes in connection with a proper statement of the chief or determining cause of death.

In general, it may be said that the information required for a precise statement of the cause of death will vary somewhat according to the nature of that cause. Thus we may distinguish four general classes in this respect:

1. *General diseases.*—If the cause of death belongs to the group of “General diseases,” titles 1 to 59, inclusive, a clear statement of the nature of the disease, as “typhoid fever,” “diabetes,” etc., will be sufficient. But note that the organ affected should always be specified in deaths from tuberculosis (titles 26–34) and from cancer (titles 39–45), and the occupational character should be given in all deaths from chronic poisonings (titles 58–59). Deaths from “tumor” should always be questioned, inquiry being made as to whether the “tumor” was not a cancer, and also, in all cases, as to the organ or part of the body affected by it. Deaths from “septicemia” should be qualified as “puerperal,” “traumatic,” etc., when the cause of the septicemia can be ascertained, and definite information should always be sought under this head. “Anemia” may be an indefinite return, and the cause of the condition should be asked for; not infrequently pulmonary tuberculosis may be concealed by such a return. In general, a plain specific statement of the nature of the disease, saying “typhoid fever” when typhoid fever is meant, and not using some doubtful or ambiguous expression like “continued fever,” is what is desired, and especial pains should be taken to secure such statements on account of the great sanitary importance of some of the diseases of this class.

2. *Local diseases.*—This group includes all of the classes from II to IX, inclusive, and is characterized by the fact that a double statement relative to the cause of death should be required in each case as follows:

- (a) The nature of the disease or pathological process;
- (b) The seat of the disease (organ or part of the body affected).

A medical certificate of cause of death of any of the local diseases should never be regarded as complete until each of the above items is fully stated. Of course, both may be stated in a single word, as “nephritis,” or inflammation of the kidneys. “Pneumonia” not only indicates the nature of the disease but also its location. But such words as “abscess,” “hemorrhage,” “inflammation,” etc., are practically worthless unless it be stated what organ was affected, and on the other hand the general statement of “disease of the lungs,” when pneumonia, pulmonary tuberculosis, or other definite disease should have been named, is most unsatisfactory. Both the nature of the disease and the organ affected should be given in each case. By insisting upon a complete statement, many deaths will be properly assigned to general diseases (Class I) that

otherwise would have remained among the indefinite affections of local organs. It is sometimes important that the statement of "acute" or "chronic" should be made.

3. *Deaths from violence.*—A threefold statement is necessary to a complete return under this head as follows, giving the items in the order of their statistical importance:

- (a) Whether accidental, homicidal, or suicidal;
- (b) Cause of the injury, as railway accident;
- (c) Nature of the injury, as fracture of skull.

The statement of suicide or homicide should always be made when applicable, as deaths not so specified are usually classed as accidental. In addition to the statement of the nature of the injury, consequences resulting therefrom, as sepsis, surgical operation, etc., are frequently stated, but are not essential unless regarded as contributory causes of death. The international classification is inadequate and unsatisfactory as regards the treatment of deaths from violence, and some of the additions in the intermediate list prepared for the use of the Census Office, as shown on page 19, are designed to supply its defects.

4. *Indefinite and ill-defined returns.*—Registrars should be familiar with all terms classed under titles 177, 178, and 179, and when received as the sole statement of cause of death, return them, if practicable, for further information. The returns of this class are worthless for statistical purposes. In addition to the indefinite returns under "Ill-defined diseases" (Class XIV), the majority of the deaths compiled under "Early infancy" (Class XI) and "Old age" (Class XII) are equally unsatisfactory; these classes are in reality merely subdivisions of "Ill-defined diseases" based on certain age limits, and more satisfactory statements should be secured if possible.

In conclusion, a brief list of some of the most objectionable returns may be given, with suggestions as to the additional information to be sought in such cases.

ABSCESS. This is usually an unsatisfactory statement. The *cause* of the abscess should be given, as tuberculosis, traumatism, etc., and the *organ or part* of the body affected should be stated.

ACCIDENT. Always state the *nature* of the accident, then the *nature* of the *injury*.

AMPUTATION. See *Surgical operation*.

ASCITES. See *Dropsy*.

ASPHYXIA. This is a particularly objectionable return when unqualified. Give the *cause* of the asphyxia, whether *disease* or *external violence*, and if the latter, state whether accidental, suicidal, etc., and the exact nature of the cause of death, as by illuminating gas, gas from stove, suffocation by gas or deprivation of air in mine, etc. Similar terms are choking, strangulation, and suffocation, deaths from which causes should always be explicitly defined.

ASTHENIA. What *disease* caused the asthenia?

CANCER. Always state *organ or part* affected.

CHILDBIRTH. If puerperal septicemia, this should be stated.

CHLOROFORM, ETHER, ETC. See *Surgical operation*.

CONGESTION. This word should never be used in a certificate of death. It unfortunately forms part of two titles

of the international classification (64, 95), but unless distinctly stated as "passive congestion," inquiry should always be made as to whether "inflammation" of the organ or part was not intended. When used without qualification it is entirely worthless.

CONVULSIONS. This is usually a very unsatisfactory statement. Give the *cause* of the convulsions, which are mere symptoms that may occur in many diseases. In females of childbearing age it should be ascertained whether they were of puerperal character.

DEBILITY. Whether alone, or qualified as "general debility," "infantile debility," "senile debility," etc., this return is practically worthless. Give the *cause* of the debility, if known.

DENTITION. "Teething" is not a satisfactory statement of cause of death, but on account of its presence in considerable numbers in the actual returns a special place has been provided for it among diseases of the digestive system in the census classification. Inquiry should always be made for the *disease*, as enteritis, etc., that caused the death of the teething infant.

DISEASE OF BRAIN, LUNGS, ETC. When a mere statement of disease of a certain organ or part is given inquiry should always be made as to the *nature of the disease*.

Many returns of this class are worthless on their face, as, for example, "liver complaint," "lung trouble," "kidney disease," etc., so far as exact diagnoses are concerned. "Heart disease" is usually accepted by registrars without question, probably as the best information that can be obtained until physicians generally are more precise in filling out certificates.

DROPSY. The *cause* of the dropsy, a mere symptom of cardiac, hepatic, renal, or other organic disease, should be given. When the cause is not stated dropsy is compiled among the indefinite returns.

ECLAMPSIA. See *Convulsions*. The term "eclampsia" is apt to include cases of puerperal convulsions, hence special inquiry should be made in this respect.

EXHAUSTION. A worthless term. *What disease or injury* caused the exhaustion?

FEVER. What was the name of the fever? It is especially important to make a precise and definite return, using unmistakable terms, as "typhoid fever," "enteric fever," etc., instead of uncertain or indefinite expressions. Boards of health should investigate all deaths from "fever" of undefined character.

FRACURE. What was the *cause* of the injury? Deaths should be classified under fractures only when there is no provision for classifying under the cause of the injury.

HEART FAILURE. The use of this term is a stigma upon American statistics. It should never be accepted, but inquiry should be made whether some organic disease of the heart was intended, and if not, then for the disease that caused the "heart failure." Not infrequently diphtheria, puerperal septicemia, or other causes of death have been concealed by the ignorant or intentionally misleading use of this term.

HEMORRHAGE. From what *organ or part* of the body did the hemorrhage occur? What was the *cause* of the hemorrhage? Inquire especially for puerperal hemorrhage, and in hemorrhage of the lungs (frequently reported as "hemorrhage" without qualification) always inquire as to whether the case was not a tuberculous one.

INANITION. In some localities, this term covers a multitude of imperfect diagnoses. What was the *cause* of the "inanition"? The *name of the disease* should be given that led to this condition. The title "Inanition" (173), as given in the Report of the International Commission and in English translations among "external causes," does not at all correspond to our usage of the term, which does not usually refer to actual deprivation or starvation, but to the wasting resulting from certain diseases. It is thus merely an indefinite expression, like "debility" or "marasmus."

INFANTILE. This adjective adds no information in addition to the statement of age, and hence should not be

considered as satisfactorily defining an otherwise indefinite return. "Infantile debility," "infantile marasmus," etc., are not more definite when thus qualified. *What disease* caused death?

INFLAMMATION. Give the *location* of the inflammation and its *cause*, if known. Also ascertain whether acute or chronic.

MALASSIMILATION. *What disease* caused the malassimilation?

MARASMUS. *What disease* caused the marasmus (wasting)? This is a very unsatisfactory statement, as usually made, and is practically worthless for statistical purposes.

NATURAL CAUSES. This is a very unsatisfactory statement. What was the *disease* causing death?

PERITONITIS. Inquiry should be made for the *cause*, especially in deaths of females of childbearing age. Was the peritonitis puerperal, traumatic, etc.?

SEPTICEMIA. Inquiry should be made for the *cause*, especially in deaths of females of childbearing age. Was the septicemia puerperal, traumatic, etc.?

SPASMS. See *Convulsions*.

SPINAL DISEASE. Was this a disease of the *spine* or of the *spinal cord*? What was the *nature* of the disease? If a tuberculous disease of the spine, that fact should be clearly stated.

STILLBORN (with age indicated). A stillbirth is a child born dead. Returns are not infrequently received in which a definite age, in hours or days, is stated for a "stillborn" child. Ascertain in such a case whether the child was in fact dead at birth, in which event correct the statement of age to correspond; or, if the statement of age is found to be correct, then the child was not "stillborn," and some other cause should be substituted.

STRANGULATION. See *Asphyxia*.

STRICTURE. Stricture of *what*? It is usually of the urethra in males, but should be specified.

SUFFOCATION. See *Asphyxia*.

SUICIDE. What were the *means* used?

SURGICAL OPERATION. What was the operation undertaken for? The *disease or injury* requiring a surgical operation should be stated. It may be assumed, as a rule, that the operation was required for some disease or injury, and that it was properly performed; hence, the operation in itself should not be assigned as the sole cause of death. A similar rule applies to deaths during the administration of anesthetics for surgical purposes.

TUMOR. Was it a cancer? Whether a cancer or a benign tumor, the *organ or part* of the body affected should always be stated.

TYPHOID PNEUMONIA. Was this typhoid fever or pneumonia?

Many other indefinite and unsatisfactory statements will occur in the compilation of causes of death, and it should be understood that the designation of certain terms in the "tabular list" as unsatisfactory by means of asterisks (*) does not imply that all of the remaining items not so marked are entirely proper from a scientific point of view. Many of the titles of the classification are themselves indefinite, such as "Paralysis without specified cause," "Hemorrhage," etc., and a return may not be considered indefinite from the basis of the present condition of mortality statistics and yet be far from what the most advanced medical knowledge would recommend. A classification to be used in mortality statistics must always follow the general progress of medical science. It can not attempt to make distinctions and to insist upon degrees of accuracy that have not become the common property of the mass of the profession, nor to introduce refinements into the classification of returns of deaths that are not warranted by the general character of the returns themselves with respect to precision and accuracy of diagnosis. Hence any suggestions made in such a work as this manual are to be regarded as merely relating to the lower limit of precision, beneath which medical certificates should not fall. The most careful diagnosis and confirmation by post-mortem examinations are desirable whenever they can be obtained in settling the cause of death. It is unavoidable, under present conditions, that many certificates of unsatisfactory character should be received, but a careful examination of the certificates when presented for record, and the requirement that the most accurate information possible under the circumstances be supplied, will largely reduce the number of such cases returned.

SUGGESTIONS TO PHYSICIANS AND REGISTRARS IN REGARD TO THE PROPER STATEMENT OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

The cooperation of the physicians of the United States is earnestly desired, not only in extending the list of states that possess satisfactory laws for the registration of deaths (see Census Circular No. 71), but also for improving the character of the returns of causes of death as made. Their attention is called to the difficulties of classification incident to imperfect and ambiguous statements of the cause of death, and the hope is expressed that greater accuracy may be secured in this particular. As a beginning, it would be desirable that physicians should cease to use any of the terms designated as especially undesirable by means of asterisks (*) in the tabular list. The reasons why some of these terms are unsatisfactory may be seen in the table in the preceding section. A plain, definite statement of the cause of death in the simplest language is all that is necessary, and the physician should ask himself in each case: "Will the compiler of this death know exactly what I intended to state as the cause, or may the statement be readily understood in another sense?" If the latter, rewrite it so plainly that it can not be misinterpreted. Do not state mere symptoms, as "uremia," "dropsy," "hemoptysis," etc., when the *disease* causing them can be given.

Registrars, and especially the local registrars who receive the certificates of death immediately after they have been filled out by the physicians, may render great service to the cause of accurate statistics of mortality by calling the attention of physicians to indefinite and unsatisfactory expressions, and by endeavoring to secure the necessary information while it can be obtained. The degree of rigor with which the requirement of a satisfactory statement of cause of death may be insisted upon depends largely upon the stringency of the local legislation, but provision should be made for the rejection of returns of "heart failure" and other equally worthless statements.

All users of this manual, including physicians and registrars of local and state offices, will notice certain irregularities and inconsistencies inherent in the classification, and many terms will occur that are not even yet provided for in the tabular list and index, despite the large number of additional terms added from the census lists. Provision is made for the regular decennial revision of the international classification, and it is not too early to begin to collect data for this purpose. While it would be inexpedient to attempt to introduce any individual modifications at the present time, desirable changes may be noted for the next revision, and any suggestions which may be made to this office for this purpose will be cordially welcomed, and in due time will be transmitted to the international commission of revision. The same may be said in regard to any of the assignments of census terms not found in the French report, and any new terms not found in the tabular list or index of the present manual which have been actually reported as causes of death in any part of the country will be received with interest. In connection with the latter it will be well for the reporter to state, if the term is at all peculiar, the local use and meaning and that title of the international classification to which, in his opinion, it should properly belong.

In conclusion, a word of caution may be given as to the formation of a judgment upon the general character of the classification as compared with others upon the basis of the inclusions of the tabular list, unless a similar list is examined for the other classification compared. Many indefinite terms are found there, which to some degree vitiate the character of the statistics compiled thereunder; but the same terms would have to be arranged under any other classification, which would be defective in precisely the same degree. It is the chief merit of the international classification, as adopted, used, and periodically revised by the states and countries using it, that it plainly shows, in all the fullness of detail, just how it is made up; and hence registrars and sanitarians can take full cognizance of the plentiful element of error of interpretation that is inevitable in the use of any statistics of causes of death at the present time. The international classification is fully as satisfactory as any other classification that has ever been devised in this respect, and it holds within it, through the systematic cooperation of physicians and registrars, the remedies for many of the unsatisfactory features of all classifications.

COMPARISON OF THE ABRIDGED, INTERMEDIATE (UNITED STATES CENSUS), AND DETAILED FORMS OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

(All references in parentheses or brackets are to the detailed form of the international classification and show the exact titles corresponding to titles of the shorter lists, except as especially noted.)

Abridged classification.	Intermediate classification (used by United States Census for certain tables).	Detailed classification.
ALL CAUSES (STILLBIRTHS EXCLUDED).	ALL CAUSES (STILLBIRTHS EXCLUDED). I.—GENERAL DISEASES. (A. <i>Epidemic diseases.</i>)	ALL CAUSES (STILLBIRTHS EXCLUDED). I.—GENERAL DISEASES. (A. <i>Epidemic diseases.</i>)
1. Typhoid fever (abdominal typhus) (1). 2. Exanthematic typhus (2). 3. Intermittent fever and malarial cachexia (4). 4. Smallpox (5). 5. Measles (6). 6. Scarlet fever (7). 7. Whooping cough (8). 8. Diphtheria and croup (9). 9. Influenza (10). 10. Asiatic cholera (12). 11. Cholera nostras (13).	1. Typhoid fever (1). 2. Malarial fever (4). 3. Smallpox (5). 4. Measles (6). 5. Scarlet fever (7). 6. Whooping cough (8). 7. Diphtheria } (9). 8. Croup } 9. Influenza (10). 10. Cholera nostras (12, 13). ^b 11. Dysentery (14). 12. Erysipelas (18). 13. Other epidemic diseases (2, 3, 11, 15, 16, 17, 19). ^c (B. <i>Other general diseases.</i>) 14. Septicemia (20). 15. Tuberculosis of lungs (27). 16. Tuberculosis of larynx (26).	1. Typhoid fever (abdominal typhus). 2. Exanthematic typhus. 3. Relapsing fever. 4. Intermittent fever and malarial cachexia. 4. <i>Repeated. Malarial cachexia.</i> ^a 5. Smallpox. 6. Measles. 7. Scarlet fever. 8. Whooping cough. 9. Diphtheria and croup. 9. <i>Repeated. Diphtheria.</i> ^a 10. Influenza. 11. Miliary fever. 12. Asiatic cholera. ^b 13. Cholera nostras. 14. Dysentery. 14. <i>Repeated. Epidemic dysentery.</i> ^a 15. Bubonic plague. 16. Yellow fever. 17. Leprosy. 18. Erysipelas. 19. Other epidemic diseases. (B. <i>Other general diseases.</i>) 20. Purulent infection and septicemia. 21. Glanders and farcy. 22. Malignant pustule. 23. Rabies. 24. Actinomycosis, trichinosis, etc. 25. Pellagra. 27. Tuberculosis of the lungs. ^d 26. Tuberculosis of the larynx. ^d
12. Other epidemic diseases (3, 11, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19). 13. Tuberculosis of lungs (27).		

^a Duplicated title; see note at end of this list (page 24).

^b Asiatic cholera should be separately stated when present. Usually in the United States "cholera" belongs to title 13.

^c Any of these diseases, as plague, yellow fever, etc., should be stated when present.

^d Order of titles changed.

Comparison of the abridged, intermediate (United States Census), and detailed forms of the international classification of causes of death—Continued.

Abridged classification.	Intermediate classification (used by United States Census for certain tables).	Detailed classification.
	I.—GENERAL DISEASES—Continued. (<i>B. Other general diseases</i>)—Continued.	I.—GENERAL DISEASES—Continued. (<i>B. Other general diseases</i>)—Continued.
14. Tuberculous meningitis (28).	17. Tuberculous meningitis (28).	28. Tuberculosis of the meninges.
	18. Abdominal tuberculosis (29).	29. Abdominal tuberculosis.
	19. Pott's disease (30).	30. Pott's disease.
	20. Tuberculous abscess (31).	31. Cold abscess, abscess by congestion. ^a
	21. White swelling (32).	32. White swelling.
15. Other forms of tuberculosis (26, 29-34).	22. Tuberculosis of other organs (33).	33. Tuberculosis of other organs.
	23. General tuberculosis (34).	34. General tuberculosis.
	24. Scrofula (35).	35. Scrofula.
	25. Venereal diseases (36-38).	36. Syphilis.
	26. Cancer of mouth (39).	37. Gonorrhea (5 years and over).
	27. Cancer of stomach and liver (40).	38. Gonorrhea (under 5 years).
	28. Cancer of intestines (41).	39. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the buccal cavity.
16. Cancer and other malignant tumors (39-45).	29. Cancer of genital organs (42). ^b	40. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the stomach and liver.
	30. Cancer of breast (43).	41. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the peritoneum, intestines, and rectum.
	31. Cancer of skin (44).	42. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the female genital organs.
	32. Cancer of other or unspecified organs (45).	43. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the breast.
	33. Tumors (46).	44. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the skin.
	34. Rheumatism (47, 48).	45. Cancer and other malignant tumors of other organs or of organs not specified.
	35. Diabetes (50).	46. Other tumors (tumors of the female genital organs excepted).
	36. Anemia, leukemia (53, 54).	47. Acute articular rheumatism.
	37. Alcoholism (56).	48. Chronic rheumatism and gout.
	38. Chronic poisonings (57-59).	49. Scurvy.
	39. Other general diseases (21-25, 49, 51, 52, 55). ^c	50. Diabetes.
	II.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.	51. Exophthalmic goiter.
	40. Encephalitis (60).	52. Addison's disease.
17. Simple meningitis (61).	41. Meningitis (61).	53. Leukemia.
	42. Locomotor ataxia (62).	54. Anemia, chlorosis.
	43. Other diseases of spinal cord (63).	55. Acute and chronic alcoholism.
		56. Chronic lead poisoning.
		57. Other chronic poisonings (occupational).
		58. Other chronic poisonings.
		59. Other general diseases. ^d
		60. Encephalitis.
		61. Simple meningitis.
		62. Progressive locomotor ataxia.
		63. Other diseases of the spinal cord.

^a See note on the form of this title in the tabular list (page 38).

^b This form is intended only for tables showing deaths by sex, in which deaths of females correspond to title 42, and deaths of males would be regularly compiled under title 45.

^c Any of these diseases, as glanders, malignant pustule, etc., should be noted when present.

^d Order changed.

^e Duplicated title; see note at end of this list (page 24).

Comparison of the abridged, intermediate (United States Census), and detailed forms of the international classification of causes of death—Continued.

Abridged classification.	Intermediate classification (used by United States Census for certain tables).	Detailed classification.
18. Congestion, hemorrhage, and softening of the brain (64, 65).	<p>II. DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM—Continued.</p> <p>44. Apoplexy (64).</p> <p>45. Softening of brain (65).</p> <p>46. Paralysis (66).</p> <p>47. General paralysis of insane (67).</p> <p>48. Other forms of mental disease (68).</p> <p>49. Other diseases of brain (74).</p> <p>50. Epilepsy (69).</p> <p>51. Convulsions (70, 71).</p> <p>52. Tetanus (72).</p> <p>53. Other diseases of the nervous system (73-76).^a</p> <p>III.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.</p> <p>54. Pericarditis (77).</p> <p>55. Endocarditis (78).</p> <p>56. Heart disease (79).</p> <p>57. Angina pectoris (80).</p> <p>58. Diseases of arteries (81).</p> <p>59. Embolism and thrombosis (82).</p> <p>60. Diseases of veins (83).</p> <p>61. Diseases of lymphatics (84).</p> <p>62. Other diseases of circulatory system (85, 86).</p> <p>IV.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.</p> <p>63. Laryngitis</p> <p>64. Other diseases of larynx } (88).</p> <p>65. Diseases of the thyroid body (89).</p> <p>66. Acute bronchitis (90).</p> <p>67. Chronic bronchitis (91).</p> <p>68. Broncho-pneumonia (92).</p> <p>69. Pneumonia (93).</p> <p>70. Pleurisy (94).</p> <p>71. Congestion of lungs (95).</p> <p>72. Gangrene of lungs (96).</p> <p>73. Asthma and emphysema (97-98).</p> <p>74. Hemorrhage of lungs (99).</p> <p>75. Other diseases of respiratory system (87, 99).^b</p>	<p>II. DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND OF THE ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE—Cont'd.</p> <p>64. Congestion and hemorrhage of the brain.</p> <p>65. Softening of the brain. ~</p> <p>66. Paralysis without specified cause.</p> <p>67. General paralysis.</p> <p>68. Other forms of mental alienation.</p> <p>69. Epilepsy.</p> <p>70. Convulsions (nonpuerperal; 5 years and over).</p> <p>71. Convulsions (under 5 years).</p> <p>72. Tetanus.</p> <p>73. Chorea.</p> <p>74. Other diseases of the nervous system.</p> <p>75. Diseases of the eye and its adnexa.</p> <p>76. Diseases of the ear.</p> <p>III.—DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.</p> <p>77. Pericarditis.</p> <p>78. Acute endocarditis.</p> <p>79. Organic diseases of the heart.</p> <p>80. Angina pectoris.</p> <p>81. Diseases of the arteries, atheroma, aneurism, etc.</p> <p>82. Embolism and thrombosis.</p> <p>83. Diseases of the veins (varices, hemorrhoids, phlebitis, etc.).</p> <p>84. Diseases of the lymphatic system (lymphangitis, etc.).</p> <p>85. Hemorrhages.</p> <p>86. Other diseases of the circulatory system.</p> <p>IV.—DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.</p> <p>87. Diseases of the nasal fossae.</p> <p>88. Diseases of the larynx.</p> <p>89. Diseases of the thyroid body.</p> <p>90. Acute bronchitis.</p> <p>91. Chronic bronchitis.</p> <p>92. Broncho-pneumonia.</p> <p>93. Pneumonia.</p> <p>94. Pleurisy.</p> <p>95. Congestion and apoplexy of the lungs.</p> <p>96. Gangrene of the lungs.</p> <p>97. Asthma.</p> <p>98. Pulmonary emphysema.</p> <p>99. Other diseases of the respiratory system (phthisis excepted).</p>
19. Organic diseases of the heart (79).		
20. Acute bronchitis (90).		
21. Chronic bronchitis (91).		
22. Pneumonia (93).		

^a Exclusive of other diseases of brain, separately stated above; these are regularly compiled under title 74.

^b Exclusive of hemorrhage of lungs, separately stated above.

Comparison of the abridged, intermediate (United States Census), and detailed forms of the international classification of causes of death—Continued.

Abridged classification.	Intermediate classification (used by United States Census for certain tables).	Detailed classification.
	V.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.	V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.
	76. Diseases of mouth (100). 77. Tonsillitis (101) 78. Other diseases of pharynx (101, 102) ^a } 79. Ulcer of stomach (103). 80. Gastritis } (104). 81. Other diseases of stomach } 82. Dentition. 83. Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years) (105). 84. Diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over) (106). 85. Hernia } (108). 86. Obstruction of intestines } 87. Other diseases of intestines (107, 109). 88. Acute yellow atrophy of liver (110). 89. Hydatid tumors of liver (111). 90. Cirrhosis of liver (112). 91. Biliary calculi (113). 92. Other diseases of liver (114). 93. Diseases of spleen (115). 94. Peritonitis (116). 95. Appendicitis (118). 96. Other diseases of digestive system (117).	100. Diseases of the mouth and its adnexa. 101. Diseases of the pharynx. 102. Diseases of the esophagus. 103. Ulcer of the stomach. 104. Other diseases of the stomach (cancer excepted). 105. Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years). 105. Repeated. Chronic diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years). ^b 106. Diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over). 107. Intestinal parasites. 108. Hernia and intestinal obstructions. 109. Other diseases of the intestines. 110. Acute yellow atrophy of the liver. 111. Hydatid tumors of the liver. 112. Cirrhosis of the liver. 113. Biliary calculi. 114. Other diseases of the liver. 115. Diseases of the spleen. 116. Simple peritonitis (nonpuerperal). 118. Appendicitis and abscess of the iliac fossa. ^c 117. Other diseases of the digestive system (cancer and tuberculosis excepted). ^c
	VI.—DISEASES OF GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM.	VI.—DISEASES OF THE GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM AND ITS ADNEXA.
27. Nephritis and Bright's disease (119, 120).	97. Acute nephritis (119). 98. Bright's disease (120). 99. Other diseases of kidneys (121). 100. Calculi of urinary tract (122). 101. Diseases of bladder (123). 102. Uterine tumor (129). 103. Other diseases of uterus (127, 128, 130). 104. Ovarian tumor (131). 105. Diseases of the tubes (132). 106. Other diseases of the genito-urinary system (124-126, 132, 133). ^d	119. Acute nephritis. 120. Bright's disease. 121. Other diseases of the kidneys and their adnexa. 122. Calculi of the urinary tract. 123. Diseases of the bladder. 124. Diseases of the urethra, urinary abscess, etc. 125. Diseases of the prostate. 126. Nonvenereal diseases of the male genital organs. 127. Metritis. 128. Uterine hemorrhage (nonpuerperal). 129. Uterine tumor (noncancerous). 130. Other diseases of the uterus. 131. Cysts and other tumors of the ovary. 132. Other diseases of the female genital organs. 133. Nonpuerperal diseases of the breast (cancer excepted).
28. Noncancerous tumors and other diseases of the female genital organs (127-132).		

^a Exclusive of tonsillitis, separately stated above.

^b Duplicated title; see note at end of this list (page 24).

^c Order of titles changed.

^d Exclusive of diseases of tubes, separately stated above.

Comparison of the abridged, intermediate (United States Census), and detailed forms of the international classification of causes of death—Continued.

Abridged classification.	Intermediate classification (used by United States Census for certain tables).	Detailed classification.
<p>29. Puerperal septicemia (puerperal fever, phlebitis, and peritonitis) (137).</p> <p>30. Other causes incident to pregnancy and labor (134-136, 138-141).</p>	<p>VII.—CHILDBIRTH.</p> <p>107. Puerperal septicemia (137).</p> <p>108. Puerperal convulsions (138).</p> <p>109. Other causes incident to childbirth (134-136, 139-141).</p>	<p>VII.—THE PUERPERAL STATE.</p> <p>134. Accidents of pregnancy.</p> <p>135. Puerperal hemorrhage.</p> <p>136. Other accidents of labor.</p> <p>137. Puerperal septicemia.</p> <p>138. Puerperal albuminuria and convulsions.</p> <p>139. Phlegmasia alba dolens (puerperal).</p> <p>140. Other puerperal accidents—sudden death.</p> <p>141. Puerperal diseases of the breast.</p>
<p>81. Congenital debility and malformations (150-151).</p>	<p>VIII.—DISEASES OF SKIN.</p> <p>110. Gangrene (142).</p> <p>111. Carbuncle (143).</p> <p>112. Abscess (144).</p> <p>113. Other diseases of skin (145).</p> <p>IX.—DISEASES OF LOCOMOTOR SYSTEM.</p> <p>114. Diseases of the bones (146).</p> <p>115. Diseases of the joints (147).</p> <p>116. Other diseases of locomotor system (148, 149).</p> <p>X.—MALFORMATIONS.</p> <p>117. Hydrocephalus</p> <p>118. Congenital malformation of heart (cyanosis)</p> <p>119. Other congenital malformations</p>	<p>VIII.—DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND CELLULAR TISSUE.</p> <p>142. Gangrene.</p> <p>143. Furuncle.</p> <p>144. Acute abscess, phlegmon.</p> <p>145. Other diseases of the skin and its adnexa.</p> <p>IX.—DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.</p> <p>146. Nontuberculous diseases of the bones.</p> <p>147. Arthritis and other diseases of the joints (tuberculosis and rheumatism excepted).</p> <p>148. Amputation.</p> <p>149. Other diseases of the organs of locomotion.</p> <p>X.—MALFORMATIONS.</p> <p>150. Congenital malformations (stillbirths excluded).</p>
<p>32. Senile debility (154).</p>	<p>XI.—EARLY INFANCY.</p> <p>120. Premature birth (151).</p> <p>121. Congenital debility (151-153).</p> <p>XII.—OLD AGE.</p> <p>122. Old age (154).</p> <p>XIII.—VIOLENCE.</p> <p>123. Suicides (155-163).^a</p> <p>124. Fractures and dislocations (164, 165).</p>	<p>XI.—EARLY INFANCY.</p> <p>151. Congenital debility, icterus and sclerema.</p> <p>152. Other diseases peculiar to early infancy.</p> <p>153. Lack of care.</p> <p>XII.—OLD AGE.</p> <p>154. Senile debility.</p> <p>XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES.</p>
		<p>155. Suicide by poison.</p> <p>156. Suicide by asphyxia.</p> <p>157. Suicide by hanging or strangulation.</p> <p>158. Suicide by drowning.</p> <p>159. Suicide by firearms.</p> <p>160. Suicide by cutting instruments.</p> <p>161. Suicide by jumping from high places.</p> <p>162. Suicide by crushing.</p> <p>163. Other suicides.</p> <p>164. Fractures.</p> <p>165. Dislocations.</p>

^a Means of death employed by suicides are elsewhere stated in detail.

Comparison of the abridged, intermediate (United States Census), and detailed forms of the international classification of causes of death—Continued.

Abridged classification.	Intermediate classification (used by United States Census for certain tables).	Detailed classification.
33. Violent deaths (155-176). <i>33. Repeated. Suicides (155-163).</i> 34. Other diseases (17, 20-25, 35-38, 46-60, 62, 63, 66-78, 80-89, 92, 94-102, 106, 107, 109-111, 113-118, 121-126, 133, 142-149, 152, 153). 35. Unknown or ill-defined diseases (177-179).	XIII.—VIOLENCE—Continued. 125. Burns and scalds (167). 126. Heat and sunstroke (169). 127. Cold and freezing (170). 128. Lightning (171). ^a 129. Drowning (172). 130. Inhalation of poisonous gases (174). 131. Other accidental poisonings (175). 132. Accidental gunshot wounds 133. Injuries by machinery 134. Injuries in mines and quarries 135. Railroad accidents and injuries 136. Injuries by vehicles and horses 138. Other accidental injuries ^b 137. Suffocation ^b 139. Injuries at birth 140. Homicide (166). (176). XIV.—ILL-DEFINED DISEASES. 141. Dropsy (177). 142. Heart failure (179). 143. Other ill-defined causes (178, 179). ^a 144. Unknown causes (179). (179).	XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES—Continued. 167. Burns and scalds. 168. Burns from corrosive substances. 169. Sunstroke. 170. Freezing. 171. Electric shock. 172. Accidental drowning. 173. Inanition (starvation). 174. Absorption of deleterious gases (non-suicidal). 175. Other acute poisonings. 166. Other accidental traumatisms. ^c 176. Other external violence. XIV.—ILL-DEFINED DISEASES. 177. Dropsy. 178. Sudden death. 179. Causes of death unspecified or ill-defined.

^a Restricted to deaths from lightning. See note in Tabular List (page 103).

^b Order of titles changed. "Other accidental injuries," mostly composed of residue of title 166 not separately stated above; also includes titles 168, 171 (exclusive of deaths from lightning), 173, and residue of title 176 not separately stated below.

^c Title out of regular order.

^d Exclusive of deaths from "heart failure," and of cause given as "unknown" or entirely unspecified.

NOTE ON THE DUPLICATED TITLES OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION.

There are five titles of the international classification that may be duplicated in part when it appears desirable to do so. They are the following:

4. Intermittent fever and malarial cachexia.
4. *Repeated. Malarial cachexia.*
9. Diphtheria and croup.
9. *Repeated. Diphtheria.*
14. Dysentery.
14. *Repeated. Epidemic dysentery.*
61. Simple meningitis.
61. *Repeated. Epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis.*
105. Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years).
105. *Repeated. Chronic diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years).*

As an example of the use of such titles, according to the plan of the classification, the case of diphtheria and croup may be taken. All deaths from "diphtheria," from "croup," or from any of the synonymous terms corresponding to these diseases, are compiled under the single title "Diphtheria and croup." Ordinarily this is all that is done. If a registration office, for any purpose, however, desires to know just how many deaths occurred from "diphtheria," not including deaths from "croup," which latter were not considered or compiled at one time as diphtheritic, then a special additional statement of the deaths from diphtheria may be inserted as a new line under the former statement of the total deaths from diphtheria and croup. It is evident that the latter line will duplicate, in part, the figures of the former one.

A more convenient method, which is employed by the census, is to make a separate statement of the components of these duplicated titles, which can be added together as desired:

Intermittent fever	}	= 4. Intermittent fever and malarial cachexia.
Malarial cachexia		
Diphtheria	}	= 9. Diphtheria and croup.
Croup		

The distinction should be clearly made between these duplicated titles, as noted above, and what may be called the subdivided titles, used solely for morbidity statistics. The latter appear in the tabular list of the French report, designated by letters, as in the following example:

74 A. Hysteria. (Morbidity statistics only.)
74 B. Neuralgia. (Morbidity statistics only.)
74 C. Other diseases of the nervous system.

It is evident that when used solely for causes of death, as in the present work, the subdivisions of the above title, which were made entirely for statistics of sickness, would disappear, and we would have only:

74. Other diseases of the nervous system.

TABULAR LIST.

THIS LIST GIVES THE TERMS INCLUDED UNDER EACH TITLE OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH (REVISION OF PARIS, 1900), WITH ADDITIONAL TERMS FOUND IN THE RETURNS TO THE UNITED STATES CENSUS OFFICE FOR THE CENSUS YEARS 1890 AND 1900.

TABULAR LIST.

I.—GENERAL DISEASES.

NOTE.—This class includes diseases of a fairly definite character, affecting the whole body, as contrasted with local diseases, or those affecting some special organ or part of the body, included in Classes II to IX, inclusive. Other "general diseases" of more or less indefinite character are included in Classes XI, XII, and XIV.

(A. EPIDEMIC DISEASES.)

NOTE.—This subdivision of the class of general diseases does not appear in the French version or translations, and is inserted here merely to show the significance of title 19—"Other epidemic diseases."

1. Typhoid fever (abdominal typhus).

This title includes:

- *Abdominal fever
 - typhoid
 - typhus
- *Adynamic fever
- *Adynamo-ataxic fever
- *Ataxic, adynamo-, fever
- * fever
- *Continued fever
- Dothienenteritis
- Enteric fever
 - gastro-
- Enteritis, dothien-
- *Fever, abdominal
 - adynamic
 - adynamo-ataxic
 - ataxic
 - continued
 - enteric
 - gastroenteric
 - intermittent typhoid
 - mountain
 - mucous
 - running
 - typhoid
 - typho-malarial
- *Gastroenteric fever
- *Intermittent fever, typhoid
- *Malarial, typho-, fever

1. Typhoid fever—Continued.

- *Meningitis, typhoid
- *Mountain fever
- *Mucous fever
- *Running fever
- *Stupor, typhoid
 - Typhoid, abdominal
 - fever
- * intermittent fever
- * meningitis
- * stupor
- *Typho-malarial fever
- *Typhus (unqualified) ^a
 - abdominal

Frequent complications:

- Albuminuria
- Intestinal hemorrhage
 - perforation
- Peritonitis
- Pneumonia
- Pulmonary congestion
- Sloughing

This title does not include:

- Adynamia (179)
- Ataxo-adynamia (179)

^aThe word "typhus," unqualified, will be taken in the sense which is usual to it in each country, viz, in the sense of "abdominal typhus" in German-speaking countries, or as "exanthematic typhus" in French-speaking ones. In the great majority of cases deaths returned from "typhus," or even from "typhus fever" in the United States, are from enteric fever. Additional information should always be sought by local registrars when such returns are made, but in the absence of further information, the German practice should be followed.

2. Exanthematic typhus.

This title includes:

- Exanthematic typhus
- Fever, petechial
- Fever, typhus ^a
- Petechial fever
 - typhus
- Typhus, exanthematic

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

2. Exanthematic typhus—Continued.

Typhus, fever ^a
petechial

This title does not include:

Abdominal typhus (1)

Typhus (unqualified) (1) ^a

^aThe word "typhus," unqualified, will be taken in the sense which is usual to it in each country, viz, in the sense of "abdominal typhus" in German-speaking countries, or as "exanthematic typhus" in French-speaking ones. In the great majority of cases deaths returned from "typhus," or even from "typhus fever" in the United States, are from enteric fever. Additional information should always be sought by local registrars when such returns are made, but in the absence of further information the German practice should be followed.

3. Relapsing fever.

This title includes:

Fever, recurrent

relapsing

Recurrent fever

typhus

Relapsing fever

Typhus, recurrent

4. Intermittent fever and malarial cachexia.

This title includes:

Accesso pernicioso

Acute malarial

Anemia, marsh

paludal

Ague

and fever

dumb

fever

*Attack, pernicious (*accesso pernicioso*)

Autumnal, estivo-, fever

* fever

Bilious intermittent fever

remittent fever

Cachexia, malarial

marsh

paludal

* pernicious

Chills and fever

Chronic malarial

*Congestion, malarial

Disease, malarial

Dumb ague

Estivo-autumnal fever

Fever, ague

and ague

chills

autumnal

bilious intermittent

4. Intermittent fever and malarial cachexia—Cont'd.

Fever, bilious remittent

chills and

estivo-autumnal

gastric remittent

intermittent

malarial

marsh

miasmatic

paludal

* pernicious

quartan

quotidian

remittent

tertian

Gastric remittent fever

Impaludism

Intermittent fever

bilious

Malaria

acute

chronic

Malarial cachexia

congestion

disease

fever

Marsh anemia

cachexia

fever

Miasma

Miasmatic fever

Paludal anemia

cachexia

fever

Paludism

*Pernicious attack (*accesso pernicioso*)

* cachexia

* fever

Quartan fever

Quotidian fever

Remittent fever

bilious

gastric

Tertian fever

4. Repeated. Malarial cachexia. See note on duplicated titles, page 24.

5. Smallpox.

This title includes:

Black smallpox

Smallpox

black

^aIndefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

5. Smallpox—Continued.

Variola

Varioloid

Frequent complications:

Albuminuria

Endocarditis

Meningitis

Suppuration

This title does not include:

Chicken-pox (19)

Varicella (19)

6. Measles.*This title includes:*

Black measles

*Eruption, measly

of measles

* rubeolar^a

Measles

black

eruption of

*Measly eruption

Morbilli

*Rubeolaa

*Rubeolar eruption^a*Frequent complications:*

Bronchitis

Broncho-pneumonia

This title does not include:

German measles (19)

Rötheln (19)

Rubella (19)

Rubeola (when signifying German measles) (19)

^a Although correct usage now limits the meaning of "rubeola" to German measles or rubella, the term may probably be safely taken, in mortality returns at present, as meaning ordinary measles, in accordance with the former general use of the word.

7. Scarlet fever.*This title includes:*

Albuminuria, scarlatinal

Angina, scarlatinal

*Canker-rash

* putrid

Convulsions, scarlatinal

Eclampsia, scarlatinal

Fever, scarlet

Nephritis, scarlatinal

Puerperal scarlatina

*Putrid canker-rash

*Rash, canker-

* putrid

* scarlet

7. Scarlet fever—Continued.

Scarlatina (puerperal, nonpuerperal or unqualified)

maligna

Scarlatinal albuminuria

angina

convulsions

eclampsia

néphritis

Scarlet fever

* rash

Frequent complications:

Albuminuria

Convulsions

Diphtheria

Eclampsia

Edema of glottis

Endocarditis

Hemorrhage

Paralysis

Pericarditis

8. Whooping cough.*This title includes:*

*Chin-cough

*Cough, chin-

whooping

Pertussis

Whooping cough

Frequent complications:

Bronchitis

Convulsions

9. Diphtheria and croup.

NOTE.—Diphtheria and croup may be stated separately, if desired, instead of being combined in one total. All returns of deaths from any form of angina, croup, laryngitis, tonsillitis, or sore throat should be regarded with suspicion, and local registrars should ascertain whether such deaths were not, in fact, due to diphtheria.

This title includes:

Acute laryngitis (diphtheritic)

*Angina, buffy

croupous

diphtheritic

erysipelalous (diphtheritic)

erythematous (diphtheritic)

gangrenous (diphtheritic)

glandular (diphtheritic)

granular (diphtheritic)

herpetic (diphtheritic)

* infectious

* malignant

* membranous

of tonsil (diphtheritic)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

9. Diphtheria and croup—Continued.

- *Angina, papillary (diphtheritic)
 - phlegmonous (diphtheritic)
- *
 - pseudo-membranous
 - pultaceous (diphtheritic)
 - stridulous (diphtheritic)
 - tonsilitic (diphtheritic)
- *
 - toxic
- *Bronchitis, pseudo-membranous
 - Buccal diphtheria
- *Buffy angina
 - Conjunctival diphtheria
 - Conjunctivitis, diphtheritic
- Croup (unqualified)
 - diphtheritic
 - membranous
 - pseudo-
 - spasmodic (diphtheritic)
 - stridulous (diphtheritic)
- Croupous angina
- Cutaneous diphtheria
- *Cynanche
 - *
 - malignant
 - tonsillaris (diphtheritic)
- Diphtheria
 - buccal
 - conjunctival
 - cutaneous
 - of conjunctiva
 - larynx
 - mouth
 - skin
 - wound
- Diphtheritic angina
 - conjunctivitis
 - croup
 - distemper of throat
 - laryngitis
 - acute
 - ophthalmia
 - paralysis
 - tonsilitis
- Diphtheritis
- Distemper of throat (diphtheritic)
- Gangrene of throat (diphtheritic)
- *Gangrenous sore throat
- *Infectious angina
- Laryngitis, diphtheritic
 - acute
 - edema of (diphtheritic)
 - edematous (diphtheritic)
 - erysipelatous (diphtheritic)

9. Diphtheria and croup—Continued.

- *Laryngitis, membranous
 - phlegmonous (diphtheritic)
- *
 - malignant
 - stridulous (diphtheritic)
 - ulcerative (diphtheritic)
- Larynx, diphtheria of
 - inflammation of (diphtheritic)
 - ulceration of (diphtheritic)
- *Malignant angina
 - *
 - cynanche
 - laryngitis
 - sore throat
- *Membranous angina
 - *
 - croup
 - laryngitis
 - pseudo-, angina
 - bronchitis
 - laryngitis
- Mouth, diphtheria of
- Ophthalmia (diphtheritic)
- Paralysis (diphtheritic)
- *Pseudo-membranous angina
 - *
 - bronchitis
 - croup
 - laryngitis
- *Putrid sore throat
- Skin, diphtheria of
- *Sore throat, gangrenous
 - *
 - malignant
 - putrid
- *Throat, distemper of (diphtheritic)
 - gangrene of (diphtheritic)
- *
 - gangrenous sore
 - inflammation of (diphtheritic)
- *
 - malignant sore
 - mortification of (diphtheritic)
 - paralysis of (diphtheritic)
- *
 - putrid sore
 - sore (diphtheritic)
 - ulcer of (diphtheritic)
 - ulceration of (diphtheritic)
- Tonsil, angina of (diphtheritic)
 - ulcer of (diphtheritic)
- Tonsilitic angina (diphtheritic)
- Tonsilitis (diphtheritic)
 - ulcerative (diphtheritic)
- Tonsillaris, cynanche (diphtheritic)
- *Toxic angina
- Wound, diphtheria of
- Frequent complications:*
 - Albuminuria

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

9. Diphtheria and croup—Continued.

Paralysis
Pneumonia

This title does not include:

False croup (88)
*Spasmodic croup (88)
Stridulous croup (88)

9. Repeated. Diphtheria. See note on duplicated titles, page 24.**10. Influenza.**

This title includes:

Bronchitis, due to grip
grippal
Broncho-pneumonia, due to grip
grippal

Epizootic
Grip, bronchitis due to
pneumonia due to
Grippal bronchitis
broncho-pneumonia
pneumonia

Grip (or grippe)
Influenza
La grippe
Pneumonia, due to grip
grippal

11. Miliary fever.

This title includes:

Fever, miliary
Miliary fever
Sudor
Sweating fever
sickness

12. Asiatic cholera.

This title includes:

Asiatic cholera

*Cholera^a

Asiatic
* epidemic^a
Indian

*Epidemic cholera
Indian cholera

^a "Cholera," unqualified, is returned in the United States as simply a careless equivalent of *cholera morbus*, and should be so compiled (13). In places where true Asiatic cholera occurs, or during an epidemic of Asiatic cholera in the United States, it should be classed under the title above (12). See note under the following title.

13. Cholera nostras.

This title includes:

*Bilious cholera
*Cholera^b
* bilious

13. Cholera nostras—Continued

Cholera morbus^b

nostras

* spasmodic
sporadic

Cholericform diarrhea
enteritis

* typhus

*Cholericine

Diarrhea, cholericform
epidemic

Enteritis, cholericform

Epidemic diarrhea

Morbus, cholera^b

Nostras, cholera

*Spasmodic cholera

Sporadic cholera

*Typhus, cholericform

This title does not include:

Antimonial cholera (175)

Cholera infantum (105 or 106)

Hernial cholera (108)

^b The word "cholera morbus" will be taken in its ordinary significance in each country, as in the sense of "cholera nostras" in North America, and as "Asiatic cholera" in France and other countries. See reference to "cholera" under (12).

14. Dysentery.

This title includes:

Acute dysentery
Amebic dysentery
Bilious dysentery
Bloody flux
Chinese dysentery
Cholericform dysentery
Chronic dysentery
Dysentery

acute

amebic

bilious

Chinese

cholericform

chronic

epidemic

* typhoid

Epidemic dysentery

Flux

bloody

*Typhoid dysentery

14. Repeated. Epidemic dysentery. See note on duplicated titles, page 24.

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

15. Bubonic plague.*This title includes:*

Bubonic plague
Pest
Plague
 bubonic

16. Yellow fever.*This title includes:*

Amarilla fever
Black vomit
Febris flava
Fever, amarilla
 hemogastric
 yellow
Flava, febris
Hemogastric fever
Vomit, black
Vomito negro
Yellow fever

17. Leprosy.*This title includes:*

Anesthetic leprosy
Elephantiasis graecorum
Graecorum, elephantiasis
Leprosy
 anesthetic
 tuberculous
Tuberculous leprosy

This title does not include:

Elephantiasis Arabum (145)
Morvan's disease (63)
Syringomyelitis (63)

18. Erysipelas.*This title includes:*

Erysipelas
 gangrenous ^a
 medical
 of face
 head
 phlegmonous ^a
 surgical
 traumatic
Face, erysipelas of
Fire, Saint Anthony's
Gangrenous erysipelas ^a
Head, erysipelas of
Medical erysipelas
Phlegmonous erysipelas ^a
Saint Anthony's fire

18. Erysipelas—Continued.

Surgical erysipelas

Traumatic erysipelas

^a "Gangrenous or phlegmonous erysipelas" appeared in the inclusion of erysipelas in the Bertillon classification prior to the international revision. In the Report of Proceedings, p. 97, it is stated that "erysipelas, according to prior decision (p. 24), is classed among the general diseases," but examination of the text at that place shows no evidence that any change was made in the inclusion of the term. Hence the "*Dictionnaire*" of the Revised Classification may be in error in referring these terms to Abscess (144), which appears the more likely from the fact that the "*Dictionnaire*" of the last edition prior to revision refers the terms to Gangrene (by error) instead of to Erysipelas according to the text, and the text of the first edition places them under Abscess instead of under Erysipelas, as in the text that was revised at Paris.

The appropriate place of compilation seems to be under Erysipelas, whose inclusion ("all medical or surgical erysipelas without regard to seat") seems to be sufficiently comprehensive, and this will probably agree with the practice of American registrars generally.

19. Other epidemic diseases.

NOTE.—In case epidemics arise, special provisional titles may be adopted to designate them. These may be denoted by subdivisions of the title by letter, as "19a," "19b," "19c," etc.

This title includes:

Acrodynia
Beri-beri
Chicken-pox
Cowpox
*Cynanche, parotid
*Disease, epidemic (not elsewhere included)
* zymotic
*Epidemic
* disease (not elsewhere included)
* rose rash
*Eruptive fever
*Exanthematic fever
*Fever, eruptive
* exanthematic
German measles
Kinepox
Measles, German
Mumps
*Parotid cynanche
Pox, chicken
 cow
 kine
Rash, rose
* epidemic
*Roseola
*Rose rash
* epidemic
Rötheln
Rubella
*Rubeola (when signifying German measles)^c

^a Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

19. Other epidemic diseases—Continued.

Varicella

*Zymotic disease

*This title does not include:*Epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis (61)
dysentery (14)

*See note under measles (6)

(B. OTHER GENERAL DISEASES.)**20. Purulent septicemia and infection.**

NOTE.—When "septicemia," "sepsis," or any similar term in this list is reported without further explanation as the cause of death of a female of child-bearing age, the physician should be requested to state whether the cause was puerperal or not.

This title includes:

*Absorption of purulent matter (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Anatomical wound, dissection

Dissection wound

*Fever, putrid (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* septic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Infection (unqualified)

* purulent (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* putrid (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* septic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* staphylococcus (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* streptococcus (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Intoxication, septic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Matter, purulent, absorption of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Purulent infection (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* matter, absorption of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* resorption (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Putrid fever (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* infection (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* resorption (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Pyemia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Pyohemia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Resorption, purulent (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* putrid (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Sapremia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

20. Purulent septicemia and infection—Continued.

*Sepsis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Septicemia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Septic fever (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* infection (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* intoxication (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Staphylococcus infection (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Streptococchemia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Streptococcus infection (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Wound, anatomical dissection
dissection*This title does not include:*

Infectious fever (55)

Puerperal septicemia (137)

21. Glanders and farcy.*This title includes:*

Farcy

Glanders

22. Malignant pustule.*This title includes:**Anthrax^a

Charbon

Disease, wool sorter's

Fever, splenic

Malignant pustule

Pustule, malignant

Splenic fever

Wool sorter's disease

^aThe word "anthrax" will be taken in the sense in which it is ordinarily employed in each country—in French-speaking countries as "an aggregation of furuncles" (142), and as "malignant pustule" (22) in Russia. Probably the latter rule should be followed in the United States, but inquiry should always be made, when possible, to ascertain whether "malignant pustule" was actually intended.

23. Rabies.*This title includes:*

Bite of mad dog

Disease, mad dog

Dog, mad, bite of
disease

Hydrophobia

Mad dog, bite of
disease

Rabies

This title does not include:

Sitiophobia (68)

24. Actinomycosis, trichinosis, etc.

This title includes:

Actinomycosis
Cysticerci (unqualified)
Dystoma hepaticum
Hepaticum, dystoma
Spiralis, trichina
Trichina spiralis
Trichinosis

This title does not include:

Hydatid cyst of liver (111)
lung (99)
tumor of liver (111)
lung (99)
Intestinal parasites (107)

25. Pellagra.

This title includes:

Pellagra

26. Tuberculosis of the larynx.

This title includes:

Laryngeal phthisis
tuberculosis
*Laryngitis, specific
tuberculous
Larynx, tuberculosis of
Phthisis, laryngeal
*Specific laryngitis
Tuberculosis, laryngeal
of larynx
Tuberculous laryngitis

27. Tuberculosis of the lungs.

This title includes:

Acute phthisis
tuberculosis
*Bacillary bronchitis
* pneumonia
*Bacillosis
*Bronchitis, bacillary
* granular
* heteroplasic
* neoplastic
* specific
tuberculosis
*Caseous pneumonia
*Cavity, pulmonary
Chronic phthisis
tuberculosis
Consumption
of lung
pulmonary

27. Tuberculosis of the lungs—Continued.

Consumption, scrofulous

- *Diathesis, tuberculous
- *Disease, tuberculous (undefined)
 - Florida, phthisis
 - Galloping phthisis
 - tuberculosis
- *Granular bronchitis
- *
 - pneumonia
- *Granulation of lung
- *Granulia
- Hemoptysis, tuberculous
- *Heteroplastic bronchitis
- *
 - pneumonia
- Lung, consumption of
- *
 - granulation of
 - tuberculosis of
- Miliary tuberculosis
- *Neoplastic bronchitis
- *
 - pneumonia

Phthisis

- acute
- chronic
- florida
- galloping
- pulmonalis
- pulmonary

- *Phymatosis
- *Phymia
- Pleurisy, tuberculous
- *Pneumonia, bacillary
- * caseous
- * granular
- * heteroplastic
- * neoplastic
- * tuberculous

- *Pneumophymia
- Pulmonalis, phthisis
- *Pulmonary cavity
 - consumption
 - phthisis
 - tuberculosis

- *Pyemia, tuberculous
- *Scrofulous consumption.
- *Specific bronchitis
- *
 - pneumonia
- *Tubercle (unqualified)
- *Tuberculosis (unqualified)
 - acute
 - chronic
 - galloping

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

27. Tuberculosis of the lungs—Continued.

- Tuberculosis miliary
 - of lung
 - pulmonary
- Tuberculous bronchitis
- * diathesis
- * disease (undefined)
 - hemoptysis
 - pleurisy
 - pneumonia
- * pyemia

**Vomica* (unqualified)^a

Frequent complications:

- Hemorrhage
- Pleurisy
- Pneumonia
- Uncontrollable diarrhea

This title does not include:

- Apical pneumonia (93)
- Bronchorrhagia (unqualified) (99)
- Hemoptysis (unqualified) (99)
- Laryngeal phthisis (26)
- Pulmonary anthracosis (99)
- hemorrhage (99)

^a“*Vomique*,” not definitely specified, is referred by the French index to Abscess (144), but probably the term “*vomica*” is more correctly assigned in the English usage as above, referring to a pulmonary cavity.

28. Tuberculosis of the meninges.

This title includes:

- *Bacillary meningitis
- *Basilar meningitis
- * purulent
- *Brain, consumption of
 - tuberculosis of
- *Caseous meningitis
- *Consumption of brain
- *Granular meningitis
- *Heteroplasic meningitis
 - Meningeal tuberculosis
 - Meninges, tuberculosis of
- *Meningitis, bacillary
 - basilar
 - caseous
 - granular
 - heteroplasic
 - miliary
 - neoplasic
 - purulent basilar
 - specific
 - spinal tuberculous
 - tuberculous

Miliary meningitis

28. Tuberculosis of the meninges—Continued.

- *Neoplastic meningitis
- *Purulent basilar meningitis
- *Specific meningitis
 - Spinal cord, meningitis of, tuberculous
 - meningitis, tuberculous
- Tuberculosis, meningeal
 - of brain
 - meninges
- Tuberculous meningitis
 - of spinal cord

This title does not include:

- Meningitis (unqualified), even for infants of early age (61)

29. Abdominal tuberculosis.

This title includes:

- Abdominal tuberculosis
- *Bacillary peritonitis
- *Bowels, consumption of
 - tuberculosis of
- *Consumption of bowels
- *Disease, mesenteric
 - of mesenteric gland
- Enteritis, tuberculous
- *Gland, mesenteric, disease of
- *Granular peritonitis
- *Mesenteric disease
 - gland, disease of
- *Mesenterica, tabes
 - Peritoneal tuberculosis
 - Peritoneum, tuberculosis of
- *Peritonitis, bacillary
 - granular
 - specific
 - tuberculous
- *Specific peritonitis
- *Tabes mesenterica
 - Tuberculosis, abdominal
 - of bowels
 - peritoneum
 - peritoneal
 - Tuberculous enteritis
 - peritonitis

30. Pott's disease.

This title includes:

- *Abscess, lumbar
- * psoas
- * spinal
- *Arthritis, poly-, vertebral
- *Backbone, disease of
- *Caries of spine

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

30. Pott's disease—Continued.

- *Caries of vertebrae
- * vertebral
- *Disease of backbone
- * spine
- * vertebrae
- Pott's
- * vertebral
- *Lumbar abscess
- *Necrosis of spine
- *Polyarthritis, vertebral
- Pott's disease
- *Psoas abscess
- *Spinal abscess
- *Spine, caries of
- * disease of
- * necrosis of
- *Spondylitis
- *Vertebrae, caries of
- * disease of
- *Vertebral caries
- * disease
- * polyarthritis

Frequent complications:

- Abscess by congestion
- Cold abscess
- Paraplegia

31. Cold abscess, abscess by congestion.

NOTE.—“Cold abscess” is seldom returned, and “abscess by congestion” will hardly be found at all in certificates of death made out by English-speaking physicians. It would seem preferable to change the title to “tuberculous abscess” as in the condensed list.

This title includes:

- *Abscess by congestion
- * cold
- * of bone
- * ossifluent
- *Bone, abscess of
- *Cold abscess
- *Congestion, abscess by
- *Ossifluent abscess

32. White swelling.*This title includes:*

- *Abscess of hip
- *Coxalgia
- *Coxarius, morbus
- *Disease of hip-joint
- *Fungous growth of joints
- * tumor of knee
- *Growth, fungous, of joints
- *Hip, abscess of

32. White swelling—Continued.

- *Hip-joint, disease of
- tuberculosis of
- *Joint, hip-, disease of
- tuberculosis of
- tuberculosis of
- *Knee, fungous tumor of
- *Morbus coxarius
- *Scapalgia
- Swelling, white
- Tuberculosis of hip-joint
- joint
- *Tumor, fungous, of knee
- white
- White tumor
- swelling

33. Tuberculosis of other organs.*This title includes:*

- *Abscess, bacillary
- Adenitis, tuberculous
- *Bacillary abscess
- Bone, tuberculosis of
- *Consumption of liver
- * uterus
- Cystitis, tuberculous
- Esthiomene
- Eye, tuberculosis of
- Femur, tuberculous ostitis of
- Glands, lymph, tuberculosis of
- *Liver, consumption of
- tuberculosis of
- Lupus
- Lymphadenitis, tuberculous
- Lymphangitis, tuberculous
- Lymph glands, tuberculosis of
- Nephritis, tuberculous
- Ocular tuberculosis
- Osseous tuberculosis
- Ostitis of femur, tuberculous
- Ovary, tuberculosis of
- Penis, tuberculosis of
- Prostate, tuberculosis of
- Prostatitis, tuberculous
- Skin, tuberculosis of
- Testicle, tuberculosis of
- Tuberculosis of bone
- eye
- liver
- lymph glands
- ovary
- penis
- prostate

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

33. Tuberculosis of other organs—Continued.

- Tuberculosis of skin
 - testicle
 - ocular
 - osseous
- Tuberculous adenitis
 - cystitis
 - lymphadenitis
 - lymphangitis
 - nephritis
 - ostitis of femur
 - prostatitis
 - ulcer
- *Ulcer, tuberculous
- *Uterus, consumption of

34. General tuberculosis.

NOTE.—Cases of tuberculosis appearing simultaneously in any two or more organs should be classed under this title. As a practical rule of compilation American registrars would generally prefer to class pulmonary tuberculosis, associated with tuberculosis of any other organ, under (27) rather than (34).

This title includes:

- General tuberculosis
- Generalized tuberculosis
- Tuberculosis, general
- generalized

35. Scrofula.

NOTE.—This title, with all of the terms included under it, may be considered unsatisfactory. The use of the term "scrofula" should be discouraged, and inquiry should always be made as to whether the disease was not tuberculous. However, see letter from Dr. John Tatbam, of the English Registrar-General's Office, in *Lancet* for May 31, 1902 (page 1560), showing necessity for its present retention in classification.

This title includes:

- *Abscess, scrofulous
- *Adenitis, scrofulous
- *Bubo, scrofulous
- *Evil, King's
- *King's evil
- *Lymphatism
- *Scrofula
- *Scrofulides
- *Scrofulosis
- * universal
- *Scrofulous abscess
- * adenitis
- * ulcer
- *Struma
- *Ulcer, scrofulous
- *Universal scrofulosis

This title does not include:

- Lymphatic blepharitis (75)
- Scrofulous blepharitis (75)

35. Scrofula—Continued.

- Scrofulous conjunctivitis (75)
- keratitis (75)

36. Syphilis.

NOTE.—Chancroid and some of its synonyms are included under this title, a separate statement being made only for morbidity statistics.

This title includes:

- Angina, syphilitic
- Brain, gumma of
- Bubo of soft chancre
 - phagedenic
 - syphilitic
- * venereal
- * virulent
- Caries, syphilitic
- Cerebral syphilis
- *Chancre (unqualified)
 - hard
 - indurated
- * infecting
 - of face
 - mouth
 - phagedenic
 - simple
 - soft
 - bubo of
 - syphilitic
- *Chancrelle
- Chancroid
- Coryza, syphilitic
- *Disease, venereal
- Encephalopathia, syphilitic
- Esophagus, stricture of, syphilitic
- Exostosis, syphilitic
- Face, chancre of
- Gumma
 - of brain
- Hard chancre
- Hepatitis, syphilitic
- Hereditary syphilis
- Indurated chancre
- *Infecting chancre
 - Iritis, specific
 - syphilitic
 - Laryngitis, syphilitic
 - Lichen, specific
 - syphilitic
- Lues
- Mouth, chancre of
- New-born, syphilides of
- *Osteocopic pains

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

36. Syphilis.—Continued.

- *Pains, osteocopic
- Papulae, syphilitic
- Pemphigus, syphilitic
- Perforation, syphilitic (of any organ)
- *Phagedenic bubo
- * chancre
- *Pox
- Rupia
- Sarcocoele, syphilitic
- Simple chancre
- Siphilis (see syphilis)
- Soft chancre
 - bubo of
- Specific iritis
 - lichen
- Spinal syphilis
- Stricture of esophagus, syphilitic
- Syphilides
 - of new-born
- Syphilis
 - cerebral
 - hereditary
 - spinal
- Syphilitic angina
 - bubo
 - caries
 - chancre
 - coryza
 - encephalopathia
 - exostosis
 - hepatitis
 - iritis
 - laryngitis
 - lichen
 - papulae
 - pemphigus
 - perforation (of any organ)
 - sarcocoele
 - stricture of esophagus
- Syphilitic tubercle
 - ulcer
- Tubercle, syphilitic
- Ulcer, syphilitic
- *Venereal bubo
- * disease
- *Virulent bubo

This title does not include:

- Bubo (unqualified) (144)
- Plague bubo (15)
- Scrofulous bubo (35)
- Suppurating bubo (144)

37. Gonorrhea (5 years and over).

NOTE.—This title includes all deaths from gonorrheal infection of persons aged 5 years or over. All deaths from the causes specified occurring in infants or children under 5 years of age should be compiled under the following title (38). The exact age limit is given in the title instead of the indefinite word "adult" of the original.

This title includes:

- *Ardor urinæ (5 years and over)
 - Arthritis, blenorrhagic (5 years and over)
 - gonorrheal (5 years and over)
 - Balanitis (5 years and over)
 - Balanoposthitis (5 years and over)
 - Balanorrhagia (5 years and over)
 - Blenorrhagia (5 years and over)
 - Blenorrhagic arthritis (5 years and over)
 - bubo (5 years and over)
 - conjunctivitis (5 years and over)
 - cystitis (5 years and over)
 - ophthalmia (5 years and over)
 - orchitis (5 years and over)
 - rheumatism (5 years and over)
- Blenorrhea (5 years and over)
- Bubo, blenorrhagic (5 years and over)
 - gonorrheal (5 years and over)
- Clap (5 years and over)
- Conjunctivitis, blenorrhagic (5 years and over)
 - gonorrheal (5 years and over)
 - purulent (5 years and over)
- Cystitis, blenorrhagic (5 years and over)
 - gonorrheal (5 years and over)
- Drop, military (5 years and over)
- Gonococcus infection (5 years and over)
- Gonorrhea (5 years and over)
- Gonorrheal arthritis (5 years and over)
 - bubo (5 years and over)
 - conjunctivitis (5 years and over)
 - cystitis (5 years and over)
 - disease (5 years and over)
 - ophthalmia (5 years and over)
 - rheumatism (5 years and over)
 - vulvitis (5 years and over)
- Gout, military (5 years and over)
- Infection, gonococcus (5 years and over)
- Military drop (5 years and over)
 - gout (5 years and over)
- Ophthalmia, blenorrhagic (5 years and over)
 - gonorrheal (5 years and over)
- Orchitis, blenorrhagic (5 years and over)
- Posthitis, balano- (5 years and over)
- Purulent conjunctivitis (5 years and over)
- Rheumatism, blenorrhagic (5 years and over)
 - gonorrheal (5 years and over)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

37. Gonorrhea (5 years and over)—Continued.

- *Urethritis (5 years and over)
- *Urinæ, ardor (5 years and over)
- *Vaginitis (5 years and over)
- *Vulvitis, gonorrheal (5 years and over)

Frequent complications:

- Adenitis
- Bubo
- Cystitis
- Orchitis

This title does not include:

- Vaginalitis (126)
- Vaginismus (132)

38. Gonorrhea (under 5 years).

NOTE.—Deaths from the specified causes at 5 years of age and upward should be classed under (37). The exact age limit is given in the title instead of the indefinite word "infant" or "child."

This title includes:

- *Ardor urinæ (under 5 years)
- Arthritis, blenorrhagic (under 5 years)
gonorrheal (under 5 years)
- Balanitis (under 5 years)
- Balanoposthitis (under 5 years)
- Balanorrhagia (under 5 years)
- Blenorrhagia (under 5 years)
- Blenorrhagic arthritis (under 5 years)
bubo (under 5 years)
- Blenorrhagic conjunctivitis (under 5 years)
cystitis (under 5 years)
ophthalmia (under 5 years)
orchitis (under 5 years)
rheumatism (under 5 years)
- Blenorrhea (under 5 years)
- Bubo, blenorrhagic (under 5 years)
gonorrheal (under 5 years)
- Clap (under 5 years)
- Conjunctivitis, blenorrhagic (under 5 years)
gonorrheal (under 5 years)
purulent (under 5 years)
- Cystitis, blenorrhagic (under 5 years)
gonorrheal (under 5 years)
- Drop, military (under 5 years)
- Gonococcus infection (under 5 years)
- Gonorrhea (under 5 years)
- Gonorrheal arthritis (under 5 years)
bubo (under 5 years)
conjunctivitis (under 5 years)
cystitis (under 5 years)
disease (under 5 years)
ophthalmia (under 5 years)
rheumatism (under 5 years)

38. Gonorrhea (under 5 years)—Continued.

- Gonorrheal vulvitis (under 5 years)
- Gout, military (under 5 years)
- Infection, gonococcus (under 5 years)
- Military drop (under 5 years)
gout (under 5 years)
- Ophthalmia, blenorrhagic (under 5 years)
gonorrheal (under 5 years)
- Orchitis, blenorrhagic (under 5 years)
- Posthitis, balano- (under 5 years)
- Purulent conjunctivitis (under 5 years)
- Rheumatism, blenorrhagic (under 5 years)
gonorrheal (under 5 years)
- *Urethritis (under 5 years)
- *Urinæ, ardor (under 5 years)
- *Vaginitis (under 5 years)
- *Vulvitis, gonorrheal (under 5 years)

Frequent complications:

- Adenitis
- Bubo
- Cystitis
- Orchitis

39. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the buccal cavity.*This title includes:*

- Cancer of buccal cavity
 - jaw
 - lip
 - maxilla
 - mouth
 - parotid gland
 - tongue
 - tonsil
 - velum of palate
- smoker's
 - Cavity, buccal, cancer of
 - Gland, parotid, cancer of
 - Jaw, cancer of
 - Lip, cancer of
 - Maxilla, cancer of
 - Mouth, cancer of
 - Palate, cancer of velum of
soft, sarcoma of
 - Parotid gland, cancer of
 - Sarcoma of soft palate
 - Smoker's cancer
 - Soft palate, sarcoma of
 - Tongue, cancer of
 - Tonsil, cancer of
 - Velum of palate, cancer of

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

40. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the stomach and liver.*This title includes:*

Cancer, hepatic
 of cardia
 esophagus
 liver
 pylorus
 stomach
 Carcinoma, gastro-
 ventriculi

Cardia, cancer of
 Esophagus, cancer of

*Gastric tumor
 Gastro-carcinoma
 Hepatic cancer
 Liver, cancer of
 scirrhous of

*Neoplasm of stomach
 *Neoplastic tumor of stomach

Pylorus, cancer of
 scirrhous of

Scirrhous of liver
 pylorus
 stomach

Stomach, cancer of
 * heteromorphic tumor of
 * neoplasm of
 * neoplastic tumor of
 scirrhous of
 * tumor of

*Tumor, gastric
 * heteromorphic, of stomach
 * neoplastic, of stomach
 * of stomach

Ventriculi, carcinoma

This title does not include:

Hematemesis (104)

41. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the peritoneum, intestines, and rectum.*This title includes:*

Anus, cancer of
 Bowels, scirrhous of
 Cancer of anus
 colon
 intestines
 peritoneum
 rectum
 Cancerous peritonitis

41. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the peritoneum, etc.—Continued.

Colon, cancer of
 Intestine, cancer of
 Peritoneal, retro-, sarcoma
 Peritoneum, cancer of
 Peritonitis, cancerous
 Rectum, cancer of
 scirrhous of
 Retro-peritoneal sarcoma
 Sarcoma, retro-peritoneal
 Scirrhous of bowels
 rectum

42. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the female genital organs.

NOTE.—For tables with separate statement of sex, cancer of the *male* genital organs (45) may be conveniently included under this title, which should then omit the sex limitation.

This title includes:

Cancer of genitals (female)

ovary
 uterus
 vagina
 vulva
 womb

ovarian
 uterine

Genitals, cancer of (female)

*Heteromorphic tumor of uterus

*Neoplastic tumor of uterus

Ovary, cancer of

Ovarian cancer

Sarcoma of uterus

Scirrhous of uterus

*Tumor, heteromorphic, of uterus

* neoplastic, of uterus
 uterine, cancerous

Uterine cancer

tumor (cancerous)

Uterus, cancer of

* heteromorphic tumor of

* neoplasm of

* neoplastic tumor of
 sarcoma of
 scirrhous of
 tumor of (cancerous)

Vagina, cancer of
 tumor of (cancerous)

Vulva, cancer of

Womb, cancer of

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

43. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the breast.*This title includes:*

- Breast, cancer of
- * disease of, malignant
- * heteromorphie tumor of
- * malignant disease of
- * neoplasm of
- * neoplastic tumor of
- scirrhous
- tumor of, cancerous
- Cancer of breast
 - mammary gland
 - nipple
- *Disease of breast, malignant
- Gland, mammary, cancer of
- *Heteromorphie tumor of breast
- *Malignant disease of breast
- Mammary gland, cancer of
- *Neoplasm of breast
- *Neoplastic tumor of breast
- Nipple, cancer of
- Scirrhous of breast
- *Tumor, heteromorphie, of breast
- * neoplastic, of breast
- of breast (cancerous)

44. Cancer and other malignant tumors of the skin.*This title includes:*

- Cancer, cervico-facial
- of ear
- face
- nose
- skin
- *Carcinoid (unqualified)
- Cervico-facial cancer
- Ear, cancer of
- Epithelial tumor (unqualified)
- Epithelioma (unqualified)
- Face, cancer of
- Facial, cervico-, cancer
- Noti-me-tangere*
- Nose, cancer of
- Rodent ulcer
- Skin, cancer of
- Tumor, epithelial (unqualified)
- Ulcer, rodent

This title does not include:

- Esthiomene (33)
- Lupus (33)

45. Cancer and other malignant tumors of other organs or of organs not specified.

NOTE.—When a death is returned as due to "cancer," without further explanation, the physician should be requested to specify the organ or part affected.

This title includes:

- *Abdomen, cancer of
- *Abdominal cancer
- *Adeno-carcinoma
- *Alveolar sarcoma
- Bladder, cancer of
- *Bone, cancer of
- Brain, cancer of
- *Cachexia, cancerous
- *Cancer (location undefined)
 - * abdominal
 - chimney sweep's
 - Lobstein's
 - * of abdomen
 - bladder
 - * bone
 - brain
 - eye
 - cavity
 - * ganglions
 - * genitals (male)
 - * head
 - kidney
 - larynx
 - lung
 - * neck
 - orbit
 - * pelvis
 - penis
 - pharynx
 - prostate
 - scrotum
 - testicle
 - * throat
 - pulmonary
 - renal
 - vesical
 - *Cancerous cachexia
 - goiter
 - * humor
 - * tumor
 - * ulcer
 - *Carcinoma (location undefined)
 - * adeno-
 - of urethra
 - *Cephaloma
 - Chimney sweeps' cancer
 - *Colloid tumor
 - Cystosarcoma

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

45. Cancer and other malignant tumors of other organs or of organs not specified—C't'd.

- *Disease, malignant (undefined)
- *Encephaloid
- * tumor
 - Extremities, cancer of
 - Eye, cancer of
- *Fistula, malignant
- *Fungous tumor, malignant
- *Fungus hematodes
 - * medullary
- *Ganglions, cancer of
- Genitals, cancer of (male)
- Goiter, cancerous
- *Growth, neoplastic
- *Head, cancer of
- *Hematodes, fungus
- *Heteromorphic tumor
- *Humor, cancerous
 - Hydrocele, sarco-
 - Kidney, cancer of
 - Larynx, cancer of
 - Leg, sarcoma of
 - Lobstein's cancer
 - Lung, cancer of
- *Lymphosarcoma
- *Malignant disease (undefined)
 - * fistula
 - * fungous tumor
 - * tumor
- *Medullary fungus
 - * sarcoma
- *Neck, cancer of
- *Neoplasm
- *Neoplastic growth
 - * tumor
- Orbit, cancer of
- *Osteosarcoma
- *Pelvis, cancer of
- Penis, cancer of
- Pharynx, cancer of
 - scirrhus of
- Prostate, cancer of
- Pulmonary cancer
- Renal cancer
- *Round-celled sarcoma
 - Sarcocele
 - Sarco-hydrocele
- *Sarcoma (unqualified)
 - * alveolar
 - * medullary
 - of leg

45. Cancer and other malignant tumors of other organs or of organs not specified—C't'd.

- *Sarcoma, osteo-
 - * round-celled
 - * spindle-celled
 - thyro-
- *Scirrhus (location undefined)
 - of pharynx
- Scrotum, cancer of
- *Spindle-celled sarcoma
 - Testicle, cancer of
- *Throat, cancer of
- Thyrosarcoma
- *Tumor, cancerous
 - * colloid
 - * encephaloid
 - * heteromorphic
 - * malignant
 - fungous
 - * neoplastic
- *Ulcer, cancerous
 - Urethra, carcinoma of
 - Vesical cancer

This title does not include:

- Cancer of anus (41)
- esophagus (40)
- ovary (42)
- vagina (42)
- vulva (42)

46. Other tumors (tumors of the female genital organs excepted).

NOTE.—Many deaths from "tumor," especially when the return is made without qualification, are in reality due to various forms of cancer. For this reason the return should be considered somewhat indefinite, and inquiry should always be made (1) as to whether cancerous or noncancerous, and (2) as to what organ or part of the body was the seat of the tumor. It should be noted that the principle of classification is quite different from that employed for cancer, a tumor of any organ being assigned to the diseases of that organ, leaving only the residue of unassignable tumors for this title (46). All cancers, on the other hand, are withdrawn from the diseases of the organs which they affect, and included in titles 39-45.

This title includes:

- *Abdominal tumor
- *Adenectomy
- *Adenoma
 - * lymph-
- *Adenosclerosis
- *Adrenal tumor
- *Angioma
- *Benign tumor
- *Billroth's disease
- *Bleeding fibroid (male)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

46. Other tumors—Continued.

- *Chondroma
- *Cyst
 - * dermoid (male)
 - * of neck
 - * retention sebaceous
- *Cystoma
- *Dermoid cyst (male)
- *Disease, Billroth's
- *Enchondroma
- *Erectile tumor
- *Fibroid (male)
 - * bleeding (male)
 - * tumor (male)
- *Fibroma (unqualified) (male)
- *Fibroplastic tumor
- *Fungus tumor
- *Fungus
- *Growth, new (noncancerous or unqualified)
 - Grub
- *Hematoma
- *Intestinal tumor
 - Lipoma
- *Lymphadenoma
- *Lymphangioma
- *Lymphatocele
- *Lymphoma
- *Mediastinum, tumor of
- *Myoma
- *Myomectomy
- *Myxoma
- *Neck, cyst of
 - * tumor of
- *New growth (noncancerous or unqualified)
- *Papilloma
- *Plastic, fibro-, tumor
- *Polypus
- *Retention cyst
- *Sclerosis, adeno-
 - Sebaceous cyst
- *Sebaceous tumor
- *Teratoma
- *Tumor (unqualified)
 - * abdominal
 - * adrenal
 - * benign
 - * erectile
 - * fibroid (male)
 - * fibroplastic
 - * fungous
 - * intestinal

46. Other tumors—Continued.

- *Tumor of mediastinum
 - * neck sebaceous
 - * vascular
 - *Vascular tumor
 - Wen
- This title does not include:*
- Aneurismal tumor (81)
 - Cancer and its synonyms (39-45)
 - Cyst of ovary (131)
 - Hydatid tumor (111)
 - Osteoma (146)
 - Polypus, nasal or naso-pharyngeal (87)
 - of ear (76)
 - Stercoral tumor (108)
 - Tumor of stomach (40)
 - uterus (noncancerous or unqualified) (129)
 - Uterus, polypus of (129)
 - Varicose tumor (83)

47. Acute articular rheumatism.

This title includes:

- *Abdomen, rheumatism of
- *Abdominal rheumatism
 - Acute articular rheumatism
 - rheumatism
- Arthritis, rheumatic
- Cerebral rheumatism
- Endocarditis, rheumatic
- Fever, rheumatic
- *Heart, rheumatism of
 - Joint, rheumatism of, acute
 - Meningitis, rheumatic
 - Pericarditis, rheumatic
 - Peritonitis, rheumatic
 - Pleurisy, rheumatic
 - Rheumatic arthritis
 - endocarditis
 - fever
 - meningitis
 - pericarditis
 - peritonitis
 - pleurisy
- * vertigo
- *Rheumatism, abdominal
 - acute
 - acute articular
 - cerebral
 - of abdomen
 - heart
 - joint, acute
 - stomach

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

47. Acute articular rheumatism—Continued.

Rheumatism, sciatic

Sciatic rheumatism

*Stomach, rheumatism of

*Vertigo, rheumatic

This title does not include:

Arthritis deformans (48)

Gonorrheal rheumatism (37-38)

Organic heart diseases of rheumatic origin (79)

Rheumatic iritis (75)

48. Chronic rheumatism and gout.*This title includes:*

Arthritis deformans

Articular rheumatism

chronic

*Catarrhal rheumatism

Chronic rheumatism

Deformans, arthritis

Disease, Heberden's

Gout

rheumatic

Heberden's disease

Joint, rheumatism of

chronic

Podagra

Rheumatic gout

*Rheumatism (unqualified) ^a

* catarrhal

chronic

of joint

chronic

^a "Rheumatism," unqualified, in accordance with the general analogy of the classification and practice of American registrars, is classed under this title instead of under (47), where the French index assigns it.

49. Scurvy.*This title includes:*

Barlow's disease

Disease, Barlow's

Disease, Werlhoff's

Scorbutus

Scurvy

Werlhoff's disease

50. Diabetes.*This title includes:*

Coma, diabetic

Diabetes

insipidus

mellitus

pancreatic

saccharine

50. Diabetes—Continued.

Diabetic coma

gangrene

Disease, Hirshfield's

Gangrene, diabetic

Glycosuria

Hirshfield's disease

Insipidus, diabetes

Mellitus, diabetes

Pancreatic diabetes

Saccharine diabetes

Frequent complications:

Anthrax (furunculosis)

Cerebral hemorrhage
softening

Gangrene

Pneumonia

Tuberculosis

51. Exophthalmic goiter*This title includes:*

Basedow's disease

Cachexia, exophthalmic

Disease, Basedow's

Graves's

Parry's

Stokes's

Exophthalmia

Exophthalmic cachexia

goiter

Goiter, exophthalmic

Graves's disease

Parry's disease

Stokes's disease

Frequent complications:

Cachexia

Hypertrophy of heart

52. Addison's disease.*This title includes:*

Addison's disease

Bronze disease

*Brown disease

Capsules, disease of suprarenal

Disease, Addison's

bronze

* brown

of suprarenal capsules

Suprarenal capsules, disease of

Frequent complications:

Ascites

Cachexia

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

53. Leukemia.*This title includes :*

Adenitis, leukemic
 Adenoleukemia
 Disease, Hodgkin's
 Hodgkin's disease
 Leucocythemia
 Leukemia

adeno-
 pseudo-

Leukemic adenitis
 Pseudo-leukemia

Frequent complications :

Apoplexy
 Ascites
 Cachexia
 Hemorrhage

54. Anemia, chlorosis

NOTE.—"Anemia" and other terms included under this title are frequently merely symptoms of other diseases of definite character, as, for example, tuberculosis. Hence, inquiry should always be made as to the cause of the anemia, etc., if known.

This title includes:

*Anemia
 pernicious
 progressive

*Anemic fever
 *Blood, consumption of
 * drying up of
 * impoverished
 *Bloodless
 Chlorosis
 *Consumption of blood
 Disease, Griesinger's
 *Drying up of blood
 *Fever, anemic
 Green sickness
 Griesinger's disease
 *Hydremia
 *Impoverished blood
 Pernicious anemia
 progressive
 Progressive pernicious anemia
 Sickness, green
 *Spanemia

This title does not include:

Cerebral anemia (74)

55. Other general diseases.*This title includes:*

Acromegaly
 Adiposis

55. Other general diseases—Continued.

*Amyloid degeneration
 * general
 *Autointoxication
 Corpulence
 *Degeneration, amyloid
 * general
 * fatty
 * general fatty
 *Disease, general
 * virulent (unqualified)
 Excessive fat
 Fat, excessive
 Fatness
 *Fatty degeneration, general
 *Fever, infectious
 *General amyloid degeneration
 * disease
 * fatty degeneration
 *Infectious fever
 *Intoxication, auto-
 Obesity
 Polysarcia
 Steatosis, visceral
 *Toxicemia
 *Virulent disease (unqualified)
 Visceral steatosis

56. Acute and chronic alcoholism.*This title includes:*

Absinthemia
 Absinthism
 Acute alcoholic intoxication
 alcoholism
 Alcoholic coma
 delirium
 dementia
 intoxication
 acute
 chronic
 Alcoholism
 acute
 chronic
 Chronic alcoholic intoxication
 alcoholism
 Coma, alcoholic
 *Debauchery
 Delirium, alcoholic
 tremens
 Dementia, alcoholic
 Dipsomania
 Drunkenness

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

56. Acute and chronic alcoholism—Continued.

Ethylism
 Inebriety
 Intemperance
 Intoxication
 alcoholic
 acute
 chronic

Mania-a-potu

Tremens, delirium

This title does not include:

Alcoholic cirrhosis (112)
 Amblyopia from intoxication (75)
 General alcoholic paralysis (67)
 Organic diseases attributable to alcohol (under number of organ affected).

57. Chronic lead poisoning.

This title includes:

Colic, lead-
 painter's
 saturnine
 Encephalopathy, lead-
 Intoxication, saturnine "
 Lead-colic
 Lead-encephalopathy
 Lead-paralysis
 Lead-poisoning
 Painter's colic
 Paralysis, lead-
 saturnine
 Poisoning, lead-
 Saturnine colic
 intoxication ^a
 paralysis
 Saturnism

^a "Saturnine intoxication" is classed under this title instead of under (58) or (59), as in the French index.

58. Other chronic poisonings (occupational).

NOTE.—Cases should be classed under this title only when it is clearly apparent from the return that the disease was incident to the occupation. If not so specified they should be classed under (59). Physicians should make a clear distinction in such cases. Phosphorus necrosis is always to be considered occupational.

This title includes:

Acute intoxication (occupational—not alcoholism)
 Arsenical edema (occupational)
 poisoning, chronic (occupational)
 Chronic intoxication (occupational—not alcoholism)
 poisoning (occupational)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

58. Other chronic poisonings—Continued.

Edema, arsenical (occupational)
 Hydrargyris (occupational)
 Intoxication, acute (occupational—not alcoholism)
 chronic (occupational—not alcoholism)
 Intoxication, mercurial (occupational)
 phosphorus, necrosis from
 Maxilla, necrosis of (from phosphorus)
 Mercurial intoxication (occupational)
 poisoning, chronic (occupational)
 stomatitis (occupational)
 Necrosis from phosphorus
 maxillary (from phosphorus)
 of maxilla (from phosphorus)
 Phosphorus, necrosis from
 maxillary necrosis from
 Poisoning (occupational)
 arsenical, chronic (occupational)
 chronic (occupational)
 Stomatitis, mercurial (occupational)

59. Other chronic poisonings.

NOTE.—See note under preceding title.

This title includes:

Arsenical edema (not occupational or unspecified)
 poisoning, chronic (not occupational or unspecified)
 Chronic arsenical poisoning (not occupational or unspecified)
 ergotism
 * intoxication (not occupational or unspecified; not alcoholism)
 mercurial poisoning (not occupational or unspecified)
 * poisoning (not occupational or unspecified)
 Cocaine habit
 Cocainism
 Edema, arsenical (not occupational or unspecified)
 Ergotism, chronic
 Habit, cocaine-
 morphine-
 Hydrargyris (not occupational or unspecified)
 *Intoxication, chronic (not occupational or unspecified; not alcoholism)
 mercurial (not occupational or unspecified)

59. Other chronic poisonings—Continued.

Intoxication, morphine

Mercurial intoxication (not occupational or unspecified)
 poisoning, chronic (not occupational or unspecified)
 stomatitis (not occupational or unspecified)

Morphine-habit

Morphine intoxication

Morphinism

Poisoning, arsenical, chronic (not occupational or unspecified)

* chronic (not occupational or unspecified)
 mercurial, chronic (not occupational or unspecified)

Stomatitis, mercurial (not occupational or unspecified)

This title does not include:

Amblyopia from intoxication (75)

II.—DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND OF THE ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.

60. Encephalitis.

NOTE.—This title includes some terms of rather indefinite character. Fortunately such expressions as "brain fever" are now going out of use in favor of more satisfactory statements.

This title includes:

*Brain fever
 inflammation of

Cephalitis

*Cerebral fever

Cerebritis

Encephalitis

*Fever, brain

* cerebral

Inflammation of brain

Phrenitis

Poliencephalitis

61. Simple meningitis.*This title includes:*

*Abscess, meningeal

Acute meningitis

Alcoholic meningitis

Arachnitis

cerebro-spinal

Arachnoiditis, cerebro-spinal

*Brain, infection of

*Cerebral meningitis

61. Simple meningitis—Continued.

Cerebro-spinal arachnitis

arachnoiditis

fever

meningitis

epidemic

Encephalitis, meningo-

Epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis

Fever, cerebro-spinal

* spinal

* spotted

*Infection of brain

*Inflammation, meningeal

Leptomeningitis

*Meningeal abscess

* inflammation

*Meningitis (unqualified)

acute

alcoholic

* cerebral

cerebro-spinal

epidemic cerebro-spinal

lepto-

pachy-

* septic

simple

* spinal

* suppurative

Meningo-encephalitis

Pachymeningitis

Periencephalitis

*Septic meningitis

Simple meningitis

Spinal, cerebro-, arachnitis

arachnoiditis

fever

meningitis

epidemic

* fever

* meningitis

*Spotted fever

*Suppurative meningitis

This title does not include:

Rheumatic meningitis (47)

Tuberculous meningitis or synonymous terms
 (28)

61. Repeated. Epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis.

See note on duplicated titles, page 24.

62. Progressive locomotor ataxia.*This title includes:*

Ataxia, cerebral

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

62. Progressive locomotor ataxia—Continued.

Ataxia, general
 locomotor
 progressive
 locomotor
 spastic
 Cerebral ataxia
 Disease, Duchenne's
 Dorsalis, tabes
 spasmodic
 Duchenne's disease
 General ataxia
 Locomotor ataxia
 progressive
 Posterior sclerosis
 spinal sclerosis
 Progressive ataxia
 locomotor ataxia
 spastic ataxia
 Sclerosis, posterior
 spinal
 Spasmodic tabes dorsalis
 Spastic ataxia, progressive
 Spinal sclerosis, posterior
 Tabes, dorsalis
 spasmodic

63. Other diseases of the spinal cord.

This title includes:

Abscess of spinal cord
 Acute anterior poliomyelitis
 muscular atrophy
 myelitis
 poliomyelitis
 Agitans, paralysis
 Amyloid degeneration of cord [spinal]
 muscle
 Amyotrophia
 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis
 paralysis
 sclerosis
 Amyotrophy
 Anterior poliomyelitis
 acute
 Ascending paralysis
 Ataxia, Friedrich's
 Atrophic muscular paralysis
 paralysis
 Atrophy, acute muscular
 chronic muscular
 progressive muscular
 Bulbar paralysis

63. Other diseases of the spinal cord—Continued.

Bulb, disease of
 Charcot's disease
 Chronic muscular atrophy
 myelitis
 poliomyelitis
 Compression of medulla
 spinal cord
 *Congestion of medulla
 * spine [spinal cord]
 Convulsions, spinal
 Cord, amyloid degeneration of [spinal]
 compression of [spinal]
 fatty degeneration of [spinal]
 * hemorrhage of [spinal] (3 mos. and over)
 * inflammation of [spinal] (3 mos. and over)
 sclerosis of [spinal]
 spinal, abscess of
 compression of
 disease of
 hemorrhage of
 inflammation of
 * irritation of
 ramollissement of
 sclerosis of
 multiple
 tumor of
 Degeneration, amyloid, of cord [spinal]
 muscle
 fatty, of cord [spinal]
 muscle
 Disease, Charcot's
 Erb's
 Friedrich's
 Landry's
 Morvan's
 of bulb
 spinal cord
 Parkinson's
 Disseminated myelitis
 sclerosis
 Erb's disease
 Essential paralysis of infancy
 Fatty degeneration of cord [spinal]
 muscle
 Friedrich's ataxia
 disease
 Hematomyelia
 Hematomyelitis
 Hematorrhachis
 *Hemorrhage of cord [spinal] (3 mos. and over)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See pag. 14.

63. Other diseases of the spinal cord—Continued.

Hemorrhage of spinal cord
 Hypertrophic, pseudo-, paralysis
 Infancy, essential paralysis of
 Infantile paralysis
 Inflammation of cord [spinal] (3mos. and over)
 spinal cord
 *Irritation of spinal cord
 * spine
 * spinal
 Landry's disease
 paralysis
 Lateral sclerosis
 amyotrophic
 Medulla, compression of
 * congestion of
 Morvan's disease
 Multiple spinal sclerosis
 Muscle, amyloid degeneration of
 fatty degeneration of
 Muscular atrophy, acute
 chronic
 progressive
 paralysis, atrophic
 Myelitis
 acute
 chronic
 disseminated
 hemato-
 syringo-
 transverse
 Palsy, shaking
 * wasting
 Paralysis, agitans
 amyotrophic
 ascending
 atrophic
 muscular
 bulbar
 essential, of infancy
 infantile
 Landry's
 of spine
 pseudo-hypertrophic
 shaking
 * spinal
 trembling
 * wasting
 Parkinson's disease
 Plaques, sclerosis in
 Poliomyelitis, acute
 anterior

63. Other diseases of the spinal cord—Continued.

Poliomyelitis, anterior
 chronic
 Progressive muscular atrophy
 Pseudo-hypertrophic paralysis
 Ramollissement of spinal cord
 *Sclerosis (unqualified)
 amyotrophic
 lateral
 disseminated
 in plaques
 lateral
 multiple spinal
 of cord [spinal]
 spinal cord
 spinal
 symmetrical
 Shaking palsy
 paralysis
 *Spinal convulsions
 cord, compression of
 disease of
 hemorrhage of
 inflammation of
 * irritation of
 ramollissement of
 sclerosis of
 multiple
 tumor of
 * irritation
 multiple cerebro-, sclerosis
 * paralysis
 sclerosis
 multiple cerebro-
 *Spine, congestion of
 * irritation of
 * paralysis of
 sclerosis
 multiple
 Symmetrical sclerosis
 Syringomyelitis
 Transverse myelitis
 Trembling paralysis
 Tumor of spinal cord
 *Wasting palsy
 * paralysis

64. Congestion and hemorrhage of the brain.

This title includes:

Apoplectic dementia
 * fit
 hemiplegia

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

64. Congestion and hemorrhage of the brain—Continued.

- Apoplectic stroke
- Apoplexy
 - cerebral
 - congestive
 - meningeal
 - serous
 - stroke of
- Atheroma, cerebral
- *Blood, rush of, to head
- Brain, clot on
- *
 - congestion of
 - edema of
 - effusion on
 - hemorrhage on
- *
 - hyperemia of
- Brain-stroke
- Cataplexy
- Cerebellar hemorrhage
- Cerebral apoplexy
 - atheroma
- *
 - congestion
 - effusion
 - hemorrhage
 - hyperemia
- Clot on brain
- *Congestion (sudden death)
- *
 - cerebral
- *
 - of brain
- Congestive apoplexy
- *Death, sudden (congestion)
- Dementia, apoplectic
- Edema of brain
- Effusion, cerebral
 - meningeal
 - on brain
- *Fit, apoplectic
- *Head, rush of blood to
- Hemiplegia, apoplectic
- Hemorrhage, cerebellar
 - cerebral
 - meningeal
 - of brain
- *Hyperemia, cerebral
- *
 - of brain
- Meningeal apoplexy
 - effusion
 - hemorrhage
- *Rush of blood to head
- Serous apoplexy
- *Stroke (unqualified)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

64. Congestion and hemorrhage of the brain—Continued.

- Stroke, apoplectic
 - brain-
 - of apoplexy
- *Sudden death (congestion)
- Frequent complications:*
 - Hemiplegia
 - Paralysis

65. Softening of the brain.

This title includes:

- Cerebral ramollissement
 - softening.
- *Ramollissement (unqualified)
 - cerebral
- Softening, cerebral
 - of brain

Frequent complications:

- Hemiplegia
- Paralysis
- Pulmonary congestion

This title does not include:

- Senile dementia (154)

66. Paralysis without specified cause.

This title includes:

- *Brain, palsy of
 - *
 - paralysis of
- *Cerebral palsy
 - Facial paralysis
 - General paralysis (not insane)
 - paresis (not insane)
 - Generalized paralysis (not insane or unqualified)
 - Hemiplegia
- *Palsy
 - *
 - cerebral
 - *
 - of brain
- *Paralysis (unqualified)
 - facial
 - general (not insane)
 - generalized (not insane or unqualified)
 - *
 - of brain
 - senile
- Paraplegia
 - spastic
- Paresis, general (not insane)
- Senile paralysis
- Spastic paraplegia

This title does not include:

- Ascending paralysis (63)

68. Other forms of mental alienation—Continued.

Mind, unsoundness of
 Monomania
 Necrophobia
 Nosomania
 Nosophobia
 Nostalgia
 Nymphomania
 Persecution, delusions of
 Priapism
 Psychosis
 Satyriasis
 Sitiophobia
 Terminal dementia
 Unsoundness of mind

This title does not include:

Alcoholic delirium (56)
 dementia (56)
 Apoplectic dementia (64)
 Choreic dementia (73)
 Delirium (179)
 tremens (56)
 Hysteria (74)
 Paralytic dementia (67)
 Senile dementia (154)
 Uremic delirium (120)

69. Epilepsy.

This title includes:

Cerebral epilepsy
 Coma, epileptic
 Convulsions, epileptic
 Dementia, epileptic
 Disease, Hercules's
 Epilepsy

 cerebral
 Epileptic coma
 convulsions
 dementia
 insanity

Epilepticus, status
 Falling sickness
 Fits

Haut mal
 Hercules's disease
 Insanity, epileptic
Mal, haut
 petit

Sickness, falling
 Status epilepticus

This title does not include:

Epileptiform convulsions (70-71)

70. Convulsions (nonpuerperal; 5 years and over)

NOTE.—When the death of a female of child-bearing age is reported from any terms given under this title, the physician should be requested to state whether the disease was puerperal or not. Only deaths of persons aged 5 years and over are here included. See following title for deaths under 5 years.

This title includes:

*Convulsions (5 years and over; nonpuerperal or unqualified)

* epileptiform (5 years and over; nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Cramp (5 years and over; nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Eclampsia (5 years and over; nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Spasms (5 years and over; nonpuerperal or unqualified)

This title does not include:

Eclampsia (under 5 years) (71)

Scarlatinal eclampsia (7)

Uremic eclampsia (120)

71. *Convulsions (under 5 years).

NOTE.—This title includes only deaths of children under 5 years of age.

This title includes:

*Convulsions (under 5 years)

* epileptiform (under 5 years)

*Cramp (under 5 years)

*Eclampsia (under 5 years)

*Epileptiform convulsions (under 5 years)

*Spasms (under 5 years)

72. Tetanus.

This title includes:

Emprosthotonos

Idiopathic tetanus

Lockjaw

Nascentium, trismus

Neonatorum, trismus

Opisthotonos

Pleurosthotonos

Tetanus (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 idiopathic

Trismus

 nascentium

 neonatorum

73. Chorea.

This title includes:

Bergeron's disease

Chorea

Choreic dementia

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

73. Chorea—Continued.

Dance, Saint Vitus's
Dementia, choreic
Disease, Bergeron's
Saint Vitus's dance

74. Other diseases of the nervous system.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for use of the United States Census Office, into two subtitles, as follows: (1) "Other diseases of the brain," and (2) "Other diseases of the nervous system," the latter being exclusive of the diseases of the brain separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (74) both of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Other diseases of the brain.]

NOTE.—This title is separated from (74) and includes all diseases of the brain not elsewhere stated.

This title includes:

Abscess of brain
Acquired hydrocephalus
Acute hydrocephalus
Amnesia
 par-
Anemia, cerebral
Aphasia
Atrophy of brain
Brain, abscess of
 atrophy of
 compression of
* disease of
 enlargement of
 hardening of
* irritation of
* organic disease of
* suppuration of
* ulcer of
Cerebellar tumor
Cerebral anemia
 compression
 lesion
 tumor
Compression, cerebral
 of brain
Craniectomy
*Disease of brain
* organic
*Encephalopathy
 Enlargement of brain
 Epilepsy, Jacksonian
 symptomatic
 Hardening of brain
 Hydrocephalus, acquired
 acute
*Irritation of brain

74. Other diseases of the nervous system—Cont'd.

Jacksonian epilepsy
*Lesion, cerebral
*Organic disease of brain
 Paramnesia
*Suppuration of brain
 Symptomatic epilepsy
 Tumor, cerebellar
 cerebral
*Ulcer of brain
*Vertigo

[2. Other diseases of the nervous system.]

NOTE.—This subtitle contains the residue of title 74, less "Diseases of the brain" separately stated.

This title includes:

*Abuse, self-
 Amentia
 Amyloid degeneration of the nervous system
 Anesthesia^a
 Anorexia, hysteric
*Asthenia, neur-
 Athetosis
 Boulimia
*Brain, neuralgia of
*Cachexia, nervous
 Caisson disease
 Catalepsy
*Cerebro-spinal toxemia
* toxicemia
 Colic, hysteric
 Convulsive tic
 Contractures, muscular
 Cretinism
*Debility, nervous
 Degeneration, amyloid, of nervous system
 fatty, of nervous system
 Disease, caisson
 Erichsen's
* of nerves
* nervous system (undefined)
 Diver's palsy
 Douloureux, tic
 Erichsen's disease
*Exhaustion, nervous
 Fatty degeneration of nervous system
*Fright
 Gatam
 Glosso-laryngeal, labio-, paralysis
 Glosso-pharyngeal, labio-, paralysis
*Headache

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

74. Other diseases of the nervous system—Cont'd.

- *Hiccough
 - Hysteria
 - Hysteric anorexia
 - colic
 - contracture
 - Idiocy
 - Imbecility
 - *Insomnia
 - *Irritation, nervous
 - Labio-glosso-laryngeal paralysis
 - Labio-glosso-pharyngeal paralysis
 - *Masturbation
 - *Migraine
 - Muscular contractures
 - *Nerves, disease of
 - Nervous cachexia
 - * debility
 - * exhaustion
 - * irritation
 - * prostration
 - system, amyloid degeneration of
 - * disease of (undefined)
 - fatty degeneration of
 - *Neuralgia
 - * of brain
 - *Neurasthenia
 - Neuritis
 - Neuroma
 - *Neurosis
 - Palsy, diver's
 - Paralysis, labio-glosso-laryngeal
 - labio-glosso-pharyngeal
 - Pharyngeal, labio-glosso-, paralysis
 - Polyneuritis
 - *Prostration, nervous
 - Sciatica
 - *Self-abuse
 - Somnambulism
 - Spinal, cerebro-, toxemia
 - toxicemia
 - System, nervous, amyloid degeneration of
 - disease of (undefined)
 - fatty degeneration of
 - Tic
 - convulsive
 - douloureux
 - *Toxemia, cerebro-spinal
 - *Toxicemia, cerebro-spinal
- This title (74) does not include:*
- Congenital hydrocephalus (150)
 - Myxedema (89)

74. Other diseases of the nervous system—Cont'd.

- Pachydermic cachexia (89)
- Senile dementia (154)
 - gatism (154)
 - imbecility (154)
- Syringomyelitis (63)

^aNot due to external anesthetic.

75. Diseases of the eye and its adnexa.

NOTE.—The great majority of terms under this title are seldom if ever returned as causes of death.

This title includes:

- Amaurosis
- Amblyopia
 - from intoxication
- Aphakia
- Apparatus, lacrymal, disease of
- Arcus senilis
- Blepharitis
 - lymphatic
 - scrofulous
- Blepharophimosis
- Blepharoplasty
- Body, foreign, in conjunctiva
- Cataract
- Chalazion
- Choroid, disease of
- Choroiditis
 - irido-
 - sclo-
- Coloboma
- Conjunctiva, foreign body in
- Conjunctivitis, follicular
 - granular
 - inflammatory
 - palpebral
 - papular
 - pustular
 - sclo-
 - scrofulous
 - simple
- Cornea, disease of
 - perforation of
- Corneal sclerosis
- Crystallin, disease of
- Dacradenitis
- Dacrocystitis
- Dacrolithiasis
- Dacryoma
- Disease of choroid
 - cornea

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

75. Diseases of the eye and its adnexa—Continued.

·Disease of crystallin
 * eye
 lacrymal apparatus
 orbit (undefined)
 retina
 sclerotic
 Ectropion
 Entropion
 Epicauma
 Epiphora
 *Eye, disease of
 inflammation of
 paralysis of muscles of
 Filaria lentis
 Fistula, lacrymal
 Follicular conjunctivitis
 Foreign body in conjunctiva
 Gerontoxon
 Glaucoma
 Granular conjunctivitis
 Hemeralopia
 Hemiopia
 Hemophthalmia
 Hydrophthalmia
 Hypopyon
 Inflammation of eye
 Inflammatory conjunctivitis
 Intoxication, amblyopia from
 Irido-choroiditis
 Iris, separation of
 Iritis
 rheumatic
 Keratitis
 lymphatic
 sclero-
 scrofulous
 Keratocele
 Keratomalacia
 Keratotomy
 Lacrymal apparatus, disease of
 fistula
 Lentis, filaria
 Lymphatic blepharitis
 keratitis
 Muscles of eye, paralysis of
 Mydriasis
 Neuritis, optic
 Neuroma, optic
 Nyctalopia
 Nystagmus
 Ophthalmia

75. Diseases of the eye and its adnexa—Continued.

Ophthalmia
 hem-
 hydr-
 scler-
 xero-
 Ophthalmozoa
 Optic neuritis
 neuroma
 Orbit, disease of (undefined)
 * tumor of
 Palpebral conjunctivitis
 Papular conjunctivitis
 Paralysis of muscles of eye
 Perforation of cornea
 Phimosis, blepharo-
 Pinguecula
 Pterygion
 Pustular conjunctivitis
 Retina, disease of
 separation of
 Retinitis
 Rheumatic iritis
 Scleritis
 Sclero-choroiditis
 Sclero-conjunctivitis
 Sclero-keratitis
 Sclerophthalmia
 Sclerosis, corneal
 Sclerotic, disease of
 Scrofulous blepharitis
 conjunctivitis
 keratitis
 Senilis, arcus
 Separation of iris
 retina
 Simple conjunctivitis
 Staphyloma
 Strabismus
 Strabotomy
 Styes
 Symblepharon
 Synchronism
 Trachoma
 Trichiasis
 Trichosis
 *Tumor of orbit
 Xerophthalmia
 Xerosis

This title does not include:

Cancer of the eye (45)
 Conjunctivitis, blennorrhagic (37 or 38)
 diphtheritic (9)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

75. Diseases of the eye and its adnexa—Continued.

- Conjunctivitis, gonorrheal (37 or 38)
 - purulent (37 or 38)
- Exophthalmia (51)
- Exophthalmic goiter (51)
- Ocular tuberculosis (33)
- Ophthalmia, blennorrhagic (37 or 38)
 - gonorrheal (37 or 38)
 - purulent (37 or 38)

76. Diseases of the ear.

This title includes:

- Abscess of ear
 - Auditory canal, disease of
 - foreign body in
 - obstruction of
 - Body, foreign, in auditory canal
 - Canal, auditory, disease of
 - foreign body in
 - obstruction of
 - Caries of labyrinth
 - petrous bone
 - Disease, Meniere's
 - of auditory canal
 - ear
 - tympanum
 - Ear, abscess of
 - disease of
 - inflammation of
 - polypus of
 - Foreign body in auditory canal
 - Hydrotitis
 - Inflammation of ear
 - tympanum
 - Labyrinth, caries of
 - Meniere, vertigo of
 - Meniere's disease
 - Obstruction of auditory canal
 - Otalgia
 - Otitis
 - Otorrhea
 - Petrous bone, caries of
 - Polypus of ear
 - Tympanitis
 - Tympanum, disease of
 - inflammation of
 - Vertigo ab aure laeso*
 - of Meniere
- This title does not include:*
- Mumps (19)

III.—DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.**77. Pericarditis.**

This title includes:

- Acute plastic pericarditis
- Adherent pericardium
- Adhesion, cardiac
- Adhesive pericarditis
 - acute
 - chronic
- Cardiac adhesion
- Cardiopericarditis
- Carditis, peri-
- Chronic adhesive pericarditis
 - plastic pericarditis
- *Dropsy of heart
 - Effusion, pericardial
 - pericarditis with
- *Heart, dropsy of
 - water on
- Hemopericardium
- Hydropericardium
- Hydropneumopericardium
- Pericardial effusion
- Pericarditis
 - acute plastic
 - adhesive
 - cardio-
 - acute
 - chronic
 - chronic adhesive
 - plastic
 - acute
 - chronic
 - with effusion
- Pericardium, adherent
 - hydro-
 - hydropneumo-
- Plastic pericarditis
 - acute
 - chronic
- Pneumopericardium, hydro-
- Water on heart

This title does not include:

- Endopericarditis (78)
- Pleuropericarditis (94)
- Pneumopericarditis (93)
- Rheumatic pericarditis (47)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

78. Acute endocarditis.*This title includes:*

- Acute endocarditis
- myocarditis
- Bouillaud's disease
- Carditis, myo- (unqualified)
 - acute
- Disease, Bouillaud's
- Endocarditis (unqualified)
 - acute
 - malignant
 - myo-septic
 - ulcerative
- Endopericarditis
- Malignant endocarditis
- Myocarditis (unqualified)
 - acute
- Myoendocarditis
- Septic endocarditis
- Ulcerative endocarditis

This title does not include:

- Rheumatic endocarditis (47), or the other cardiac accidents which may supervene in the course of an attack of rheumatism.

79. Organic diseases of the heart.*This title includes:*

- *Abscess of heart
- Adam's disease
- Albuminuria, cardiac
- Amyloid degeneration of heart
- Aneurism of heart
- Aortic disease
 - incompetency
 - insufficiency
 - lesion
 - regurgitation
 - stenosis
 - stricture
- *Apoplexy of heart
- Artery, pulmonary, stenosis of
- Asthma, cardiac
- Asystole
 - cardiac
- *Atrophy, brown
 - of heart
- *Brown atrophy
- *Cachexia, cardiac
- Calcification of heart
- Cardia, tachy-

79. Organic diseases of the heart—Continued.

- Cardiac albuminuria
- asthma
- asystole
- *cachexia
- disease
- dropsy
- insufficiency
- palpitation
- stenosis
- Cardiectasis
- Cardiomalacia
- Cardiopathy
- Cardiorrhexis
- Cardiosclerosis
- Cardiostenosis
- Cardiovascular sclerosis
- Carditis
 - myo-, chronic
- Cavity, heart, disease of
 - stricture of
- Chronic disease of heart
 - endocarditis
 - myocarditis
- Clot in heart
- Corrigan's disease
- Degeneration, amyloid, of heart
 - fatty, of heart
 - of heart
- Dilatation of heart
- Disease, Adams's
 - aortic
 - cardiac
 - Corrigan's
 - heart
 - mitral
 - of heart
 - chronic
 - mitral
 - organic
 - valvular
 - heart-cavity
 - organic, of heart
 - tricuspid
 - valvular
 - of heart
- *Dropsy, cardiac
- Ectasis, cardi-
- Endocarditis, chronic
- Enlargement of heart
- Fatty degeneration of heart
 - heart

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

79. Organic diseases of the heart—Continued

Heart, abscess of
 amyloid degeneration of
 aneurism of
 apoplexy of
 asystole of
 atrophy of
 calcification of
 chronic disease of
 clot in
 degeneration of
 dilatation of
 disease of
 mitral
 organic
 valvular
 enlargement of
 fatty
 degeneration of
 hemorrhage of
 hypertrophy of
 inflammation of
 insufficiency of
 labored
 lesion of, organic
 organic disease of
 lesion of
 ossification of
 palpitation of
 paralysis of ^a
 rupture of
 steatosis of
 valvular disease of
 Heart-cavity, disease of
 stricture of
 Hemorrhage of heart
 Hypertrophy of heart
 Incompetency, aortic
 mitral
 *Inflammation of heart
 Insufficiency, aortic
 cardiac
 mitral
 of heart
 pulmonary (3 mos. and over)
 tricuspid
 Labored heart
 Lesion, aortic
 organic, of heart
 valvular
 Mitral disease
 of heart

79. Organic diseases of the heart—Continued.

Mitral incompetency
 insufficiency
 regurgitation
 stenosis
 stricture
 Myocarditis, chronic
 Organic disease of heart
 lesion of heart
 Ossification of heart
 valves
 Palpitation, cardiac
 of heart
 *Paralysis of heart^a
 Pulmonary artery, stenosis of
 insufficiency (3 mos. and over)
 stenosis
 Regurgitation, aortic
 mitral
 tricuspid
 Rupture of heart
 Sclerosis, cardio-
 cardiovascular
 Steatosis of heart
 Stenosis, aortic
 cardiac
 cardio-
 mitral
 of pulmonary artery
 pulmonary
 Stricture, aortic
 mitral
 of cavity of heart
 Tachycardia
 Tricuspid disease
 insufficiency
 regurgitation
 Valves, ossification of
 Valvular disease
 of heart
 lesion
 Vascular, cardio-, sclerosis
Frequent complications:
 Albuminuria
 Bronchitis
 Dropsy
 Embolism
 Pneumonia
 Thrombosis
This title does not include:
 Cardiac accidents (symptoms) of undetermined
 character (86)

^a Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

79. Organic diseases of the heart—Continued.

Persistence or patency of foramen Botale or
foramen ovale (150)

a "Paralysis of the heart" may be considered as practically equivalent to "heart failure," in which case it should be relegated to the ill-defined causes (179). It is scarcely more indefinite, however, than certain other causes admitted to this list.

80. Angina pectoris.

This title includes:

Angina, cardiac
 pectoris
Cardiac angina
Cardialgia
Heart, neuralgia of
 spasm of
Neuralgia of heart
Pectoris, angina
Spasm of heart
Sternalgia

81. Diseases of the arteries, atheroma, aneurism, etc.

This title includes:

Abdominal aneurism
Amyloid degeneration of arteries
Aneurism
 abdominal
 arterio-venous
 femoral
 of abdomen
 aorta
 carotid
 subclavian
Aneurismal tumor
Aorta, aneurism of
Aortic ectasis
Aortitis
Arterial atheroma
Arteriectasis
Arteries, amyloid degeneration of:
 disease of
 fatty degeneration of
Arterio-capillary fibrosis
Arterio-sclerosis
Arterio-venous aneurism
Arteritis
Artery, pulmonary, atresia of
 stricture of
Atheroma
 arterial
Atresia of pulmonary artery
Capillary, arterio-, fibrosis
Carotid, aneurism of

81. Diseases of the arteries, atheroma, aneurism, etc.—Continued.

Degeneration, amyloid, of arteries
 fatty, of arteries
Disease, Hodgson's
 of arteries
Ectasis, aortic
 arteri-
Endarteritis
Fatty degeneration of arteries
Femoral aneurism
Fibrosis, arterio-capillary
Hodgson's disease
Pulmonary artery, atresia of
 stricture of

Sclerosis, arterio-
Stricture of pulmonary artery
Subclavian aneurism
Tumor, aneurismal
Venous, arterio-, aneurism

This title does not include:

Aortic affections (diseases of aortic valves) (79)

82. Embolism and thrombosis.

This title includes:

Alba dolens, phlegmasia (nonpuerperal or
 unqualified)
Cardiac embolism
Cerebral embolism
 sinus, thrombosis of
 thrombosis
Dolens, phlegmasia (nonpuerperal or unqual-
 fied)
 alba (nonpuerperal or un-
 qualified)

Embolic pneumonia
Embolism (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 cardiac
 cerebral
 of brain
 heart
 lungs
 pulmonary
Heart, embolism of
Lateral sinus, thrombosis of
Phlegmasia alba dolens (nonpuerperal or u-
 qualified)
 dolens (nonpuerperal or unqua-
 fied)
Pneumonia, embolic
Pulmonary embolism
Sinus, cerebral, thrombosis of
 lateral, thrombosis of

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

82. Embolism and thrombosis—Continued.

Thrombosis (unqualified)
 cerebral
 of cerebral sinus
 lateral sinus

This title does not include:

Puerperal embolism (140)

83. Diseases of the veins (varices, hemorrhoids, phlebitis, etc.)

This title includes:

Disease of the veins
 Endophlebitis
 Hemorrhoidal tumor
 Hemorrhoids
 Mesophlebitis
 Periphlebitis
 Phlebitis (unqualified)
 pneumo-
 suppurative

Piles

Pneumophlebitis

Pylephlebitis

Suppurative phlebitis

Tumor, hemorrhoidal
 varicose

Ulcer, varicose

Varices

Varicocele

Varicose tumor

 ulcer

 veins

Veins, disease of

 varicose

This title does not include:

Angioma (46)

Erectile tumor (46)

Puerperal phlebitis (137)

Vascular tumor (46)

84. Diseases of the lymphatic system (lymphangitis, etc.)

This title includes:

*Absorbent system, disease of (undefined)

Adenitis

*Adenopathy

Angioleucitis

Angitis, lymph-

*Disease of absorbent system (undefined)

* glands

* lymphatic system (undefined)

*Enlargement of gland

84. Diseases of the lymphatic system—Continued.

*Gland, disease of

* enlargement of

* hypertrophy of

*Hypertrophy of gland

Lymphangitis (unqualified)

*Lymphatic system, disease of (undefined)

*Lymphatics, disease of

*System, absorbent, disease of (undefined)

* lymphatic, disease of (undefined)

This title does not include:

Adenoma (46)

Adenophlegmon (144)

Bubo (unqualified) (144)

Leukemic adenitis (53)

Lymphadenoma (46)

Lymphatism (35)

Lymphoma (46)

Suppurative adenitis (144)

85. Hemorrhages.

This title includes:

*Artery, ligature of

Bleeder

Bleeding (unqualified)
 of nose

*Blood vessel, rupture of

*Concealed hemorrhage

Cutaneous hemorrhage

Epistaxis

Hemophilia

*Hemorrhage (unqualified)

* concealed

 cutaneous

* internal

 of navel (3 mos. and over)

 new-born (3 mos. and over)

 nose

* secondary

* ulcerous

Hemorrhagica, purpura

*Internal hemorrhage

*Ligature of artery

Navel, hemorrhage of (3 mos. and over)

New-born, hemorrhage of (3 mos. and over)

Nose, bleeding of
 hemorrhage of

Purpura

 hemorrhagica

*Rupture of blood vessel

Secondary hemorrhage

Stomatorrhagia

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

85. Hemorrhages—Continued.

*Ulcerous hemorrhage

*Vessel, blood, rupture of

This title does not include:

Cerebellar hemorrhage (64)

Cerebral hemorrhage (64)

Hematemesis (104)

Hematuria (121)

Hemoptysis (unqualified) (99)

Intestines, hemorrhage of (under 3 mos.) (152)

Meningeal hemorrhage (64)

Metrorrhagia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
(128)

(puerperal) (135)

Pulmonary hemorrhage (99)

Traumatic hemorrhage (166)

Umbilicus, hemorrhage of (under 3 mos.) (152)

Uterus, hemorrhage of (nonpuerperal or unqualified) (128)
(puerperal) (135)**86. Other diseases of the circulatory system.***This title includes:*

Angiectasis

Angiectopia

*Blood vessel, disease of (undefined)

*Circulation, imperfect

* poor

*Circulatory system, disease of (undefined)

*Disease of blood vessel (undefined)

* circulatory system (undefined)

* great (blood) vessels

*Imperfect circulation

*Permanently slow pulse

*Poor circulation

*Pulse, permanently slow

*Slow pulse, permanently

*System, circulatory, disease of (undefined)

*Vessel, blood, disease of (undefined)

This title does not include:

Vascular nevus (150)

IV.—DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

NOTE.—Important diseases of the respiratory system not included under this class are laryngeal tuberculosis (26) and pulmonary tuberculosis (27).

87. Diseases of the nasal fossæ.*This title includes:*

Abscess of nasal fossa

Adenoid vegetations

*Cold *a*

*Coryza

87. Diseases of the nasal fossæ—Continued.

*Coryza of new-born

*Disease of nasal fossa
nose

Fossa, nasal, abscess of

* disease of

polypus of

naso-pharyngeal, polypus of

Nasal fossa, abscess of

* disease of

polypus of

polypus

Naso-pharyngeal fossa, polypus of

polypus

*New-born, coryza of

Nose, disease of

Ozena

Pharyngeal, naso-, polypus

Polypus, nasal

naso-pharyngeal

Polypus,

of nasal fossa

naso-pharyngeal fossa

Vegetations, adenoid

This title does not include:

Epistaxis (85)

Syphilitic coryza (36)

a "Cold," *unqualified*, is too indefinite for proper classification. Physicians should be requested to make a more specific statement. Where it is reasonably possible the actual cold (temperature) was intended, as in the northern United States from October to March, the death may be compiled under (170); or for infants under 3 months (153). Otherwise the death may be compiled under (87) in the sense of coryza.

88. Diseases of the larynx.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census Office, into two subtitles, as follows: (1) "Laryngitis," and (2) "Other diseases of the larynx," the latter being exclusive of laryngitis separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (88) both of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Laryngitis.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from "Diseases of the larynx," (88), and is of sanitary importance because many of the forms of laryngitis included will be found upon inquiry, which should always be made by the local registrar to be diphtheritic in character.

This title includes:

Acute laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

*Catarrh, guttural

* laryngeal

* of throat

Chronic laryngitis

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

88. Diseases of the larynx—Continued.

Edema of laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Edematous laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Erysipelatous laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

***Guttural catarrh**

Inflammation of larynx (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

***Laryngeal catarrh**

Laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

acute (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

chronic

edema of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

edematous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

erysipelatous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

phlegmonous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

stridulous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

ulcerative (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Larynx, inflammation of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Phlegmonous laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Stridulous laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

***Throat, catarrh of**

Ulcerative laryngitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

[2. *Other diseases of the larynx.*]

NOTE.—This subtitle is exclusive of deaths from "Laryngitis" separately stated.

This title includes:

Aphonia

Croup, false

spasmodic (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

stridulous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

***Disease of larynx**

Edema of glottis

False croup

Glottis, edema of
paralysis of

88. Diseases of the larynx—Continued.

Glottis, spasm of

Laryngismus stridulus

Laryngotomy

***Larynx, disease of**

ozena extending into

polypus of

stricture of

***** ulceration of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Ozena extending into larynx

Paralysis of glottis

Polypus of larynx

Spasmodic croup (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Spasm of glottis

Stricture of larynx

Stridulous croup (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

Stridulus, laryngismus

Ulceration of larynx (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

This title (88) does not include:

Croup (nondiphtheritic or unqualified) (9)

Diphtheritic laryngitis and its synonyms (9)

Foreign body in larynx (176)

Laryngeal phthisis (26)

tuberculosis (26)

Tuberculous laryngitis (26)

89. Diseases of the thyroid body.

This title includes:

Body, thyroid, disease of

Bronchocele

Cachectic pachydermia

Cachexia, pachydermic

Disease of thyroid body

Goiter (unqualified)

pulsating

Myxedema

Pachydermia, cachectic

Pachydermic cachexia

Pulsating goiter

Thyrocele

Thyroid body, disease of

This title does not include:

Exophthalmic goiter (51)

90. Acute bronchitis.

This title includes:

Acute bronchitis

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

90. Acute bronchitis—Continued.

- *Acute catarrh of lung
- * pulmonary catarrh
 - Alveolitis, broncho-
 - Bronchitis (unqualified; under 5 years) ^a
 - acute
 - capillary
 - inflammatory
 - simple
 - suffocating
 - tracheo-
 - Broncho-alveolitis
 - Capillary bronchitis
- *Catarrh, acute, of lung
 - * pulmonary
- *Cynanche, tracheal
 - Inflammatory bronchitis
- *Lung, acute catarrh of
- *Pulmonary catarrh, acute
 - Simple bronchitis
 - Suffocating bronchitis
 - Tracheal cynanche
 - Tracheitis
 - Tracheobronchitis
 - Trachitis

This title does not include:

- Broncho-pneumonia (92)
- Fetid bronchitis (96)
- Specific bronchitis or other synonym of pulmonary tuberculosis (27)
- Summer bronchitis (99)

^aWhen the physician uses only the word "bronchitis," without qualification, he should be requested to specify whether "acute" or "chronic." When no further information can be obtained, classify deaths of children under 5 years of age under (90), and above 5 years of age under (91).

91. Chronic bronchitis.

This title includes:

- *Air-tubes, disease of
- *Breast, catarrh of
 - Bronchi, dilatation of
- *Bronchial catarrh
 - * disease
 - Bronchiectasis
 - Bronchitis (unqualified) (five years and over) ^a
 - catarrhal
 - chronic
 - * mucous
 - * pituitous
- Bronchorrhea
- *Catarrh (unqualified)
- *Catarrh, bronchial

91. Chronic bronchitis—Continued.

- *Catarrh of breast
 - * lung (unqualified)
 - * chronic
 - on chest
 - pituitous
 - * pulmonary
 - * chronic
 - * suffocating
- Catarrhal bronchitis
- *Chest, catarrh on
 - Chronic bronchitis
- * catarrh of lung
 - * pulmonary catarrh
- Dilatation of bronchi
- *Disease, bronchial
- *Disease of air-tubes
 - Ectasis, bronchi-
- *Lung, catarrh of (unqualified)
 - * chronic
- *Mucous bronchitis
 - Pituitous bronchitis
- * catarrh
- *Pulmonary catarrh
 - * chronic
- *Suffocating catarrh
- *Tubes, air-, disease of

This title does not include:

- Fetid bronchitis (96)
- Tuberculous bronchitis (27)

^a See note under (90)

92. Broncho-pneumonia.

This title includes:

- Aspiration pneumonia
- Broncho-pneumonia
- Catarrhal pneumonia
- Deglutition pneumonia
- Pneumonia, aspiration
 - broncho-
 - catarrhal
 - deglutition

This title does not include:

- Capillary bronchitis (90)

93. Pneumonia.

This title includes:

- Acute pneumonia
- Alcoholic pneumonia
- Apical pneumonia ^a

^aIndefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

93. Pneumonia—Continued.

*Bilious pneumonia
 Carditis, pneumo-peri-
 *Chest, inflammation of
 Croupous pneumonia
 Diplococcus pneumonia
 Double pneumonia
 Fever, lung
 Fluxion of lung
 Infectious pneumonia
 *Inflammation of chest
 lung
 Lobar pneumonia
 Lobular pneumonia
 Lung fever
 fluxion of
 inflammation of
 solidification of
 Pericarditis, pneumo-
 Peripneumonia
 Pleurisy, pneumo-
 Pleuropneumonia
 Pneumonia

 acute
 alcoholic
 apical ^a
 * bilious
 croupous
 diplococcus
 double
 lobar
 lobular
 infectious
 peri-
 pleuro-
 * septic
 spleno-
 * typhoid
 vesicular

Pneumonitis
 Pneumopericarditis
 Pneumopleurisy
 *Septic pneumonia
 Solidification of lung
 Splenopneumonia
 *Typhoid pneumonia
 Vesicular pneumonia

This title does not include:

Bacillary pneumonia (27)
 Caseous pneumonia (27)
 Catarrhal pneumonia (92)
 Interstitial pneumonia (99)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

93. Pneumonia—Continued.

Pulmonary congestion (95)
 tuberculosis (27)

Specific pneumonia, or any synonym of pu-
 monary tuberculosis (27)

^aIn countries where "apical pneumonia" is *always* syn-
 onymous with "phthisis" it should be classed under (27)
 elsewhere under this title (93), as in the United States.

94. Pleurisy.

This title includes:

Abscess, pleura
 Adhesion, pulmonary
 *Bilious pleurisy
 Carditis, pleuro-peri-
 *Chest, dropsy of
 * water on
 *Dropsy of chest
 Effusion, pleuritic
 thoracic

Empyema
 Fever, pleural
 Hemothorax
 Hydropneumothorax
 Hydrothorax
 Pericarditis, pleuro-
 Pleural abscess

 fever
 * vomica

Pleurisy
 * bilious
 suppurative

Pleuritic effusion

Pleuritis

Pleuropericarditis

Pneumopyothorax

Pneumothorax

 hydro-

Pulmonary adhesion

Pyothorax

 pneumo-

Suppurative pleurisy

Thoracentesis

Thoracic effusion

Thorax, hydropneumo-

 pneumo-

 pyo-

 pyo-

*Vomica, pleural

*Water on chest

This title does not include:

Pleurodynia (99)

95. Congestion and apoplexy of the lungs.*This title includes:*

- Apoplexy of lung
 - pulmonary
- *Congestion of lung
 - * pulmonary
- *Dropsy of lung
- *Edema of lung
- *Hypostatic pneumonia
 - Lung, apoplexy of
- * congestion of
- * dropsy of
- * edema of
- *Pneumonia, hypostatic
 - Pulmonary apoplexy
- * congestion

96. Gangrene of the lungs.*This title includes:*

- Bronchitis, fetid
- Fetid bronchitis
- Gangrene of lung
- Lung, gangrene of
 - mortification of
- Mortification of lung

97. Asthma.*This title includes:*

- Asthma
 - bronchial
 - catarrhal
- Bronchial asthma
- Catarrhal asthma

This title does not include:

- Cardiac asthma (79)
- Hay fever (99)
- Suffocating catarrh (91)

98. Pulmonary emphysema.*This title includes:*

- Emphysema
 - of lungs
 - pulmonary
 - vesicular
- Pulmonary emphysema
- Vesicular emphysema

This title does not include:

- Subcutaneous emphysema (145)

99. Other diseases of the respiratory system (phthisis excepted).

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census, into two subtitles, as follows: (1) "Hemorrhage of the lungs," and (2) "Other diseases of the respiratory system," the latter being exclusive of hemorrhage of the lungs separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (99) both of the following subtitles should be examined.

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

99. Other diseases of the respiratory system—Continued.

tory system," the latter being exclusive of hemorrhage of the lungs separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (99) both of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Hemorrhage of the lungs.]

NOTE.—Many of the cases returned as hemorrhage of the lungs are due to pulmonary tuberculosis, hence inquiry should always be made by the local registrar when a death is so reported.

This title includes:

- *Bleeding of lungs
- *Blood, spitting of
- *Bronchial tube, hemorrhage of
- *Bronchorrhagia
- *Hemoptysis (unqualified)
- *Hemorrhage of bronchial tube
 - * lung
 - * pulmonary
- *Lungs, bleeding at
 - * hemorrhage of
- *Pneumorrhagia
- *Pulmonary hemorrhage
- *Spitting of blood
- *Tube, bronchial, hemorrhage of

[2. Other diseases of the respiratory system.]

NOTE.—This subtitle corresponds to title 99, exclusive of "Hemorrhage of the lungs," stated separately.

This title includes:

- *Abscess of lung
 - * pulmonary
- Alcoholic cirrhosis of lung
- Anthraxis, pulmonary
- *Atelectasis (3 mos. and over)
 - neonatorum (3 mos. and over)
 - of lungs of new-born (3 mos. and over)
- Bronchitis, summer
- Calculus, pulmonary
- Catarrh, summer
- Chronic pneumonia
- Cirrhosis, alcoholic, of lung
 - of lung
- Cirrhotic pneumonia
- *Collapse of lung (3 mos. and over)
- *Cough (unqualified)
- Cyst, hydatid, of lung
- Cysticerci of lung
- *Disease of lung (undefined)
 - * organic
 - * respiratory system (undefined)

99. Other diseases of the respiratory system—Continued.

- *Disease, pulmonary
- *Eclampsia of lung
 - Fever, hay
 - Fibroid pneumonia
 - Hay fever
 - Hydatid cyst of lung
 - of lung
 - tumor of lung
- Interstitial pneumonia
- *Lesion, organic, of lung
- *Lung, abscess of
 - anthracosis of
 - atelectasis of (3 mos. and over)
 - calculus of
 - cirrhosis of
- * collapse of (3 mos. and over)
- cysticerci of
- * disease of (undefined)
- * organic
- * eclampsia of
- hydatid cyst of
 - of
 - tumor of
- * organic disease of
- * lesion of
- * paralysis of (3 mos. and over)
- sclerosis of
- * suppuration of
- * ulceration of
- *Neonatorum, atelectasis (3 mos. and over)
- *Organic lesion of lung
- *Paralysis of lung (3 mos. and over)
- Pleurodynia
- *Pneumonectomy
- Pneumonia, chronic
 - cirrhotic
 - fibroid
 - interstitial
- *Pneumopathy
- *Pulmonary abscess
 - anthracosis
 - calculus
- * disease
- sclerosis
- *Respiratory system, disease of (undefined)
- Sclerosis, pulmonary
- Stenosis, tracheo-
- Summer bronchitis
- catarrh
- *Suppuration of lung

99. Other diseases of the respiratory system—Continued.

- *System, respiratory, disease of (undefined)
 - Tracheostenosis
 - *Tracheotomy (cause unspecified)
 - Tumor, hydatid, of lung
 - *Ulceration of lung
- This title (99) does not include:*
- Cancer of lung (45)

V.—DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.**100. Diseases of the mouth and adnexa.**

This title includes:

- Apthæ
- Bleeding of gums
- Caries, dental
- Dental caries
- Disease of gums
 - mouth (undefined)
 - teeth
- * tongue
- Epulis
- Fistula, salivary
- Gingivitis
- Glossia, macro-
- Glossitis
- Gum, red
- Gums, bleeding of
 - disease of
- Macroglossia
- *Mouth, disease of (undefined)
 - nursing sore
 - sore-
- Muguet*
- Nursing sore-mouth
- Odontalgia
- Parasitic stomatitis
- *Parotid tumor
- *Parotiditis (not mumps)
- Ranula
- Red gum
- Salivary fistula
- *Sore-mouth
 - nursing
- Staphylitis
- Staphyloplasty
- Staphylorrhaphy
- Stomatitis
 - parasitic
- Teeth, disease of

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

100. Diseases of the mouth and adnexa—Continued.**Thrush**

- yellow
- Tongue, disease of
- Tumor, parotid
- Ulorrhagia
- Yellow thrush

This title does not include:

- Cancer of the lips or tongue (39)
- Chancre of the mouth (36)
- Diseases of the palate (syphilitic) (36)
- (unqualified) (146)
- Fracture of the maxilla (164)
- Gangrene of the mouth (142)
- Mumps (19)
- Necrosis of the maxilla (unqualified) (146)
- Noma (142)
- Paralysis of palate (101)

101. Diseases of the pharynx.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census Office, into two subtitles, as follows: (1) "Tonsillitis," and (2) "Other diseases of the pharynx," the latter being exclusive of tonsillitis separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (101) both of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Tonsillitis.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from "Diseases of the pharynx" (101). All of the returns included are of a suspicious character, and the local registrar should always endeavor to ascertain whether such deaths were not diphtheritic.

This title includes:

- Amygdalitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Angina, tonsilitic (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Cynanche tonsillaris (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Quinsy (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Tonsilitic angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Tonsillitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- ulcerative (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Tonsillaris, cynanche, (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Ulcerative tonsillitis (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

[2. Other diseases of the pharynx.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is exclusive of deaths from "tonsillitis" separately stated. It includes many suspicious causes, concerning which the local registrar ought always to make inquiry in order to ascertain whether they were diphtheritic in character or not.

101. Diseases of the pharynx—Continued.

This title includes:

- Abscess of fauces
 - pharynx
 - retropharynx
 - throat
 - pharyngeal
 - retropharyngeal
- *Angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * acute (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- aphthous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- catarrhal
- chronic
- * erysipelatos (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * erythematic (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * gangrenous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * glandular (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- granular (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- herpetic (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Ludwig's
- * of tonsil (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- papillary (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- phlegmonous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * pultaceous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- simple
- stridulous (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * tonsilitic (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Aphthous angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Catarrhal angina
- Chronic angina
- Disease, Ludwig's
- * of pharynx
- *Distemper of throat (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Elongation of uvula
- *Erysipelatos angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

101. Diseases of the pharynx—Continued.

- *Erythematous angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Fauces, abscess of
- *Gangrene of throat (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- *Gangrenous angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- *Glandular angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Granular angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Herpetic angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- *Inflammation of throat (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Ludwig's angina disease
- *Mortification of throat (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Palate, paralysis of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Papillary angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- *Paralysis of palate (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * throat (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * velum palati
- Pharyngeal abscess retro-, abscess
- *Pharyngitis
- Pharynx, abscess of
- * disease of retro-, abscess of
- Phlegmonous angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- *Pultaceous angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Retropharyngeal abscess
- Retropharynx, abscess of
- Simple angina
- *Sore throat (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Stridulous angina (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- Throat, abscess of
- * distemper of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * gangrene of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
- * inflammation of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

101. Diseases of the pharynx—Continued.

- *Throat, mortification of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
 - * paralysis of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified).
 - * sore (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
 - * ulcer of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
 - * ulceration of (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
 - *Ulcer of tonsil (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
 - *Ulceration of throat (nondiphtheritic or unqualified)
 - Uvula, elongation of
 - *Velum palati, paralysis of
- This title (101) does not include:*
- Angina pectoris (80)
 - Cardiac angina (80)
 - Scarlatinal angina (7)

102. Diseases of the esophagus.

This title includes:

- Body, foreign, in esophagus
- Dilatation of esophagus
- Disease of esophagus
- Dysphagia
- Esophagismus
- Esophagitis
- Esophagotomy
- Esophagus, dilatation of disease of foreign body in obstruction of spasm of stricture of
- Foreign body in esophagus
- Obstruction of esophagus
- Spasm of esophagus
- Stricture of esophagus

This title does not include:

- Cancer of the esophagus (40)
- Syphilitic stricture of the esophagus (36)

103. Ulcer of the stomach.

This title includes:

- Round ulcer of the stomach
- Stomach, round ulcer of ulcer of
- Ulcer of stomach round, of stomach
- Ulcus rotundum

103. Ulcer of the stomach—Continued.*Frequent complications:*

- Hematemesis
- Perforation of stomach
- Peritonitis

104. Other diseases of the stomach (cancer excepted).

NOTE.—This title is subdivided for the use of the United States Census into two subtitles, as follows: (1) "Gastritis," and (2) "Other diseases of the stomach," the latter being exclusive of gastritis separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (104) both of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Gastritis.]

NOTE.—This subtitle, corresponding to one formerly used by the Census Office, is less definite than would, perhaps, be supposed, and contains many unsatisfactory returns.

This title includes:

- *Acute dyspepsia
 - gastritis
- Alcoholic gastritis
- *Catarrh, gastric
- * of stomach
- *Chronic dyspepsia
 - gastritis
- Dilatation of stomach
- *Dyspepsia
 - * acute
 - * chronic
- Gastrectasis
- *Gastric catarrh
- Gastritis
 - acute
 - alcoholic
 - chronic
- Inflammation of stomach
- *Stomach, catarrh of
 - dilatation of
 - inflammation of

[2. Other diseases of the stomach.]

NOTE.—This subtitle corresponds to title (104) less deaths from "gastritis" separately stated.

This title includes:

- Abscess of stomach
- *Acute indigestion
- Apepsia
- *Blood, vomiting of
- Body, foreign, in stomach
- *Chronic indigestion
- Cirrhosis of stomach
- *Congestion of stomach
- *Disease of stomach
 - * organic

104. Other diseases of the stomach—Continued.

- Enlargement of stomach
- Foreign body in stomach
- *Gastralgia
- *Gastrectomy
- *Gastric hemorrhage
- Gastrodynia
- *Gastroenterostomy
- Gastrohepatitis
- *Gastromalacia
- *Gastrorrhagia
- *Gastrorrhoea
- *Gastrotomy
- *Heart-burn
- *Hematemesis
- *Hemorrhage, gastric
- *Hemorrhage of stomach
 - Hepatitis, gastro-
- *Incoercible vomiting (female; under 15 and over 45 years) ^a
 - (male)
- *Indigestion
 - * acute
 - * chronic
- *Induration of stomach
- *Inertia of stomach
- *Irritation of stomach
- *Lesion, organic, of stomach
- *Organic disease of stomach
 - * lesion of stomach
- Ossification of stomach
- *Paresis of stomach
- *Perforation of stomach (nontraumatic or unqualified)
- *Pernicious vomiting (female; under 15 and over 45 years) ^a
 - (male)
- *Pylorectomy
- *Pylorus, stricture of
- *Softening of stomach
- Stomach, abscess of
 - cirrhosis of
 - * congestion of
 - * disease of
 - * organic
 - enlargement of
 - foreign body in
 - * hemorrhage of
 - * induration of
 - * inertia of
 - * irritation of
 - * organic disease of

^a Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

104. Other diseases of the stomach—Continued.

- Stomach, organic lesion of
 - ossification of
 - * paresis of
 - * perforation of (nontraumatic or unqualified)
 - * softening of
- *Stricture of pylorus
- *Uncontrollable vomiting (female; under 15 and over 45 years)^a (male)
- Vertigo a stomacho laeso*
- *Vomiting^a
 - * uncontrollable (female; under 15 and over 45 years)^a (male)
 - of blood
 - pernicious (female; under 15 and over 45 years)^a (male)

This title (104) does not include:

Gastroenteritis (105 or 106)

^aThe international classification places deaths from "uncontrollable vomiting" occurring in "adult females" under (134); it seems desirable to limit such assignment to those of *child-bearing* ages (15 to 44 years), leaving the remainder under (104).

[*Dentition.*]

NOTE.—In English-speaking countries deaths from "dentition," "teething," etc., from their numerical importance, may demand a special title in connection with diseases of the digestive system, to which most of them are due. Otherwise such deaths would be compiled under (179), which may be done in all cases when the number of deaths returned under this head is small. In combination, "teething" should yield precedence to any definite cause of death assigned.

This title includes:

- *Dentition
- * fever of
- *Fever of dentition
- *Teething

105. Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years).

NOTE.—Deaths from these causes at 2 years of age and over are classed under (106).

This title includes:

- Acute enteritis (under 2 years)
- entero-colitis (under 2 years)
- gastroenteritis (under 2 years)
- ileo-colitis (under 2 years)
- *Athrepsia (under 2 years)
- Bacillus coli communis, infection of (under 2 years)
- *Bilious colic (under 2 years)
- diarrhea (under 2 years)

105. Diarrhea and enteritis—Continued.

- *Bowel complaint (under 2 years)
- *Bowels, catarrh of (under 2 years)
- * congestion of (under 2 years)
- inflammation of (under 2 years)
- * irritation of (under 2 years)
- * running of (under 2 years)
- * ulceration of (under 2 years)
- *Catarrh, enteric (under 2 years)
- * gastrointestinal (under 2 years)
- * of bowels (under 2 years)
- * intestines (under 2 years)
- Cholera infantum (under 2 years)
- Chronic enteritis (under 2 years)
- entero-colitis (under 2 years)
- Coli communis, infection of bacillus (under 2 years)
- *Colic (under 2 years)
- * bilious (under 2 years)
- * dry (under 2 years)
- * flatulent (under 2 years)
- * infantile (under 2 years)
- * inflammatory (under 2 years)
- * intestinal (under 2 years)
- Colitis (under 2 years)
 - acute entero- (under 2 years)
 - chronic entero- (under 2 years)
 - ileo- (under 2 years)
 - croupous (under 2 years)
 - entero-, (under 2 years)
 - acute (under 2 years)
 - chronic (under 2 years)
 - subacute (under 2 years)
 - gastro- (under 2 years)
 - ileo- (under 2 years)
 - acute (under 2 years)
 - chronic (under 2 years)
- Colon, inflammation of (under 2 years)
- ulcer of (under 2 years)
- Communis, bacillus coli, infection of (under 2 years)
- *Complaint, bowel (under 2 years)
- * summer (under 2 years)
- *Congestion of bowels (under 2 years)
- intestines (under 2 years)
- *Croupous colitis (under 2 years)
- Diarrhea (under 2 years)
 - bilious (under 2 years)
 - endemic (under 2 years)
 - fermental (under 2 years)
 - incoercible (under 2 years)
 - infantile (under 2 years)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

105. Diarrhea and enteritis—Continued.

- *Dry colic (under 2 years)
- Duodenal ulcer (under 2 years)
- Duodenitis (under 2 years)
 - gastro- (under 2 years)
- Endemic diarrhea (under 2 years)
- Enteric catarrh (under 2 years)
- Enteritis (under 2 years)
 - acute (under 2 years)
 - gastro- (under 2 years)
 - chronic (under 2 years)
 - gastro- (under 2 years)
 - infantile (under 2 years)
 - muc- (under 2 years)
 - subacute (under 2 years)
- Entero-colitis (under 2 years)
 - acute (under 2 years)
 - chronic (under 2 years)
 - subacute (under 2 years)
- Fermental diarrhea (under 2 years)
- Fermentation, intestinal (under 2 years)
- *Flatulent colic (under 2 years)
- Gastrocolitis (under 2 years)
- Gastroduodenitis (under 2 years)
- Gastroenteritis (under 2 years)
 - acute (under 2 years)
 - chronic (under 2 years)
- Gastrointestinal catarrh (under 2 years)
 - irritation (under 2 years)
- Ileo-colitis (under 2 years)
 - acute (under 2 years)
 - chronic (under 2 years)
- Incoercible diarrhea (under 2 years)
- *Infantile colic (under 2 years)
 - diarrhea (under 2 years)
 - enteritis (under 2 years)
- Infantum, cholera (under 2 years)
- Infection of bacillus coli communis (under 2 years)
- Inflammation of bowels (under 2 years)
 - colon (under 2 years)
- Inflammatory colic (under 2 years)
- *Intestinal fermentation (under 2 years)
 - * gastro-, catarrh (under 2 years)
 - * irritation (under 2 years)
- *Intestines, catarrh of (under 2 years)
 - * colic of (under 2 years)
 - * congestion of (under 2 years)
 - * ulceration of (under 2 years)
- *Irritation, gastrointestinal (under 2 years)
 - * of bowels (under 2 years)
- Lienenteritis (under 2 years)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

105. Diarrhea and enteritis—Continued.

- Lientery (under 2 years)
- *Looseness (under 2 years)
 - Mucoenteritis (under 2 years)
- *Purging (under 2 years)
- *Running of bowels (under 2 years)
 - Subacute enteritis (under 2 years)
 - entero-colitis (under 2 years)
- *Summer complaint (under 2 years)
 - Ulcer, duodenal (under 2 years)
 - of colon (under 2 years)
- *Ulceration of intestines (under 2 years)
 - * bowels (under 2 years)

105. Repeated. Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years).

See note on duplicated titles, page 24.

106. Diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over).

NOTE.—Deaths from these causes under 2 years of age are classed under (105).

This title includes:

- Acute enteritis (2 years and over)
 - entero-colitis (2 years and over)
 - gastroenteritis (2 years and over)
 - ileo-colitis (2 years and over)
- *Athrepsia (2 years and over)
 - Bacillus coli communis, infection of (2 years and over)
- *Bilious colic (2 years and over)
 - diarrhea (2 years and over)
- *Bowel complaint (2 years and over)
- *Bowels, catarrh of (2 years and over)
 - * congestion of (2 years and over)
 - * inflammation of (2 years and over)
 - * irritation of (2 years and over)
 - * running of (2 years and over)
 - * ulceration of (2 years and over)
- *Catarrh, enteric (2 years and over)
 - * gastrointestinal (2 years and over)
 - * of bowels (2 years and over)
 - * intestines (2 years and over)
- Cholera infantum (2 years and over)
- Chronic enteritis (2 years and over)
 - entero-colitis (2 years and over)
 - gastroenteritis (2 years and over)
 - ileo-colitis (2 years and over)
- Coli communis, infection of bacillus (2 years and over)
- *Colic (2 years and over)
 - * bilious (2 years and over)
 - * dry (2 years and over)
 - * flatulent (2 years and over)

106. Diarrhea and enteritis—Continued.

- *Colic, infantile (2 years and over)
- * inflammatory (2 years and over)
- * intestinal (2 years and over)
- Colitis (2 years and over)
 - acute entero- (2 years and over)
 - chronic entero- (2 years and over)
 - ileo- (2 years and over)
 - croupous (2 years and over)
 - entero-, (2 years and over)
 - acute (2 years and over)
 - chronic (2 years and over)
 - subacute (2 years and over)
 - gastro- (2 years and over)
 - ileo- (2 years and over)
 - acute (2 years and over)
 - chronic (2 years and over)
- Colon, inflammation of (2 years and over)
 - ulcer of (2 years and over)
- Communis, bacillus coli, infection of (2 years and over)
- *Complaint, bowel (2 years and over)
- * summer (2 years and over)
- *Congestion of bowels (2 years and over)
- * intestines (2 years and over)
- Croupous colitis (2 years and over)
- Diarrhea (2 years and over)
 - bilious (2 years and over)
 - endemic (2 years and over)
 - fermental (2 years and over)
 - incoercible (2 years and over)
 - infantile (2 years and over)
- *Dry colic (2 years and over)
- Duodenal ulcer (2 years and over)
- Duodenitis (2 years and over)
 - gastro- (2 years and over)
- Endemic diarrhea (2 years and over)
- Enteric catarrh (2 years and over)
- Enteritis (2 years and over)
 - acute (2 years and over)
 - gastro- (2 years and over)
 - chronic (2 years and over)
 - gastro- (2 years and over)
 - infantile (2 years and over)
 - muc- (2 years and over)
 - subacute (2 years and over)
- Enterocolitis (2 years and over)
 - acute (2 years and over)
 - chronic (2 years and over)
 - subacute (2 years and over)
- Fermental diarrhea (2 years and over)
- Fermentation, intestinal (2 years and over)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

106. Diarrhea and enteritis—Continued.

- *Flatulent colic (2 years and over)
 - Gastrocolitis (2 years and over)
 - Gastroduodenitis (2 years and over)
 - Gastroenteritis (2 years and over)
 - acute (2 years and over)
 - chronic (2 years and over)
 - *Gastrointestinal catarrh (2 years and over)
 - irritation (2 years and over)
 - Ileo-colitis (2 years and over)
 - acute (2 years and over)
 - chronic (2 years and over)
 - Incoercible diarrhea (2 years and over)
 - *Infantile colic (2 years and over)
 - diarrhea (2 years and over)
 - enteritis (2 years and over)
 - Infantum, cholera (2 years and over)
 - Infection of bacillus coli communis (2 years and over)
 - Inflammation of bowels (2 years and over)
 - colon (2 years and over)
 - Inflammatory colic (2 years and over)
 - Intestinal fermentation (2 years and over)
 - * gastro-, catarrh (2 years and over)
 - irritation (2 years and over)
 - *Intestines, catarrh of (2 years and over)
 - * colic of (2 years and over)
 - * congestion of (2 years and over)
 - * ulceration of (2 years and over)
 - *Irritation, gastrointestinal (2 years and over)
 - * of bowels (2 years and over)
 - Lienenteritis (2 years and over)
 - Lientery (2 years and over)
 - *Looseness (2 years and over)
 - Mucoenteritis (2 years and over)
 - *Purging (2 years and over)
 - *Running of bowels (2 years and over)
 - Subacute enteritis (2 years and over)
 - entero-colitis (2 years and over)
 - *Summer complaint (2 years and over)
 - Ulcer, duodenal (2 years and over)
 - of colon (2 years and over)
 - *Ulceration of bowels (2 years and over)
 - * intestines (2 years and over)
- This title does not include:*
- Tuberculous enteritis (29)

107. Intestinal parasites.

This title includes:

- Ankylostoma
- Ascaris
- lumbricoides

107. Intestinal parasites—Continued.

Bothriocephalus
 Cenurus
 Cestode
 *Colic from worms
 * worm-
 *Fever, worm-
 Helminthes
 Helminthiasis
 Intestinal parasites
 worms
 Latus, bothriocephalus
 Lumbricoides
 ascaris
 Mediocanellata, tenia
 Oxyuris
 Parasites
 intestinal
 Round worms
 Solitary worm
 Solium, tenia
 Tapeworm
 Tenia
 mediocanellata
 solium
 Thread worms
 Trematodes
 Tricocephalus
 *Worm-colic
 *Worm-fever
 Worm, solitary
 tape
 *Worms
 * colic from
 intestinal
 round
 thread

108. Hernia and intestinal obstructions.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census Office, into two subtitles, as follows: (1) "Hernia" and (2) "Obstruction of intestines," the latter being exclusive of hernia separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (108) both of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Hernia.]

NOTE.—This subtitle agrees with one formerly employed by the Census Office.

This title includes:

*Bowels, rupture of
 Breach
 Bubonocele
 Cholera, hernial

108. Hernia and intestinal obstructions—Cont'd.

Colic, hernial
 Congenital hernia
 Diaphragmatic hernia
 Enterocoele
 Epiplocele, sarco-
 Epiplophalitis, sarco-
 Femoral hernia
 Gangrene, hernial
 Hernia
 colic of
 congenital
 diaphragmatic
 femoral
 inguinal
 irreducible
 scrotal
 strangulated
 umbilical
 ventral
 Hernial cholera
 colic
 gangrene
 Herniotomy
 Inguinal hernia
 *Intestine, rupture of
 Irreducible hernia
 Kelotomy
 Merocele
 Omphalitis, sarco-epi-
 *Rupture (unqualified)
 *Rupture of bowels
 * intestines
 Sarcoepiplocele
 Sarcoepiplophalitis
 Scrotal hernia
 Strangulated hernia
 Umbilical hernia
 Ventral hernia

[2. Obstruction of intestines.]

NOTE.—This subtitle corresponds to title 108 exclusive of deaths from "Hernia" separately stated.

This title includes:

*Anus, artificial
 * unnatural
 *Artificial anus
 Bowels, intussusception of
 invagination of
 obstruction of
 occlusion of

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

108. Hernia and intestinal obstructions—Cont'd.

- *Bowels, stoppage of
 - strangulation of
 - stricture of
- Colon, stricture of
- Ileus
- Internal strangulation
- Intestinal stricture
- Intestines, invagination of
 - obstruction of
 - occlusion of
- Intussusception
 - of bowels
- Invagination of bowels
 - intestines
- Obstruction of bowels
 - intestines
- Occlusion of bowels
 - intestines
- *Stercoral tumor
- *vomiting
- *Stoppage of bowels
- Strangulation, internal
 - of bowels
- Stricture, intestinal
 - of bowels
 - colon
- *Tumor, stercoral
- *Unnatural anus
- Volvulus
- *Vomiting, stercoral

Frequent complications:

Peritonitis

This title (108) does not include:

Laparotomy (unqualified) (179)

109. Other diseases of the intestines.*This title includes:*

- Abscess, fecal
 - ischiorectal
- *
 - of bowels
 - margin of anus
- *Alimentary canal, disease of
- Ano, fistula in
- Anus, abscess of margin of
 - fissure of
 - fistula of
- *Arch of colon, rupture of
- Atresia of rectum (acquired)
- Body, foreign, in intestine
 - rectum
- *Bowels, abscess of

109. Other diseases of the intestines—Continued.

- *Bowels, disease of
- *eructation of
- *gangrene of
- *hemorrhage of
- *mortification of
- neuralgia of
- paralysis of
- paresis of
- *perforation of
- *resection of
- *suppuration of
- Calculus of intestines
- *Canal, alimentary, disease of
- Colon, impaction of
- *rupture of arch of
- *Colotomy
- Constipation
- Coprostasis
- Costiveness
- *Disease, intestinal
- *alimentary canal
- *bowels
- *intestines (undefined)
- *organic
- *rectum
- *Enteric, gastro-, hemorrhage
- Enterolith
- Enteroptosis
- *Enterostomy
- *Enterotomy
- *Enterorrhagia
- *Eructation of bowels
- Falling of rectum
- Fecal abscess
 - impaction
- Fever, stercoral
- Fissure of anus
- Fistula in ano
 - of anus
 - recto-vaginal
 - stercoral
- Foreign body in intestine
 - rectum
- *Gangrene of bowels
- *Gastroenteric hemorrhage
- *Hemorrhage, gastroenteric
- *of bowels
- *intestine
- Impaction, fecal
 - of colon
- Infiltration, stercoral

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

109. Other diseases of the intestines—Continued.

Inflammation of rectum
 *Intestinal disease
 Intestines, calculus of
 * disease of (undefined)
 * organic
 foreign body in
 * hemorrhage of
 * lesion, organic of
 * organic disease of
 * lesion of
 paralysis of
 paresis of
 * perforation of
 Ischiorectal abscess
 *Lesion, organic, of intestine
 Margin of anus, abscess of
 Melena
 *Mortification of bowels
 Neuralgia of bowels
 *Organic disease of intestines
 * lesion of intestines
 Paralysis of bowels
 intestines
 Paresis of bowels
 intestines
 *Perforation of bowels
 * intestines
 Proctitis
 *Proctectomy
 Proctitis
 peri-
 Proctoceles
 Proctoptosis
 Prolapse of rectum
 *Prolapsus (male)
 Rectal, ischio-, abscess
 Rectitis
 Recto-vaginal fistula
 Rectum, atresia of (acquired)
 * disease of
 falling of
 foreign body in
 inflammation of
 prolapse of
 * stricture of
 *Resection of bowels
 *Rupture of arch of colon
 Stercoral fever
 fistula
 infiltration
 Stercormia

109. Other diseases of the intestines—Continued.

*Stricture of rectum
 *Suppuration of bowels
 Vaginal, recto-, fistula
This title does not include:
 Artificial or unnatural anus (108)
 Imperforate anus (150)
 Intestines, invagination of, and its synonyms
 (108)
 Perityphlitis (118)
 Stercoral tumor (108)
 Typhlitis (118)
 Urinary fistula, even if involving rectum (124)

110. Acute yellow atrophy of the liver.

This title includes:

Acute yellow atrophy of liver
 Atrophy, acute yellow, of liver
 Disease, Weil's
 *Fever, icterus with
 Gravis, icterus
 Hepatitis, parenchymatous
 Icterus, gravis
 pernicious
 * with fever
 Jaundice, malignant
 Liver, acute yellow atrophy of
 Malignant jaundice
 Parenchymatous hepatitis
 Pernicious icterus
 Weil's disease
 Yellow atrophy of liver

acute

This title does not include:

Chronic icterus (114)
 Icterus of new-born (under 3 mos.) (151)
 (unqualified; 3 mos. and over) (114)

111. Hydatid tumors of the liver.

This title includes:

*Cyst, hydatid
 of liver
 Cysticerci of liver
 *Disease, hydatid
 Echinococci
 *Hydatid (unqualified)
 * cyst
 of liver
 * disease
 of liver
 * tumor
 Hydatid tumor of liver

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

111. Hydatid tumors of the liver—Continued.

Liver, cysticerci of
hydatid of
tumor of
*Tumor, hydatid
of liver

112. Cirrhosis of the liver.

This title includes:

Alcoholic cirrhosis
of liver
hepatitis
Amyloid degeneration of liver
liver
Atrophy of liver
slow, of liver
Biliary cirrhosis
Chronic hepatitis (3 mos. and over)

*Cirrhosis (unqualified)
alcoholic
of liver

biliary
* interstitial
of liver

Degeneration, amyloid, of liver
fatty, of liver

Fatty degeneration of liver
liver

Hepatic cirrhosis

Hepatitis, alcoholic
chronic (3 mos. and over)
interstitial

*Interstitial cirrhosis
hepatitis

Liver, alcoholic cirrhosis of
amyloid
degeneration of

atrophy of
cirrhosis of
fatty
degeneration of
nutmeg
sclerosis of
slow atrophy of
steatosis of

Nutmeg-liver

Sclerosis of liver

Slow atrophy of liver

Steatosis of liver

Frequent complications:

Dropsy

Hemorrhage

112. Cirrhosis of the liver—Continued.

Pneumonia

Tuberculosis

This title does not include:

Hypertrophy of liver (114)

Organic lesion of liver (114)

113. Biliary calculi.

This title includes:

Biliary calculus
lithiasis

Calculus, biliary
hepatic

Cholelithiasis

Colic, hepatic

Gall stone

impacted

Hepatic calculus

colic

Impacted gall stone

Lithiasis, biliary

chole-

Stone, gall

impacted

114. Other diseases of the liver.

This title includes:

Abscess, hepatic
of liver

tropical, of liver

Acholia

Acute hepatitis (3 mos. and over)

icterus (3 mos. and over)

jaundice (3 mos. and over)

Angiocholitis

*Bile passages, disease of

*Black jaundice

Bladder, gall-, rupture of

Cholangitis

*Cholecystectomy

Cholecystitis

*Cholecystotomy

Cholemia

Cholesteremia

Cholitis, angio-

Choluria

*Chronic icterus (3 mos. and over)

* jaundice (3 mos. and over)

*Complaint, liver

Congestion, hepatic
of liver

*Cystectomy, chole-

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

114. Other diseases of the liver—Continued.

- Cystitis, chole-
 hepato-
- *Cystotomy, chole-
- *Disease, hepatic
 - * of bile passages
 - * liver (undefined)
 - * organic
- *Dropsy, hepatic
 - Enlargement of liver
 - Gall-bladder, rupture of
 - Hemorrhage of liver
 - Hepatalgia
- *Hepatectomy
 - Hepatic abscess
 - * congestion
 - * disease
 - * dropsy
- Hepatitis (3 mos. and over)
 - acute (3 mos. and over)
 - of new-born (3 mos. and over)
- Hepatocystitis
- Hypertrophy of liver
- *Icterus (3 mos. and over)
 - * acute (3 mos. and over)
 - * chronic (3 mos. and over)
 - neonatorum (3 mos. and over)
 - neopartum (3 mos. and over)
 - of new-born (3 mos. and over)
- Inflammation of liver
- *Jaundice (3 mos. and over)
 - * acute (3 mos. and over)
 - * black (3 mos. and over)
 - * chronic (3 mos. and over)
 - * yellow (3 mos. and over)
- *Lesion, organic, of liver
 - Liver, abscess of
 - * complaint
 - * congestion of
 - * disease of (undefined)
 - * organic
 - enlargement of
 - hemorrhage of
 - hypertrophy of
 - inflammation of
 - organic lesion of
 - tropical abscess of
 - tumor of
 - * ulceration of
- *Morbus regius
 - Neonatorum, icterus (3 mos. and over)
 - Neopartum, icterus (3 mos. and over)

114. Other diseases of the liver—Continued.

- New-born, icterus of (3 mos. and over)
 - *Organic disease of liver
 - * lesion of liver
 - *Regius, morbus
 - *Rupture of gall-bladder
 - Tropical abscess of liver
 - *Tumor of liver
 - *Ulceration of liver
 - *Yellow jaundice (3 mos. and over)
- This title does not include:*
- Acute yellow atrophy of liver (110)
 - Icterus neonatorum (under 3 mos.) (151)

115. Diseases of the spleen.

This title includes:

- Abscess of spleen
- Atrophy of spleen
- *Disease of spleen
 - * organic
- *Enlargement of spleen
 - Inflammation of spleen
 - Lesion, organic, of spleen
- *Megalosplenitis
- *Organic disease of spleen
 - lesion of spleen
- *Rupture of spleen
 - Spleen, abscess of
 - atrophy of
 - disease of
 - enlargement of
 - inflammation of
 - organic disease of
 - lesion of
 - rupture of
 - tumor of
- *Splenicectomy
- *Splenitis, megalosplenitis
- *Splenocoele
- *Splenopathy
- *Splenotomy
- *Tumor of spleen

This title does not include:

- Leukemic diseases of the spleen (53)
- Malarial diseases of the spleen (4)

116. Simple peritonitis (nonpuerperal).

NOTE.—In a death of a female of child-bearing age returned as from "peritonitis," *unqualified*, or other similar terms in this list, the physician should be requested to state whether the disease was puerperal or not. Failing further information, the death should be classed under (116).

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

116. Simple peritonitis—Continued.*This title includes:*

- Acute peritonitis
- *Adhesion of peritoneum
- * peritoneal
- *Chronic peritonitis
- Epiploitis
- Idiopathic peritonitis
- Inflammation of peritoneum (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Inflammatory peritonitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Metropéritonitis (unqualified)
- Pelvic peritonitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Pelvipéritonitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- *Perforation, peritonitis from
- *Perforative peritonitis
- *Peritoneal adhesion
- *Peritoneum, adhesion of
 - inflammation of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Peritonitis, (unqualified)
 - acute
 - chronic
- * from perforation
- * idiopathic
- inflammatory (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- metro- (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- pelvi- (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- pelvic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- * perforative
- * septic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- simple
- * suppurative (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- *Septic peritonitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Simple peritonitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- *Suppurative peritonitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

This title does not include:

- Cancer of peritoneum (41)
- Puerperal peritonitis (137)
- Rheumatic peritonitis (47)
- Tuberculous peritonitis (29)

117. Other diseases of the digestive system (cancer and tuberculosis excepted).*This title includes:*

- Abscess of pancreas
- *Digestive system, disease of (undefined)
- *Disease of digestive system (undefined)

117. Other diseases of the digestive system—Con.

- Disease of pancreas
- Necrosis of pancreas
- Pancreas, abscess of
 - disease of
 - necrosis of
- Pancreatitis
- *System, digestive, disease of (undefined)

118. Appendicitis and abscess of the iliac fossa.*This title includes:*

- Abscess, appendicular
 - iliac
 - of iliac fossa
- Appendicitis
 - catarrhal
 - gangrenous
 - perforative
 - recurrent
 - suppurative
- Appendicular abscess
- * colic
- Appendix, inflammation of
- Catarrhal appendicitis
- Cecum, inflammation of
- *Colic, appendicular
- Fossa, iliac, abscess of
 - phlegmon of
- Gangrenous appendicitis
- Iliac abscess
 - fossa, abscess of
 - phlegmon of
- phlegmon
- Inflammation of appendix
 - cecum
- Perforative appendicitis
- Perityphlitis
- Phlegmon, iliac
 - of iliac fossa
- Recurrent appendicitis
- Suppurative appendicitis
- Typhlitis
 - peri-
- Typhlodiditis

This title does not include:

- Pelvic abscess (female)^a (130)
- suppuration (female)^a (130)
- Periuterine abscess (130)

^aAs "pelvic abscess" and "pelvic suppuration," occurring in males, could not be assigned with propriety to (130), as the absence of any qualification in the French text would imply, it might be inferred that these returns should remain, for males, under (118). The terms are so indefinite, as to location and nature of lesion, that the most general reference to abscess (141) seems as definite as the statements will warrant.

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

VI.—DISEASES OF THE GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM AND ITS ADNEXA.

NOTE.—This title does not include venereal diseases (36, 37, 38) when definitely stated as such.

119. Acute nephritis.

This title includes:

Acute Bright's disease
diffuse nephritis
inflammation of kidney
nephritis

diffuse

Bright's disease, acute
Diffuse nephritis, acute
Inflammation of kidney, acute
Nephritis, acute

diffuse

This title does not include:

Chronic nephritis (120)
Nephritis of pregnancy (138)
Scarlatinal nephritis (7)

120. Bright's disease.

This title includes:

*Absorption, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Albuminous nephritis
Albuminuria (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
Alcoholic nephritis
Amyloid degeneration of kidney
kidney

Bright's disease

chronic

Cardio-renal sclerosis

Chronic Bright's disease
diffuse nephritis
inflammation of kidney
nephritis

Cirrhosis, renal

*Coma, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Convulsions, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Degeneration, amyloid, of kidney
fatty, of kidney

*Delirium, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Dementia, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Diffuse nephritis

chronic

Disease, Bright's

chronic

120. Bright's disease—Continued.

Dropsy, renal

*Eclampsia, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Fatty degeneration of kidney

Gouty kidney

Granular kidney

Inflammation of kidney (unqualified)
chronic

Interstitial nephritis

*Intoxication, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Kidney, amyloid

degeneration of

chronic inflammation of

fatty degeneration of

gouty

granular

inflammation of (unqualified)
chronic

large white

sclerosis of

steatosis of

white, large

Nephria

Nephritis (unqualified)

albuminous

alcoholic

chronic

diffuse

diffuse

interstitial

parenchymatous

Parenchymatous nephritis

*Poisoning, uremic (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

Renal, cardio-, sclerosis

cirrhosis

dropsy

sclerosis

Sclerosis, cardio-renal

renal

Steatosis of kidney

*Uremia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Uremic absorption (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*coma (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*convulsions (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*delirium (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*dementia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

fied)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

120. Bright's disease—Continued.

- *Uremic eclampsia (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- * intoxication (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- * poisoning (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

White kidney, large

Frequent complications:

Anasarca
Cerebral apoplexy
Convulsions
Dropsy
Hemorrhage
Pneumonia

This title does not include:

Cardiac albuminuria (79)
Organic lesion of the kidney (121)
Puerperal uremia (138)

121. Other diseases of the kidneys and their adnexa.

This title includes:

Abscess, nephritic
of kidney
perinephritic

*Anuria

*Cachexia, renal

*Congestion of kidney

* renal

Cyst, renal

*Disease of kidney

* organic

Displaced kidney

*Dropsy of kidney

Ectopia, renal

Floating kidney

*Hematuria

*Hemorrhage of kidney

Hydronephrosis

*Ischuria

Kidney, abscess of

* congestion of

cyst of

* disease of

* organic

displaced

* dropsy of

ectopic

floating

* hemorrhage of

* lesion of, organic

121. Other diseases of the kidneys and their adnexa—Continued.

Kidney, movable

* organic lesion of
polycystic

* ulceration of

*Lesion, organic, of kidney

Movable kidney

*Nephrectomy

Nephritic abscess

peri-, abscess

phlegmon

Nephritis, peri-

pyelo-

Nephroptosis

Nephropyosis

*Nephrorrhagia

Nephrosis, hydro-

*Nephrotomy

*Organic disease of kidney

* lesion of kidney

Perinephritic abscess

phlegmon

Perinephritis

Phlegmon, perinephritic

Polycystic kidney

Pyelitis

Pyelonephritis

Pyonephrosis

Pyosis, nephro-

*Renal cachexia

* congestion

cyst

ectopia

*Stoppage of urine

*Suppression of urine

*Suspension of urine

*Ulceration of kidney

*Urine, stoppage of

* suppression of

* suspension of

122. Calculi of the urinary tract.

This title includes:

Bladder, calculus of
stone in

*Calculous disease

*Calculus (unqualified)

nephritic

of bladder

kidney

urinary tract

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

122. Calculi of the urinary tract—Continued.

Calculus, renal
 ureteral
 urethral
 urinary
 vesical
 Calculous pyelitis
 Colic, calculous
 nephritic
 renal
 Gravel
 *Lithiasis (unqualified)
 nephro-
 urinary
 Lithoclasty
 Lithotripsy
 Nephritic calculous
 colic
 Nephrolithiasis
 Pyelitis, calculous
 Renal calculus
 colic
 Stone
 in bladder
 Tract, urinary, calculus of
 Ureteral calculus
 Urethral calculus
 Urinary calculus
 lithiasis
 calculus
 Vesical calculus

This title does not include:

Calculus of prostate (125)

123. Diseases of the bladder.

This title includes:

Acute cystitis
 Bladder, catarrh of
 constriction of
 * disease of
 foreign body in
 hemorrhage of
 inertia of
 inflammation of
 * irritation of
 paralysis of
 paresis of
 * rupture of
 * section of
 * tumor of
 ulceration of
 Body, foreign, in bladder

123. Diseases of the bladder—Continued.

Catarrh of bladder
 ureteral
 vesical
 Chronic cystitis
 *Constriction of bladder
 Cystitis
 acute
 chronic
 Cystocele
 Cystoptosis
 Cystorrhagia
 *Cystotomy
 *Disease of bladder
 *Dysuria
 Foreign body in bladder
 Hemorrhage of bladder
 Incontinence of urine
 Inertia, vesical
 Inflammation of bladder
 *Irritation of bladder
 Paralysis of bladder
 Paresis, vesical
 Pyuria
 Retention of urine
 *Rupture of bladder
 *Section of bladder
 *Tumor of bladder
 Ulceration of bladder
 Ureteral catarrh
 Urine, incontinence of
 retention of
 Vesical catarrh
 inertia
 paresis

This title does not include:

Cystosarcoma (45)
 Hematuria (121)
 Urinary fistula, even when involving the bladder (124)

124. Diseases of the urethra, urinary abscess, etc.

This title includes:

Abscess, urethral
 urinary
 Ankylourethria
 Body, foreign, in urethra
 *Catarrh of urethra
 *Disease of urethra (undefined)
 * urinary organs (undefined)
 *Fever, urethral
 Fistula of urethra

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

124. Diseases of the urethra, urinary abscess, etc.—Continued.

Fistula, recto-vesical
urethro-rectal
urinary
vesico-metro-rectal
vesico-vaginal

Foreign body in urethra

*Infiltration, urinary

*Intoxication, urinary

Metro-rectal, vesico-, fistula

*Organs, urinary, disease of (undefined)

Rectal, urethro-, fistula

vesico-metro-, fistula

Recto-vesical fistula

Rupture of urethra

Stenosis, urethro-

Stricture (males)

of urethra

*Toxemia, urinary

*Urethra, catarrh of

* disease of (undefined)

fistula of

foreign body in

* rupture of

stricture of

Urethral abscess

* fever

Urethralgia

Urethroplasty

Urethro-rectal fistula

Urethrorrhagia

*Urethrorrhaphy

*Urethrostenosis

*Urethrotomy

Urinary abscess

fistula

* infiltration

* intoxication

* organs, disease of (undefined)

* toxemia

*Urinemia

Vaginal, vesico-, fistula

Vesical, recto-, fistula

Vesico-metro-rectal fistula

Vesico-vaginal fistula

This title does not include:

Retention of urine (123)

Ureteral catarrh (123)

125. Diseases of the prostate:

This title includes:

Abscess of prostate

125. Diseases of the prostate—Continued.

Calculus of prostate

Disease of prostate

Enlarged prostate

Enlargement of prostate gland

Gland, prostate, enlargement of

Hypertrophy of prostate

Prostate, abscess of

calculus of

disease of

enlarged

gland, enlargement of

hypertrophy of

Prostatectomy

Prostatitis

This title does not include:

Cancer of the prostate (45)

•Tuberculosis of the prostate (33)

126. Nonvenereal diseases of the male genital organs.

This title includes:

*Amputation of penis

*Castration (male)

Cellulitis, diffuse pelvic (male)

pelvic (male)

Cord [spermatic] hematocele of (male)

Diffuse pelvic cellulitis (male)

Disease, Malassez's

* of organs of generation (male)

* scrotum

* testicle (undefined)

Epididymitis

Funiculitis

*Generation, disease of organs of (male)

Hematocele (unqualified) (male)

of cord [spermatic] (male)

scrotum

testicle

pelvic (male)

Hydrocele

*Losses, seminal

Malassez's disease

*Male organs of generation, disease of

Orchitis

*Organs of generation, disease of (male)

Paraphimosis

Pelvic cellulitis (male)

diffuse (male)

hematocele (male)

*Penis, amputation of

Phimosis

para-

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

126. Nonvenereal diseases of the male genital organs—Continued.

- *Scrotum, disease of
 - hematocele of
- *Seminal losses
 - Spermatic cord, hematocele of
 - Spermatorrhea
- *Testicle, disease of (undefined)
 - hematocele of

Vaginalitis

This title does not include:

- Cancer of the testicle (45)
- Sarcohydrocele (45)
- Syphilitic sarcocele (36)
- Tuberculosis of testicle (33)
- Varicocele (83)

127. Metritis.

NOTE.—Inquiry should always be made in regard to terms returned under this title for deaths of females of child-bearing age as to whether the affection was puerperal or not.

This title includes:

- Cervix, ulcer of
- Endometritis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Inflammation of uterus (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - womb (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Metritis (unqualified)
 - * traumatic
- Neck of uterus, ulceration of
- *Traumatic metritis
- Ulcer of cervix
 - neck of uterus
 - uterus
- Uterus, inflammation of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - ulcer of
 - neck of
- Womb, inflammation of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - ulcer of
 - neck of

128. Uterine hemorrhage (nonpuerperal).

NOTE.—Many of the terms here included, when relating to deaths of females of child-bearing age, should be definitely stated as puerperal or not.

This title includes:

- Flooding (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Hemorrhage, internal uterine (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - intrauterine (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

128. Uterine hemorrhage—Continued.

- Hemorrhage of uterus (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - womb (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Internal uterine hemorrhage (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Intrauterine hemorrhage (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Menorrhagia
- Metrorrhagia (unqualified)
- *Tamponage of uterus
 - * vagina
- Uterine hemorrhage, internal (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Uterus, hemorrhage of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - * tamponage of
- *Vagina, tamponage of
 - Womb, hemorrhage of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

129. Uterine tumor (noncancerous).

This title includes:

- *Bleeding fibroid (female)
 - Body, fibroid, of uterus
 - Cervix of uterus, fibroid of
 - Disease, Huguier's
 - Fibrocyst of uterus
- *Fibroid (female)
 - * bleeding (female)
 - of body of uterus
 - cervix of uterus
 - uterus
 - submucous (female)
- * tumor (female)
 - of uterus
- *Fibroma (unqualified; female)
 - of uterus
- Fibroplastic tumor of female genital organs
- Fibrous tumor of uterus
- Fungosity of uterus
- Fungous growth of uterus
 - tumor of uterus
- Genital organs, female, fibroid tumor of
 - fibroplastic tumor of
- Growth, fungous, of uterus
- Huguier's disease
- Hysteromyoma
- Hysteromyectomy
- Myoma, hysteroma
 - of uterus
- Polypus of uterus

129. Uterine tumor—Continued.

Submucous fibroid (female)

- *Tumor, fibroid (female)
 - of uterus
 - fibroplastic, of female genital organs
 - fibrous, of uterus
 - fungous, of uterus
 - of uterus (noncancerous or unqualified)
- Uterus, fibrocyst of-
 - fibrocystic
 - fibroid body of
 - of cervix of tumor of
 - fibrous tumor of
 - fibroma of
 - fungosity of
 - fungous tumor of
 - myoma of
 - polypus of
 - tumor of (noncancerous or unqualified)

130. Other diseases of the uterus.*This title includes:*

- *Ablation of uterus
- *Abscess of pelvis (female)
 - uterus
 - periuterine
 - retrouterine
- *Amenorrhea
 - Anteflexion of uterus
 - Anteversión of uterus
- *Catarrh of uterus
 - * vagina
- Cellulitis, diffuse pelvic (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - * pelvic (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - periuterine (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- Cervix of uterus, hypertrophy of
- *Change of life
- *Climacteric disease (female)
- *Colic of uterus
- *Curetting (uterus)
 - Deviation of uterus
 - Diffuse pelvic cellulitis (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- *Disease of uterus, organic (undefined)
 - * womb (undefined)
- *Disordered menstruation
 - Dysmenorrhea
 - Falling of uterus

130. Other diseases of the uterus—Continued.

- Falling of vagina
 - womb
- Flexion, retro-, of uterus
- *Flow from vagina
- *Flux, white (female)
- *Gangrene of uterus
 - Hypertrophy of cervix of uterus
 - neck of uterus
- *Hysterectomy
- *Hysterotomy
- *Lesion, organic, of uterus
- *Leucorrhea
- *Life, change of
- *Menopause
- *Menses, suppression of
- *Menstruation, disordered
- *Metrotomy
- *Morbus climactericus
 - Neck of uterus, hypertrophy of
- *Organic disease of uterus
 - * lesion of uterus
- *Paramenia
 - Parametritis
- *Pelvic cellulitis, diffuse (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - * phlegmon (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - * suppuration (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- *Pelvis, abscess of (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - Periuterine abscess
 - cellulitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - phlegmon
- *Phlegmon, pelvic (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - periuterine
 - retrouterine
- Procidentia of uterus
- Prolapse of uterus
- *Prolapsus (female)
 - Prolongation of uterus
- Pyometra
- Retroflexion of uterus
- Retrouterine abscess
 - phlegmon
- Retroversion of uterus
- *Suppression of menses
- *Suppuration, pelvic (female; nonpuerperal or unqualified)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

130. Other diseases of the uterus—Continued.

- *Uterine colic
 - peri-, abscess
 - cellulitis
 - phlegmon
 - retro-, abscess
- *Uterus, ablation of
 - abscess of
 - anteflexion of
 - anteversion of
- * catarrh of
- * colic of
- * deviation of
- * disease of (undefined)
- * organic
 - falling of
- * gangrene of
- * hypertrophy of cervix of
 - neck of
- * organic lesion of
 - prolapse of
 - prolongation of
 - retroflexion of
 - retroversion of
- *Vagina, catarrh of
 - falling of
- * flow from
- Version, ante-, uterine
 - retro-, uterine
- *White flux (female)
- *Whites
- *Womb, disease of (undefined)
 - falling of

See also *Uterus*.

This title does not include:

- Abscess of the iliac fossa (118)
- Puerperal diseases (134) (141)

131. Cysts and other tumors of the ovary

This title includes:

- *Castration (female)
- *Cyst, dermoid (female)^a
 - of ovary
 - parovarian
- Cystoma of ovary
- *Dermoid cyst (female)^a
- *Dropsy, ovarian
- *Oophorectomy
 - Ovarian cyst
- * dropsy
 - tumor
- *Ovariectomy

131. Cysts and other tumors of the ovary—Cont'd.

- Ovary, cyst of
- Parovarian cyst
- Tumor, ovarian

^aWhile "dermoid cysts" are referred by the International Classification to tumors (46), it would seem that the great majority of those occurring in females can properly be classed under this title (131).

132. Other diseases of the female genital organs.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census Office, into two subtitles, as follows. (1) "Diseases of tubes," and (2) "Other diseases of the female genital organs," the latter being exclusive of the diseases of the Fallopian tubes separately stated. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (132) both of the following subtitles should be examined. In the practical use of the second subtitle in the condensed tables it is combined with certain titles (124, 125, 126) representing certain diseases of the male genital organs, and with nonpuerperal diseases of the breast (133), the whole forming a new title, "Other diseases of genito-urinary system," in which the total number of deaths of females, sex being always distinguished in the use of the condensed list, closely corresponds to the "Other diseases of the female genital organs" (subtitle).

[1. Diseases of tubes.]

NOTE.—This title is formed to agree with one in the former classification used by the Census Office. Many of the affections included are of gonorrheal origin and should be considered in connection with that disease (37, 38).

This title includes:

- Abscess, tubal
 - tubo-ovarian
- Catarrhal salpingitis
- Disease of tubes
- Dropsy of Fallopian tube
 - tube
- Fallopian tube, dropsy of
 - inflammation of
- Hematosalpinx
- Inflammation of Fallopian tube
- Metrosalpingitis (unqualified)
 - peri- (unqualified)
- Oophorectomy, salpingo-
- Oophoritis, salpingo-
- Ovarian, tubo-, abscess
- Ovaritis, salpingo-
- Purulent salpingitis
- Pus in tube
- Pyosalpinx
- Salpingectomy
- Salpingitis (unqualified)
 - catarrhal
 - metro- (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 - purulent
- Salpingo-oophorectomy
- Salpingo-oophoritis
- Salpingo-ovariitis

^aIndefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

132. Other diseases of the female genital organs—

Continued.

Salpinx
 hemato-
 pyo-
 Tubal abscess
 Tube, dropsy of
 Fallopian, dropsy of
 inflammation of
 pus in
 Tubes, disease of
 Tubo-ovarian abscess

[2. *Other diseases of the female genital organs.*]

NOTE.—This subtitle is combined with titles 124, 125, 126, and 133 in the condensed classification to form a new title, "Other diseases of genito-urinary system," in which the total number of deaths of *females*, sex being always stated in the tables employing it, corresponds very closely to this subtitle.

This title includes:

Abscess of ovary
 vulvo-vaginal glands
 vaginal
 Broad ligament, cyst of
 phlegmon of (nonpuerperal
 or unqualified)
 Cyst of broad ligament
 vulvo-vaginal glands
 *Disease of female organs of generation
 * organs of generation (female)
 * ovaries
 *Female organs of generation, disease of
 Fistula, vaginal
 *Generation, disease of organs of (female)
 Glands, vulvo-vaginal, abscess of
 cyst of
 *Hematocele (unqualified) (female)
 pelvic (female)
 periterine
 retroterine
 Ligament, broad, cyst of
 phlegmon of (nonpuerperal
 or unqualified)
 Oophoritis
 *Organs of generation, disease of (female)
 *Ovaries, disease of
 Ovaritis
 Ovary, abscess of
 Pelvic hematocele (female)
 Periterine hematocele

132. Other diseases of the female genital organs—
Continued.

Phlegmon of broad ligament (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 Retroterine hematocele
 Tumor of vagina (noncancerous or unqualified)
 Uterine, peri-, hematocele
 retro-, hematocele
 Vagina, tumor of (noncancerous or unqualified)
 Vaginal abscess
 fistula
 vulvo-, glands, abscess of
 cyst of
 Vaginismus
 Vulvitis
 Vulvo-vaginal glands, abscess of
 cyst of

This title (132) does not include:

Stercoral fistula, even when involving the genital organs (109)
 Urinary fistula, even when involving the genital organs (124)

133. Nonpuerperal diseases of the breast (cancer excepted).*This title includes:*

Abscess, mammary (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 of breast (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 *Amputation of breast (cause not specified)
 Breast, abscess of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 * amputation of (cause not specified)
 cyst of
 disease of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 tumor of (noncancerous or unqualified)
 Cyst of breast
 Cystic disease of Reclus
 Disease, cystic, of Reclus
 * of breast (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 Reclus's
 Fissure of nipple (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 Mammary abscess (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 Mammitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 Mastitis (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 Nipple, fissure of (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
 Reclus's disease
 Tumor of breast (noncancerous or unqualified)

This title does not include:

Fistula of the breast (puerperal) (141)
 Cancerous tumor of breast (43)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

VII.—THE PUERPERAL STATE.

NOTE.—The distinction between puerperal and nonpuerperal diseases should be carefully maintained. Whenever the death of a female of child-bearing age is reported from any disease which *may* have been puerperal, the physician should be requested to state whether or not it was puerperal. This applies to the following diseases:

Abscess of the breast
Eclampsia
Embolism
Hemorrhage
Lymphangitis
Metroperitonitis
Metrorrhagia
Pelvipерitonitis
Peritonitis
Phlebitis
Phlegmasia alba dolens
Septicemia
Sudden death

134. Accidents of pregnancy.

This title includes:

Abdominal pregnancy
Ablation of pregnant tube
Abortion (mother)
 tubal
Accident of pregnancy
Ante partum hemorrhage
Birth, immature (mother)
 premature (mother)
Cornual pregnancy
Ectopic pregnancy
Emesis gravidarum
Extra-uterine pregnancy
Gestation, tubal
Gravidarum, emesis
Gravidism
Hemorrhage, ante partum
 of pregnancy
Immature birth (mother)
Incoercible vomiting ^a (female; 15 to 44 years)
 of pregnancy
Miscarriage (mother)
Partum, ante, hemorrhage
Pernicious vomiting ^a (female; 15 to 44 years)
Pregnancy
 abdominal
 accident of
 cornual

134. Accidents of pregnancy—Continued.

Pregnancy
 ectopic
 extra-uterine
 hemorrhage of
 incoercible vomiting of
 ruptured tubal
 tubal
 rupture of
 uncontrollable vomiting of
 vomiting of
Pregnant tube, ablation of
Premature birth (mother)
Rupture of tubal pregnancy
Ruptured tubal pregnancy
Tubal abortion
 gestation
 pregnancy
 rupture of
Tube, pregnant, ablation of
Uncontrollable vomiting of pregnancy
Uterine, extra-, pregnancy
Vomiting, incoercible ^a (female; 15 to 44 years)
 of pregnancy
 of pregnancy
 incoercible
 uncontrollable
 pernicious ^a (female; 15 to 44 years)
 uncontrollable, of pregnancy

^aThe international classification places deaths from "uncontrollable vomiting" in "adult females" under title (134); it seems desirable to limit such assignment to those of child-bearing ages (15 to 44 years), placing others under (104).

135. Puerperal hemorrhage.

This title includes:

Apoplexy of placenta
Hemorrhage (puerperal)
 of uterus (puerperal)
 womb (puerperal)
 post partum
 unavoidable (puerperal)
Metrorrhagia (puerperal)
Partum, post-, hemorrhage
Placenta, apoplexy of
Post-partum hemorrhage
Puerperal hemorrhage
 metrorrhagia
Uterus, hemorrhage of (puerperal)
Womb, hemorrhage of (puerperal)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

136. Other accidents of labor.*This title includes:*

Accidents of labor
 Application of forceps (mother)
 Caesarean operation (mother)
 section (mother)
 Cephalotomy (mother)
 Cephalotripsy (mother)
 Craniotomy (mother)
 Difficult labor (mother)
 Diruptio uteri
 Disease of placenta (mother)
 Dystocia (mother)
 Embryotomy (mother)
 Foot presentation (mother)
 Forceps, application of (mother)
 Inversion of uterus
 Labor, accidents of
 difficult (mother)
 prolonged (mother)
 Laceration of perineum
 Malposition of placenta (mother)
 Malpresentation (mother)
 Metrorrhexia
 Operation, Caesarean (mother)
 forceps (mother)
 Perineorrhaphy
 Perineum, laceration of
 rupture of
 Placenta, disease of (mother)
 malposition of (mother)
 previa (mother)
 retention of
 separation of (mother)
 Presentation, foot (mother)
 Previa, placenta (mother)
 Prolonged labor (mother)
 Retention of placenta
 Rupture of perineum
 uterus
 Section, Caesarean (mother)
 Separation of placenta (mother)
 Symphysiotomy
 Uteri, diruptio
 Uterus, inversion of
 rupture of
 Version

137. Puerperal septicemia.*This title includes:*

Broad ligament, phlegmon of (puerperal)
 Cellulitis, diffuse pelvic (puerperal)

137. Puerperal septicemia—Continued.

Cellulitis, periuterine (puerperal)
 Childbed fever
 Endometritis (puerperal)
 Fever (puerperal)
 childbed
 * milk
 septic (puerperal)
 Infection (puerperal)
 septic (puerperal)
 Inflammatory peritonitis (puerperal)
 Intoxication, septic
 Ligament, broad, phlegmon of (puerperal)
 Lymphangitis (puerperal)
 Metritis (puerperal)
 Metroperitonitis (puerperal)
 Metrosalpingitis, peri- (puerperal)
 *Milk fever
 Pelvic cellulitis, diffuse (puerperal)
 peritonitis (puerperal)
 Pelviperitonitis (puerperal)
 Perimetrosalpingitis (puerperal)
 Peritonitis (puerperal)
 inflammatory (puerperal)
 metro- (puerperal)
 pelvi- (puerperal)
 puerperal pelvic
 septic
 Periuterine cellulitis (puerperal)
 Phlebitis (puerperal)
 Phlegmon of broad ligament (puerperal)
 Puerperal endometritis
 fever
 infection
 lymphangitis
 metritis
 metroperitonitis
 metrosalpingitis
 pelvic cellulitis, diffuse
 peritonitis
 pelviperitonitis
 perimetrosalpingitis
 peritonitis
 phlebitis
 pyemia
 pyohemia
 salpingitis
 sapremia
 sepsis
 Puerperal septic peritonitis
 septicemia

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

137. Puerperal septicemia—Continued.

Pyemia (puerperal)
 Pyohemia (puerperal)
 Salpingitis (puerperal)
 perimetro- (puerperal)
 Sapremia (puerperal)
 Sepsis (puerperal)
 Septic fever (puerperal)
 intoxication (puerperal)
 peritonitis (puerperal)
 Septicemia (puerperal)

This title does not include:

Septicemia (unqualified) (20)

138. Puerperal albuminuria and convulsions.

This title includes:

Absorption, uremic (puerperal)
 Albuminuria (puerperal)
 of pregnancy
 Coma (puerperal)
 uremic (puerperal)
 Convulsions (puerperal)
 epileptiform (puerperal)
 uremic (puerperal)
 Delirium, uremic (puerperal)
 Dementia, uremic (puerperal)
 Dropsy (puerperal)
 Eclampsia (puerperal)
 gravidarum
 puerperal (mother)
 uremic (puerperal)
 Epileptiform convulsions (puerperal)
 Gravidarum, eclampsia
 Intoxication, uremic (puerperal)
 Labor, eclampsia of (mother)
 Nephritis (puerperal)
 of pregnancy
 Poisoning, uremic (puerperal)
 Pregnancy, albuminuria of
 nephritis of
 Puerperal albuminuria
 coma
 uremic
 convulsions
 epileptiform
 dropsy
 eclampsia
 nephritis
 spasms
 tetanus
 uremia
 Tetanus (puerperal)

138. Puerperal albuminuria and convulsions—Continued.

Uremia (puerperal)
 Uremic absorption (puerperal)
 convulsions (puerperal)
 delirium (puerperal)
 dementia (puerperal)
 intoxication (puerperal)
 poisoning (puerperal)

139. Phlegmasia alba dolens (puerperal).

This title includes:

Alba dolens, phlegmasia (puerperal)
 Dolens, phlegmasia (puerperal)
 *Milk-leg (female)
 Phlegmasia alba dolens (puerperal)
 dolens (puerperal)
 Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens

Frequent complications:

Gangrene
 Embolism

This title does not include:

Phlegmasia alba dolens (nonpuerperal or unqualified) (82)

140. Other puerperal accidents—sudden death.

This title includes:

Accident (puerperal)
 Accouchement
 Birth, child-
 Childbed
 Childbirth
 Confinement
 Consequence of labor (mother)
 Death, sudden (puerperal)
 Delivery (mother)
 Embolism (puerperal)
 Insanity (puerperal)
 Labor
 consequence of (mother)
 Mania (puerperal)
 Parturition
 Puerperal accident
 embolism
 insanity
 mania
 sudden death
 syncope
 thrombosis
 Puerperium, sudden death in
 Subinvolution of uterus

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

140. Other puerperal accidents—sudden death—Continued.

Sudden death (puerperal)

Syncope (puerperal)

Thrombosis (puerperal)

Uterus, subinvolution of

This title does not include:

Puerperal scarlatina (7)

Sudden death (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
(178)**141. Puerperal diseases of the breast.***This title includes:*Abscess, mammary (puerperal)
of breast (puerperal)Breast, abscess of (puerperal)
disease of (puerperal)
fistula of (puerperal)

Fissure of nipple (puerperal)

Fistula of breast (puerperal)

Mammary abscess (puerperal)

Mammitis (puerperal)

Mastitis (puerperal)

Nipple, fissure of (puerperal)

Puerperal abscess of breast

fissure of nipple

mammitis

mastitis

VIII.—DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND CELLULAR TISSUE.**142. Gangrene.***This title includes:*

*Bed-sores

Cancrum oris

*Canker

*Cankering

Disease, Raynaud's

Dry gangrene

*Eschar

Extremities, gangrene of

Foot, gangrene of

Gangrene (unqualified)

dry

hospital

moist

of extremities

foot

mouth

penis

vulva

senile

142. Gangrene—Continued.

Hospital gangrene

Moist gangrene

Mortification

of mouth

Mouth, gangrene of

mortification of

Noma

Oris, cancrum

Penis, gangrene of

*Phagedena

*Sloughing

Raynaud's disease

Senile gangrene

*Sloughing phagedena

*Sores, bed-

Sphacelus

Vulva, gangrene of

This title does not include:

Gangrene of the lung (96)

Gangrenous erysipelas ^a (18)

Hernial gangrene (108)

^a See reference under (18).**143. Carbuncle.***This title includes:*

Carbuncle

Furuncle

This title does not include:

Aleppo button (145)

Anthrax ^a (22)

Biskra button (145)

Medina button (145)

^a The word "anthrax" will be taken in the sense in which it is ordinarily employed in each country; as "an aggregation of furuncles" (143) in French-speaking countries, and as "malignant pustule" (22) in Russia. Probably the latter rule should be followed in the United States but inquiry should always be made when possible to ascertain whether "malignant pustule" was actually intended**144. Acute abscess, phlegmon.***This title includes:*

*Abdomen, abscess of

*Abscess (unqualified)

*acute

*cervical

*exhaustion from

*internal

mediastinal

*of abdomen

mediastinum

nates

*neck

*pelvis (male) ^a^a Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

144. Acute abscess, phlegmon—Continued.

- *Abscess of side
- * thigh
- * subphrenic
- * warm
- *Acute abscess
- Adenitis, suppurative
- Adenophlegmon
- *Bubo (unqualified)
- * suppurating
- *Cavity, pus
- *Cellulitis
- *Cervical abscess
- *Diffuse phlegmon
- *Exhaustion from abscess
- *Groin, ulcer of
- Inguinal lymphadenitis
- *Internal abscess
- Lymphadenitis, inguinal
- Mediastinal abscess
- Mediastinum, abscess of
- Nates, abscess of
- *Neck, abscess of
- Panaris
- *Pelvis, abscess of (male)^a
- * suppuration of (male)^a
- *Phlegmon
- adeno-
- * diffuse
- * pelvic (male)^a
- *Phlegmonous tumor
- *Pus-cavity
- *Side, abscess of
- *Subphrenic abscess
- *Suppurating bubo
- *Suppuration of pelvis (male)^a
- Suppurative adenitis
- *Thigh, abscess of
- *Tumor, phlegmonous
- *Ulcer of groin
- *Warm abscess
- Whitlow

This title does not include:

- Abscess by congestion (31)
 - cold (31)
 - of the breast (nonpuerperal) (133)
 - (puerperal) (141)
 - fauces (101)
 - iliac fossa (118)
 - liver (114)
 - pelvis (female) (130)
 - prostate (125)

145. Other diseases of the skin and its adnexa—

Continued.

Filaria of Aleppo

Biskra

Medina

Fistulous ulcer

Fungoid mycosis

Head, scald-
scalded-

Herpes

zoster

Impetigo

*Inflammation of face

navel (3 mos. and over)

Lactea, crusta

Laminated tissue, emphysema of

Lichen

Malignant pemphigus

Medina button

filaria of

Mentagra

Milk-crust

Mycosis, fungoid

Myiasis

Navel, inflammation of (3 mos. and over)

Nettle rash

Neurosis, tropho-

Pachydermatitis

*Papulae (unqualified)

Pemphigus

malignant

Penjdeh ulcer

Pityriasis

Prurigo

Psoriasis

Rash, nettle

Rheum, salt-

Salt-rheum

Scald-head

Scalded-head

Sclerema (3 mos. and over)

Scleroderma

Seborrhea

Serpiginous ulcer

Shingles

*Skin, disease of (undefined)

Subcutaneous emphysema

Sweat, fetid

Sycosis

*System, cutaneous, disease of (undefined)

*Tissue, cellular, disease of

emphysema of

145. Other diseases of the skin and its adnexa—

Continued.

*Tissue, laminated, emphysema of

Trophoneurosis

*Ulcer

Cochin-China

fistulous

Penjdeh

serpiginous

*Ulceration

Umbilical cellulitis (3 mos. and over)

Urticaria

Vicious cicatrix

Wardrop's disease

Zona

Zoster, herpes

This title does not include:

Elephantiasis graecorum (17)

Pachydermatous cachexia (89)

**IX.—DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF
LOCOMOTION.****146. Nontuberculous diseases of the bones.***This title includes:*

Abscess, mastoid

of frontal sinus

maxillary sinus

Arthritis, osteo-

Body, foreign, in frontal sinus

*Bone, caries of

disease of (tuberculosis excepted)

* -fever

inflammation

* necrosis of

* softening of

Bony tumor

*Caries

* of bone

Cranium, tumor of

Curvature of spine

Cyphosis

Deformans, osteitis

Disease of bone (tuberculosis excepted)

Emphysema of frontal sinus

Exostosis

*Fever, bone-

* -sore

Foreign body in frontal sinus

Frontal sinus, abscess of

emphysema of

foreign body in

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

146. Nontuberculous diseases of the bones—Cont'd.

Inflammation of bone
 Kyphosis
 Lordosis
 Mastoid abscess
 Mastoiditis
 *Maxilla, necrosis of (unqualified)
 Maxillary sinus, abscess of
 Mollities ossium
 Myelitis, osteo-
 *Necrosis
 * of bone
 * maxilla (unqualified)
 Osseous tumor
 Ossium, mollities
 Osteitis
 deformans
 Osteo-arthritis
 Osteodynia
 Osteoma
 Osteomalacia
 Osteomyelitis
 Osteoperiostitis
 of palate
 Ostitis, osteo-peri-
 peri-
 Palate, osteoperiostitis of
 Palatine vault, perforation of
 Perforation of palatine vault
 Periostitis
 osteo-
 of palate
 Periostosis
 Rachitis
 Rickets
 Scoliosis
 *Sequestrum
 Sinus, frontal, abscess of
 emphysema of
 foreign body in
 maxillary, abscess of
 Skull, tumor of
 Softening of bones
 *Sore, fever-
 Spine, curvature of
 Tumor, bony
 of cranium
 skull
 osseous
 Vault, palatine, perforation of
This title does not include:
 Caries of the petrous bone (76)

146. Nontuberculous diseases of the bones—Cont'd.

Dental caries (100)
 Osteocopic pains (36)
 Osteosarcoma (45)
 Necrosis of maxilla (from phosphorus) (58)

147. Arthritis and other diseases of the joints (tuberculosis and rheumatism excepted).

This title includes:

*Abscess of joints
 *Acute inflammation of knee
 *Ankylosis
 * general
 Arthralgia
 *Arthrectomy
 *Arthritis
 * poly- (not of vertebrae)
 *Arthrocele
 *Arthrodynia
 *Arthrophytis
 *Arthropysosis
 *Arthrosis, hydr-
 Body, foreign, in joint
 *Chronic inflammation of knee
 *Disease of joint
 * knee-joint
 Foreign body in joint
 *General ankylosis
 Genu valgum
 *Hydrarthrosis
 *Inflammation of joint
 * knee (unqualified)
 * acute
 * chronic
 *Joint, abscess of
 * disease of
 foreign body in
 * inflammation of
 * knee, disease of
 * suppuration of
 *Knee, inflammation of (unqualified)
 * acute
 * chronic
 *Knee-joint, disease of
 *Polyarthritis (not of vertebrae)
 *Purulent synovitis
 *Pyosis, arthro-
 *Suppuration of joint
 *Synovitis
 * purulent
 Valgum, genu

This title does not include:

Rheumatic arthritis (47)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

148. Amputation.

NOTE.—“Amputation” or “surgical operation,” *unqualified*, should not be accepted as the cause of death in any case. When so returned the physician should be requested to state specifically the disease or other cause rendering the operation necessary. This applies also to “shock” or “surgical shock.” When death follows any surgical operation, the fact that an operation was performed should be stated and the character of the operation specified, but only as an incident.

This title includes:

*Amputation (cause unspecified)

Frequent complications:

Erysipelas

Hemorrhage

Septicemia

Tetanus

This title does not include:

Amputation of breast (133)

penis (126)

149. Other diseases of the organs of locomotion.

This title includes:

Chondritis

Diastasis, muscular
myo-

*Disarticulation

Disease, Dupuytren's

* of locomotor system (undefined)

* organs of locomotion
tendons

Dupuytren's disease

Fingers, retraction of

Flatfoot, painful

Hygroma

*Locomotion, disease of organs of

*Locomotor system, disease of (undefined)

*Lumbago

Muscular diastasis

Myodiastasis

*Organs of locomotion, disease of

Perichondritis

Retraction of fingers

Rupture of muscle (nontraumatic or unqualified)

tendon (nontraumatic)

Synovitis, teno-

*System, locomotor, disease of (undefined)

Talipes valgus, painful

Tarsalgia

Tendon, rupture of (nontraumatic)

Tendons, disease of

Tenophytes

Tenorrhaphy

Tenosynovitis

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

149. Other diseases of the organs of locomotion—

Continued.

*Tenotomy

Torticollis

X.—MALFORMATIONS.**150. Congenital malformations (stillbirths excluded).**

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census Office, into three subtitles as follows: (1) “Hydrocephalus,” (2) “Congenital malformation of heart (cyanosis),” and (3) “Other congenital malformations.” For the complete inclusion of the general title above (150) all of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Hydrocephalus.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from “Congenital malformations” (150). Inquiry should be made as to whether the diseases included were tuberculous in character, in which case they should be referred to title 28.

This title includes:

*Brain, dropsy of

* water on

Chronic hydrocephalus

Congenital hydrocephalus

*Dropsy of brain

*Head, water in

*Hydrocephalus (unqualified)

chronic

congenital

*Megalcephalus

*Water on brain

[2. Congenital malformation of heart (cyanosis).]

NOTE.—“Cyanosis,” unqualified, is usually due to congenital malformation of heart, but a definite statement should always be secured if possible. Formerly this cause was assigned to organic heart disease.

This title includes:

*Blue baby

* disease

Botal, foramen of, nonclosure of
persistence of

Ceruleus, morbus

Congenital heart disease

*Cyanosis (due to malformation of heart or unqualified)

(persistence of foramen ovale or foramen of Botal)

*Disease, blue

heart, congenital

Foramen of Botal, nonclosure of

persistence of

ovale, patent

persistence of

150. Congenital malformations—Continued.

Heart disease, congenital
 malformation of
 Malformation of heart
 Morbus ceruleus
 Nonclosure of foramen of Botal
 ovale
 Ovale, persistent foramen
 Patent foramen ovale
 Persistence of foramen of Botal
 ovale

[3. Other congenital malformations.]

NOTE.—This subtitle corresponds to title 150 exclusive of "Hydrocephalus" and "Congenital malformation of heart (cyanosis)" separately stated.

This title includes:

Abnormality
 congenital
 Anaspidias
 Anomaly
 Anus, imperforate
 occlusion of (infant)
 Arrest of development
 Atresia of rectum (congenital)
 Bifida, spina
 Cleft palate
 Clubfoot, congenital
 Congenital abnormality
 clubfoot
 deformity
 eventration
 spina bifida
 Cryptorchid
 Deformity, congenital
 Development, arrest of
 Ectopia
 Encephalocele
 Epispadias
 Equinus, talipes
 Eventration, congenital
 Exomphalos
 Flatfoot, congenital
 Harelip
 Hydrorachia
 Hydrorachitis
 Hypospadias
 Imperforate anus
 Imperforation of intestine
 Intestine, imperforation of
 Lip, hare-

150. Congenital malformations—Continued.

Malformation
 Meningocele
 Monstrosity
 Nevus, vascular
 Occlusion of anus (infant)
 Omphalocele
 Palate, cleft
 Podencephalus
 Polydactylia
 Rectum, atresia of (congenital)
 Spina bifida
 congenital
 Syndactylia
 Talipes equinus
 valgus
 varus
 Valgus, talipes
 Varus, talipes
 Vascular nevus

This title (150) does not include:

Acquired hydrocephalus (74)
 Coloboma (75)
 Tuberculous hydrocephalus (28)

XI.—EARLY INFANCY.

NOTE.—Only deaths of infants under 3 months of age are classed under this title. Many of the terms included are indefinite in character, and should yield precedence to any more definite statements of cause of death with which they may be jointly returned.

151. Congenital debility, icterus, and sclerema.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided for the use of the United States Census Office into two subtitles, as follows: (1) "Premature birth," and (2) "Congenital debility," to the latter of which, as used in the condensed tables, titles 152 and 153 have been added. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (151), both of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Premature birth.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 151. Only deaths of infants under 3 months of age, not stillborn, are compiled under this head. If stillborn, or if the child did not live any time whatever, no matter how brief, after birth, the case should not be compiled as a death, even though "premature birth" be assigned as the cause of the stillbirth. Registrars should make inquiry and obtain definite information in such cases.

This title includes:

Birth, immature (child, not stillborn)
 premature (child, not stillborn)
 Immature birth (child, not stillborn)
 Miscarriage (child, not stillborn)
 Premature birth (child, not stillborn)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

151. Congenital debility, icterus, and sclerema— Continued.

[2. Congenital debility.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is exclusive of deaths from "Premature birth" (not stillborn) separately stated. Only deaths of infants under 3 months of age are classed under this title.

This title includes:

- Acute hepatitis (under 3 mos.)
- icterus (under 3 mos.)
- jaundice (under 3 mos.)
- *Adynamia (under 3 mos.)
- * ataxo- (under 3 mos.)
- *Age (under 3 mos.)
- *Apnea (under 3 mos.)
- *Asthenia (under 3 mos.)
- *Ataxo-adynamia (under 3 mos.)
- Atelectasis (under 3 mos.)
 - neonatorum (under 3 mos.)
 - of lung (under 3 mos.)
- *Atrophy (under 3 mos.)
- * infantile (under 3 mos.)
- *Birth, sick from (under 3 mos.)
- Black jaundice (under 3 mos.)
- *Cachexia (under 3 mos.)
- Collapse of lung (under 3 mos.)
- *Congenital debility (under 3 mos.)
- *Debility (under 3 mos.)
 - congenital (under 3 mos.)
- Edema of new-born (under 3 mos.)
- *Emaciation (under 3 mos.)
- *Exhaustion (cause unspecified) (under 3 mos.)
- *General debility (under 3 mos.)
- Hepatitis (under 3 mos.)
 - acute (under 3 mos.)
 - chronic (under 3 mos.)
 - of new-born (under 3 mos.)
- Icterus (under 3 mos.)
 - acute (under 3 mos.)
 - chronic (under 3 mos.)
 - neonatorum (under 3 mos.)
 - neopartum (under 3 mos.)
 - of new-born (under 3 mos.)
- *Infantile atrophy (under 3 mos.)
- Jaundice (under 3 mos.)
 - acute (under 3 mos.)
 - chronic (under 3 mos.)
 - of new-born (under 3 mos.)
 - yellow (under 3 mos.)
- Lung, atelectasis of (under 3 mos.)
- collapse of (under 3 mos.)

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

Transition (under 3 mos.)

151. Congenital debility, icterus, and sclerema— Continued.

- Lung, paralysis of (under 3 mos.)
- *Malassimilation (under 3 mos.)
- *Marasmus (under 3 mos.)
- Neonatorum, atelectasis (under 3 mos.)
- icterus (under 3 mos.)
- Neopartum, icterus (under 3 mos.)
- New-born, atelectasis of lung of (under 3 mos.)
- edema of (under 3 mos.)
- hepatitis of (under 3 mos.)
- icterus of (under 3 mos.)
- jaundice of (under 3 mos.)
- Paralysis of lung (under 3 mos.)
- *Prostration (under 3 mos.)
- Pulmonary insufficiency (under 3 mos.)
- Sclerema (under 3 mos.)
- *Sick from birth (under 3 mos.)
- *Vitality, want of (under 3 mos.)
- *Want of vitality (under 3 mos.)
- *Wasting (under 3 mos.)

152. Other diseases peculiar to early infancy.

NOTE.—Only deaths of infants under 3 months of age are classed under this title.

This title includes:

- *Asphyxia (unqualified; under 3 mos.)
- neonatorum (under 3 mos.)
- Cellulitis, umbilical (under 3 mos.)
- Cord, hemorrhage of [umbilical] (under 3 mos.; not stillborn)
- inflammation of [umbilical] (under 3 mos.)
- Cyanosis (not due to malformation of heart; under 3 mos.)
- *Disease, infantile (under 3 mos.)
- of navel (under 3 mos.)
- Hemorrhage of cord [umbilical] (under 3 mos.; not stillborn)
- navel (under 3 mos.; not stillborn)
- new-born (under 3 mos.)
- umbilical (under 3 mos.; not stillborn)
- *Infantile disease (under 3 mos.)
- Inflammation of cord [umbilical] (under 3 mos.)
- navel (under 3 mos.)
- umbilicus (under 3 mos.)
- Navel, disease of (under 3 mos.)

152. Other diseases peculiar to early infancy—Continued.

- Navel, hemorrhage of (under 3 mos.; not stillborn)
- inflammation of (under 3 mos.)
- Neonatorum, asphyxia (under 3 mos.)
- New-born, hemorrhage of (under 3 mos.)
- Umbilical cellulitis (under 3 mos.)
- hemorrhage (under 3 mos.; not stillborn)
- Umbilicus, inflammation of (under 3 mos.)

153. Lack of care.

NOTE.—Only deaths of infants under 3 months of age are classed under this title.

This title includes:

- Care, lack of (under 3 mos.)
- of new-born (under 3 mos.)

*Cold (under 3 mos.)^a

*Deficient nutrition (under 3 mos.)

Destitution (under 3 mos.)

*Exposure (under 3 mos.)

*Food, improper (under 3 mos.)

*Improper food (under 3 mos.)

~~*Inanition (under 3 mos.)~~

- Lack of care (under 3 mos.)
- of new-born (under 3 mos.)
- nourishment (under 3 mos.)

*Neglect (under 3 mos.)

*Nourishment, lack of (under 3 mos.)

*Nutrition, deficient (under 3 mos.)

Privation (under 3 mos.)

Starvation (under 3 mos.)

^a "Cold," *unqualified*, is too indefinite for proper classification. Physicians should be requested to make a more specific statement. When it is reasonably possible that actual cold (temperature) was intended, as in the northern United States from October to March, the death may be compiled under (170) or, for infants under 3 months of age (153). Otherwise it may be compiled under (87) in the sense of coryza.

XII.—OLD AGE.**154. Senile debility.**

NOTE.—"Old age" is a very indefinite and unsatisfactory return as a cause of death. It is usually due to carelessness on the part of the physician, and a more specific statement should be required. When returned in connection with other and more definite causes of death it should be subordinated to them in compilation.

This title includes:

- Age (60 years and over)
- old
- Aged, cachexia of
- debility of
- dementia of
- exhaustion of
- marasmus of

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

154. Senile debility—Continued.

- Atrophy, senile
- Cachexia of aged
- old
- senile
- Debility of aged
- senile
- Dementia of aged
- senile
- Exhaustion of aged
- senile
- Gatism, senile
- Imbecility, senile
- Marasmus of aged
- senile
- Old age
- cachexia of
- Senectus
- Senile atrophy
- cachexia
- debility
- dementia
- exhaustion
- gatism
- imbecility
- marasmus
- Senility

This title does not include:

- Senile gangrene (142)

XIII.—EXTERNAL CAUSES.

NOTE.—The proper classification of deaths from these causes requires the clearest possible distinction to be made in cases which may be due to either suicide, homicide, or simple accident. When the cause has been officially determined (coroner's inquest or health officer's examination) the facts should be carefully stated. In other cases careful inquiry should be made to develop them. Deaths should only be classed under suicide when it is clear that self-destruction was attempted. When uncertain, such cases should be given the benefit of the doubt and considered "accidental." In collective suicides, minors should be considered as murdered and placed under (176).

155. Suicide by poison.

This title includes:

- Absorption of a corrosive substance (suicidal)
- vitriol (suicidal)
- Acid, sulphuric, absorption of (suicidal)
- Corrosive substance, absorption of a (suicidal)
- Poisoning (suicidal)
- Suicide by absorption of a corrosive substance
- poison
- Sulphuric acid, absorption of (suicidal)
- Vitriol, absorption of (suicidal)
- Voluntary poisoning (suicidal)

155. Suicide by poison—Continued.*This title does not include:*

- Cocainism (59)
- Morphinism (59)

156. Suicide by asphyxia.*This title includes:*

- Absorption of carbonic oxide (suicidal)
 - chloroform (suicidal)
 - deleterious gases (suicidal)

Asphyxia (suicidal)

- by charcoal gas (suicidal)
- chloroform (suicidal)
- coal gas (suicidal)
- gas (suicidal)
- illuminating gas (suicidal)

Carbonic oxide, absorption of (suicidal)

Charcoal gas (suicide by)

vapor (suicide by)

Chloroform, absorption of (suicidal)

asphyxia by (suicidal)

Coal gas, asphyxia by (suicidal)

Deleterious gases, absorption of (suicidal)

Gas, charcoal (suicide by)

- coal, asphyxia by (suicidal)
- deleterious, absorption of (suicidal)
- inhalation of (suicidal)
- illuminating, asphyxia by (suicidal)
- noxious, inhalation of (suicidal)

Illuminating gas, asphyxia by (suicidal)

Inhalation of noxious gases (suicidal)

Noxious gases, inhalation of (suicidal)

Oxide, carbonic, absorption of (suicidal)

Suffocation by gas or vapor (suicidal)

Suicide by asphyxia

charcoal vapor

Vapor, charcoal, suicide by

157. Suicide by hanging or strangulation.*This title includes:*

- Hanging (suicidal)
- Strangulation (suicidal)
- Suicide by hanging
 - strangulation

158. Suicide by drowning.*This title includes:*

- Drowning (suicidal)
- Submersion (suicidal)
- Suicide by drowning
 - submersion

159. Suicide by firearms.*This title includes:*

- Firearms, suicide by
 - wound by (suicidal)
- Shooting, suicide by
- Suicide by firearms
 - shooting
- Wound by firearms (suicidal)

160. Suicide by cutting instruments.*This title includes:*

- Cuts (suicidal)
 - knife (suicidal)
- Cutting instruments, wounds by (suicidal)
 - throat, suicide by
- Instruments, cutting, wound by (suicidal)
- Suicide by cutting instruments
 - throat
- Throat, cutting (suicide)
- Wound by cutting instruments (suicidal)

161. Suicide by jumping from high places.*This title includes:*

- Suicide by jumping from high places

162. Suicide by crushing.*This title includes:*

- Crushing (suicidal)
- Suicide by crushing

163. Other suicides.*This title includes:*

- Suicidal wound
- Suicide (undefined)
- Traumatism (suicidal)

164. Fractures.*This title includes:*

- Compound fracture
- Cranium, fracture of
- Epiphyses, separation of
- Fracture
 - compound
 - of cranium
 - neck
 - skull
 - spine
 - thigh
- Neck, fracture of
- Separation of epiphyses

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

164. Fractures—Continued.

Skull, fracture of
Spine, fracture of
Thigh, fracture of

165. Dislocations.

This title includes:

Dislocation
 of hip
 neck
Hip, dislocation of
Ligament, stretching of
Luxation
 of vertebrae
 sub-
Neck, dislocation of
Sprains
Stretching of ligaments.
Subluxation
Vertebrae, luxation of

166. Other accidental traumatisms.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census Office, into six subtitles, as follows: (1) "Accidental gunshot wounds;" (2) "Injuries by machinery;" (3) "Injuries in mines and quarries;" (4) "Railroad accidents and injuries;" (5) "Injuries by horses and vehicles;" and (6) "Other accidental traumatisms." The latter also contains, as used in the condensed classification, the unimportant residues of deaths from external causes corresponding to titles 168, 171 (exclusive of deaths from lightning), 173 and 176 (exclusive of certain causes separately stated). For the complete inclusion of the general title above (166) all of the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. *Accidental gunshot wounds.*]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 166.

This title includes:

Firearms, wounds by (accidental or unqualified)
Gunshot wounds (accidental or unqualified)
Shot (accidental or unqualified)
Wound by firearms (accidental or unqualified)
 gunshot (accidental or unqualified)

[2. *Injuries by machinery.*]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 166.

This title includes:

Injury by machinery

[3. *Injuries in mines and quarries.*]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 166.

This title includes:

Accident (in mine or quarry)
Asphyxia (from gas in mine)

166. Other accidental traumatisms—Continued.

Injury (in mine or quarry)
Mining accident

[4. *Railroad accidents and injuries.*]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 166. It includes all accidents and injuries occurring in or from the operation of steam roads.

This title includes:

Accident (on railroad)
Collision (on railroad)
Crushed by bumpers
Derailment (of train)
Fell from car
Injury (on railroad)
Killed (on railroad)
Run over (by locomotive or train)
Railroad accident
 injury by
Struck by locomotive
 train

[5. *Injuries by horses and vehicles.*]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 166. It includes all accidents and injuries caused by horses and vehicles.

[6. *Other accidental traumatisms.*]

NOTE.—This title contains the residue of title 166, exclusive of (1) "Accidental gunshot wounds;" (2) "Injuries by machinery;" (3) "Injuries in mines and quarries;" (4) "Railroad accidents and injuries;" and (5) "Injuries by horses and vehicles." These are separately stated preceding.

This title includes:

Abdomen, contusion of
 perforation of
Accidental fall
Artery, femoral, severing of
Bite (nonvenomous)
 (nonvirulent)
 of insect
Bladder, wound of
Body, falling, injury by
Brain, concussion of
 contusion of
 laceration of
 wound of
Cavity, thoracic, perforation of
Chest, penetrating wound of
 perforation of
Concussion of brain
 spinal cord
 spine

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

166. Other accidental traumatisms—Continued.

- Contusion
 - of abdomen
 - brain
- Cord, spinal, concussion of
- Cranium, perforation of
- Crushing (accidental or unqualified)
- Cuts (accidental or unqualified)
 - knife (accidental or unqualified)
- Cutting instruments, wound by (accidental or unqualified)
- Eventration, traumatic
- Evisceration
- Explosion
- Fall
- Falling body, injury by
- Femoral artery, severing of
- Fever, traumatic
- Gangrene, traumatic
- General laceration (cause or nature unspecified)
- Hemorrhage, traumatic
- Injury by falling body
- Insect, bite of
- Instrument, cutting, wound by (accidental or unqualified)
- Knife-cuts (accidental or unqualified)
- Knife-stabs (accidental)
- Laceration, general (cause or nature unspecified)
 - of brain
- Lesion of palate, traumatic
- Meningitis, traumatic
- Muscle, rupture of (traumatic)
- Palate, traumatic lesion of
- Penetrating wound of chest
- Perforation of abdomen
 - chest
 - cranium
 - skull (cause undefined)
 - stomach (traumatic)
 - thoracic cavity
 - thorax
- * traumatic (of any organ)
- Rupture of muscle (traumatic)
 - tendon (traumatic)
- Severing of femoral artery
- Shock, traumatic
- Skull, perforation of (cause undefined)
- Spinal cord, concussion of
- Spine, concussion of
- Stabs, knife- (accidental)

166. Other accidental traumatisms—Continued.

- Stomach, perforation of (traumatic)
- Thoracic cavity, perforation of
- *Thorax, perforation of
- Traumatic eventration
 - fever
 - gangrene
 - hemorrhage
 - lesion of palate
 - meningitis
 - perforation (of any organ)
 - shock
- Traumatism of any organ (accidental or unqualified)
- Wound (unqualified)
 - by cutting instruments, etc. (accidental or unqualified)
 - of bladder
 - brain
 - chest, penetrating

167. Burns and scalds.

This title includes:

- Boiling liquid, burns by
- water, burns by
- Burns
 - by boiling liquid
 - water
 - coal oil
 - fire
 - gasoline
 - kerosene
 - petroleum
 - steam
- Coal oil, burns by
- Fire, burns by
- Gasoline, burns by
- Kerosene, burns by
- Liquid, boiling, burns by
- Petroleum, burns by
- Scald
- Steam, burns by
- Water, boiling, burns by

This title does not include:

- Conflagration (174)

168. Burns from corrosive substances.

This title includes:

- Acid, sulphuric, burning by ^a
- Burns by corrosive substances
 - sulphuric acid ^a
 - vitriol ^a

^aIndefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

168. Burns from corrosive substances—Continued.

Corrosive substances, burns by

Sulphuric acid, burns by ^aVitriol, burns by ^a^a“*Throwing* of sulphuric acid” should be classed with homicide under title (176).**169. Sunstroke.***This title includes:**Coup de soleil*

Effect of heat

Excessive heat

*Fever, thermic ^aHeat, effect of
excessive
stroke

Insolation

Soleil, coup de

Stroke, heat

Sunstroke

*Thermic fever ^a^aTo be classed here when equivalent to sunstroke or fever caused by excessive heat. The term may be returned as merely indicative of a fever attended by a high bodily temperature, in which case it should be considered indefinite (179).**170. Freezing.***This title includes:*

Bite, frost-

*Cold (3 mos. and over) ^a

Congelation

*Exposure (3 mos. and over) ^b

Freezing

Frostbite

Frozen

^a“Cold” is too indefinite for proper classification. Physicians should be required to make a more specific statement. When it is reasonably possible that actual cold (temperature) was intended, as in the Northern United States from October to March, the death may be compiled under (170), or for infants under 3 months (153). Otherwise such a death may be compiled under (87) in the sense of coryza.^bWhere equivalent to *exposure to cold*. See note above.**171. Electric shock.**

NOTE.—The international classification includes deaths from all electrical agencies under this title. It would appear preferable, however, in order to preserve the integrity of the data from a meteorological point of view, to limit it to lightning, as in the condensed classification adopted by the United States Census Office, and to refer other deaths caused by electricity to (176) until their importance may require a separate statement.

This title includes:

Concussion, electric

Electric shock

Electricity

Lightning

171. Electric shock—Continued.

Shock, electric

of lightning

Thunderbolt

172. Accidental drowning.*This title includes:*

Asphyxia (from drowning)

Cramps (while bathing)

Drowning (accidental or unqualified)

Lost at sea

Sea, lost at

Submersion (accidental)

173. Inanition (starvation).

NOTE.—The word “inanition,” as frequently used in certificates of death in the United States, has no reference to deprivation of food (starvation). It is merely an indefinite term, like “debility” or “marasmus,” used in connection with wasting diseases. Hence the term does not appear in the inclusion of this title except as definitely qualified as due to starvation or privation from food.

This title includes:

Destitution (3 mos. and over)

Hunger (3 mos. and over)

Inanition (starvation)
(privation)

Misery (3 mos. and over)

Privation (3 mos. and over)

Starvation (3 mos. and over)

This title does not include:

Hysteric anorexia (74)

Inanition (unqualified) (3 mos. and over) (179)
(under 3 mos.) (153)

Lack of care (under 3 mos.) (153)

nourishment (under 3 mos.) (153)

Sitophobia (68)

174. Absorption of deleterious gases (nonsuicidal).

NOTE.—Deaths returned from the causes given below, without qualification, are ordinarily to be taken as accidental.

This title includes:

Absorption of ammonium sulphide

* carbon dioxide ^a* carbonic acid gas ^a* oxide ^a

chloroform (accidental or unqualified)

deleterious gases (accidental or unqualified)

nitrous oxide

Ammonium sulphide, absorption of

Asphyxia by charcoal gas (accidental or unqualified)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

174. Absorption of deleterious gases—Continued.

Asphyxia by chloroform (accidental or unqualified)
 coal gas (accidental or unqualified)
 fixed or portable stove
 gas (accidental or unqualified)
 illuminating gas
 vapor (accidental or unqualified)

*Carbonic acid gas, absorption of ^a

* oxide, absorption of ^a

Charcoal gas (accidental asphyxia)

Chloroform, absorption of (accidental or unqualified)
 asphyxia by

Coal gas, asphyxia by

Conflagration

Deleterious gases, absorption of (accidental or unqualified)
 intoxication by

Gas, charcoal, asphyxia by (accidental)

coal, asphyxia by (accidental or unqualified)

deleterious, absorption of (accidental or unqualified)

intoxication by (accidental or unqualified)

illuminating-, asphyxia by (accidental or unqualified)

inhalation of (accidental or unqualified)

noxious, inhalation of (accidental or unqualified)

Illuminating-gas, asphyxia by (accidental or unqualified)

Incendiarism

Inhalation of gases

noxious gases

Intoxication by deleterious gases

Nitrous oxide, absorption of

Noxious gases, inhalation of

Oxide, carbonic, absorption of ^a

nitrous, absorption

Stove-gas, asphyxia by

Suffocation by gas or vapor (accidental or unqualified)

This title does not include:

Asphyxia (unqualified) (under 3 mos.) (152)
 (3 mos. and over) (179)

^a "Carbon dioxide poisoning" is sometimes returned to indicate the mode of death (failure of the respiratory function) in various diseases. When pathologic, and not due to the action of the gas externally, the death should be classed under the disease causing it, or, if not definitely stated, under (179).

175. Other acute poisonings.

This title includes:

Absorption of a corrosive substance (accidental or unqualified)

sulphuric acid (accidental or unqualified)

venom

vitriol (accidental or unqualified)

Acid, sulphuric, absorption of (accidental or unqualified)

Acute arsenical poisoning

ergotism

mercurial poisoning

poisoning (other poisons and poison unspecified)

Antimonial cholera

Arsenical poisoning (acute or unqualified)

Bite of venomous serpent

viper

snake

Cholera, antimonial

Corrosive substance, absorption of (accidental or unqualified)

Ergotism, acute

Intoxication, acute (not alcoholic)

Mercurial poisoning (acute or unqualified)

Poisoning (acute or unqualified)

arsenical (acute or unqualified)

mercurial (acute or unqualified)

ptomain

tyrotoxin

Ptomain poisoning

Serpent, venomous, bite of

Snake-bite

Sulphuric acid, absorption of (accidental or unqualified)

Tyrotoxin poisoning

Venom, absorption of

Venomous serpent, bite of

Viper, bite of

Vitriol, absorption of (accidental or unqualified)

This title does not include:

Chronic ergotism (59)

Hydrargyism (58 or 59)

Lead poisoning, chronic (57)

Morphinism (59)

Saturnism (57)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

176. Other external violence.

NOTE.—This title is subdivided, for the use of the United States Census Office, into four subtitles, as follows: (1) "Suffocation;" (2) "Injuries at birth;" (3) "Homicide;" and (4) "Other external violence." The latter residue is combined with the residue of title 166 (not separately stated) and with titles 168, 171 (exclusive of deaths from lightning), and 173 to form the title "Other accidental injuries," of the condensed classification used by the United States Census Office. For the complete inclusion of the general title above (176) all the following subtitles should be examined.

[1. Suffocation.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 176, and consists mostly of quite indefinite terms. Exact cause of the suffocation should always be ascertained. If due to disease, and not to external causes, that fact should be clearly indicated, with the name of the disease.

This title includes:

- *Asphyxia, accidental (not by gas or vapor)
- *Overlaid
- *Strangulation (accidental or unqualified)
- *Suffocation (not by gas or unqualified)

[2. Injuries at birth.]

NOTE.—This subtitle may be considered as part of title 176, although causes of this sort are not definitely stated there, and have been generally neglected in classifications. Such separate statement meets a real necessity in practical compilation. Only deaths of infants born alive are here included. Stillbirths are never compiled as deaths.

This title includes:

- Application of forceps (child, not stillborn)
- Birth, compression during (not stillborn)
- Compression during birth (not stillborn)
 - of umbilical cord (not stillborn)
- Cord, presentation of (not stillborn)
 - umbilical, compression of (not stillborn)
- Difficult labor (child, not stillborn)
- Dystocia (child, not stillborn)
- Foot-presentation (child, not stillborn)
- Forceps, application of (child, not stillborn)
- Funis, prolapse of (not stillborn)
- Labor, prolonged (child, not stillborn)
- Malpresentation (child, not stillborn)
- Operation, forceps (child, not stillborn)
- Presentation, foot- (child, not stillborn)
 - of cord (not stillborn)
- Prolapse of funis (not stillborn)
- Prolonged labor (child, not stillborn)
- Umbilical cord, compression of (not stillborn)

This subtitle does not include:

- Criminal abortion or miscarriage. See next subtitle.
- Stillbirths, although death may have been caused by an obstetrical operation prior to birth.

176. Other external violence—Continued.

[3. Homicide.]

NOTE.—This subtitle is separated from title 176. It includes justifiable as well as all other forms of manslaughter, without reference to the special legal character of the act. Additional subtitles may be formed, when necessary, for deaths caused by legal execution, war, or by great catastrophes, as earthquakes and volcanoes.

This title includes:

- Abortion, criminal (child, not stillborn)
 - (mother)
- Acid, sulphuric, throwing of ^a
- Assassination
- Cutting instruments, wounds by (homicide)
- Duel
 - shot in
- Homicidal poisoning
 - wound
- Homicide
- Infanticide
- Manslaughter
- Murder
- Poisoning, homicidal
- Shot in duel
- Suicidal wound
- Sulphuric acid, throwing of ^a
- Vitriol, throwing of ^a

^aClassed under (176) with homicide, instead of under (168) as in the French Index.

[4. Other external violence.]

NOTE.—This subtitle contains the residue of title 176, less deaths from (1) "Suffocation;" (2) "Injuries at birth;" and (3) "Homicide."

This title includes:

- *Accident (unqualified)
 - Air-passages, foreign body in
- *Bad treatment (of children)
 - Body, foreign, in air-passages
 - larynx
 - mediastinum
 - trachea
- Capital punishment
- *Casualty (undefined)
- *Causes, external
- *Children, bad treatment of
 - Cyclone, killed in
 - Electrocution
 - Execution (capital punishment)
- *Exposure (3 mos. and over) ^a
- *External causes (undefined)
 - Foreign body in air-passages
 - larynx

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

176. Other external violence—Continued.

- Foreign body in mediastinum
- trachea
- Hanging (legal execution only)
- *Ill-treatment (of an infant)
- *Injury (unqualified)
- Killed in cyclone
- Larynx, foreign body in
- *Malpractice
- Mediastinum, foreign body in
- Punishment, capital
- Trachea, foreign body in
- *Treatment, bad (of child)
- *Violence (undefined)

^a When exposure is equivalent to exposure to cold, it should be referred to title 170.

XIV.—ILL-DEFINED DISEASES.

NOTE.—The following titles include only indefinite terms whose character is not sufficiently precise for classification under any of the preceding titles. They are thus returned either because the physician was unable to secure the necessary information to make a satisfactory diagnosis, because the disease itself was of a very ill-defined or indefinite character, or because, and this will account for the vast majority of the causes given below, the physician was either too ignorant or too careless to make a definite and satisfactory statement of cause of death. The registrar should be acquainted with all of the unsatisfactory terms following, and when unaccompanied by any more precise information the physician's attention should be called to their indefinite character. Any ill-defined cause, when associated with a more definite statement (Classes I to XIII), yields to it in compilation.

177. Dropsy.

NOTE.—The cause of dropsy, usually some disease of the heart, liver, or kidneys, should be ascertained whenever possible. Then the death can be assigned to its proper place under the organ affected.

This title includes:

- *Abdominal dropsy
- *Anasarca
- *Ascites
- *Dropsy (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- abdominal
- of feet
- peritoneal
- *Edema (unqualified)
- general
- of extremities
- new-born (3 mos. and over)
- *Extremities, edema of
- *Feet, dropsy of
- *General edema
- *Hydropsy
- *Limbs, swollen
- *New-born, edema of (3 mos. and over)
- *Peritoneal dropsy
- *Swollen limbs

177. Dropsy—Continued.

This title does not include:

- Edema of brain (64)
- glottis (88)
- lungs (95)
- new-born (under 3 mos.) (151)
- Organic lesion (undefined) (179) ^a

^a Contrary to French list.

178. Sudden death.

NOTE.—The cause of sudden death should be given. A *post-mortem* should be held for this purpose when possible. But when it is absolutely unknown, a statement of "sudden death" is preferable to "heart failure" or some vague guess at a diagnosis.

This title includes:

- *Sudden death (nonpuerperal or unqualified)
- *Syncope (nonpuerperal or unqualified)

This title does not include:

- Sudden death (apoplectic) (64)
- (diabetic) (50)
- (puerperal) (140)

179. Unspecified or ill-defined causes of death.

NOTE.—For the use of the Census Office separate statements are given of deaths from "heart failure" and from "unknown causes." "Heart failure" was formerly included among diseases of the heart. "Unknown causes" include deaths reported with cause "unknown" and also those deaths in which no statement is made with reference to cause ("cause unspecified"). Deaths that are stated to have occurred from an unknown or unspecified disease are included with the residue of ill-defined diseases. These items are useful as criteria of general accuracy of the statement of causes of death in a locality.

This title includes:

- *Abdominal section (cause unspecified)
- tyimpanites
- *Absorption of carbonic oxide (pathologic) ^a
- *Acute fever
- inflammation (organ unspecified)
- *Adynamia (3 mos. and over)
- ataxo- (3 mos. and over)
- *Age (over 3 mos. and under 60 years)
- *Algid fever
- *Anorexia
- *Apnea (3 mos. and over)
- *Asphyxia (unqualified; 3 mos. and over) ^a
- pathologic ^a
- *Asthenia (3 mos. and over)
- *Asthenic fever
- *Ataxo-adynamia (3 mos. and over)
- *Attack, bilious
- *Atrophy (3 mos. and over)
- infantile (3 mos. and over)
- *Bedridden

^a Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

179. Unspecified or ill-defined causes of death—

Continued.

- *Bilious
 - * attack
- * catarrh
- * fever
- *Birth, sick from (3 mos. and over)
- *Blood, transfusion of
- *Bold hives
- *Cachexia (3 mos. and over)
- *Carbon dioxide poisoning (pathologic)^a
- *Care, lack of (3 mos. and over)
- *Carphology
- *Cartarrh, bilious
- *Catarrhal fever
- *Cause unknown
- *Celiotomy (cause undefined)
- *Chill, congestive
- *Chronic fever
 - * inflammation (organ unspecified)
- Chthonophagia
- *Climactericus, morbus (male)
- *Collapse (cause unspecified)
- *Colliquative fever
- *Coma (cause unspecified)
- *Complicated fever
- *Congenital debility (3 mos. and over)
- *Congestion (unqualified)
 - * of heart
- *Congestive chill
 - * fever
- *Cyanosis of new-born (not due to malformation of heart) (3 mos. and over)
- *Debility (3 mos. and over)
 - * congenital (3 mos. and over)
- *Deficient nutrition (3 mos. and over)
- *Delirium
 - * sub-
- *Dentition^b
 - * fever of^b
- *Diathesis
 - Dirt-eating
- *Disease, eruptive (undefined)
 - * ill-defined
 - * infantile (3 mos. and over)
 - * infectious
 - * inflammatory
 - * of head
 - * navel (3 mos. and over)
 - * organic (undefined)^c
 - * unknown
- *Dyspnea

179. Unspecified or ill-defined causes of death—

Continued.

- *Effusion
- *Emaciation
- *Eruption
- *Eruptive disease
- *Erysipelas of heart
- *Exhaustion (3 mos. and over)
- *Failure, heart^d
- *Fever (unqualified)
 - * acute
 - * algid
 - * asthenic
 - * bad
 - * bilious
 - * catarrhal
 - * chronic
 - * colliquative
 - * complicated
 - * congestive
 - * gastric
 - * hectic
 - * hemorrhagic
 - * hot
 - * inflammatory
 - * ladies'
 - * lingering
 - * low
 - * malignant
 - * nervous
 - * new
 - * of dentition^b
 - * pituitous
 - * slow
 - * synochal
 - * thermic^e
 - * warm
- *Fistula
- *Food, improper (3 mos. and over)
- *Gastric fever
 - * involvement
- *Gathering, internal
- *General debility (3 mos. and over)
- *God, visitation of
- *Head, disease of
 - * humor in
 - * rising in
 - * sores in
- *Heart, congestion of
 - * erysipelas of
 - * failure^d

*Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

179. Unspecified or ill-defined causes of death—
Continued.

- *Hectic
- * fever
- *Hemorrhagic fever
- *Hives
- * bold
- *Hot fever
- *Humor in head
- *Ill-defined disease
- *Improper food (3 mos. and over)
- *Inanition (3 mos. and over) *f*
- *Infantile atrophy (3 mos. and over)
- * disease (3 mos. and over)
- *Infectious disease
- *Inflammation (unqualified)
- * acute
- * chronic
- * of mucous membrane
- *Inflammatory fever
- * disease
- *Internal gathering
- *Involvement, gastric
- *Ischemia (unqualified)
- *Lack of care (3 mos. and over)
- *Ladies' fever
- *Laparotomy (cause unspecified)
- *Leg, sore
- *Lesion, organic (undefined) *c*
- *Lingering fever
- *Low fever
- *Malassimilation (3 mos. and over)
- *Malignant fever
- *Marasmus (3 mos. and over)
- *Membrane, mucous, inflammation of
- *Milk fever (male)
- *Mucous membrane, inflammation of
- *Navel, disease of (3 mos. and over)
- *Neglect (3 mos. and over)
- *Neonati, apnea (3 mos. and over)
- *Neonatorum, asphyxia (3 mos. and over)
- *Nervous fever
- *New fever
- *New-born, cyanosis of (not due to malformation of heart) (3 mos. and over)
- lack of care of (3 mos. and over)
- *Nutrition, deficient (3 mos. and over)
- *Operation, surgical (cause unspecified)
- *Organic disease (undefined) *c*
- * lesion (undefined) *c*
- *Overstrained
- *Overwork

179. Unspecified or ill-defined causes of death—
Continued.

- *Paracentesis
- *Pathologic strangulation
- *Phlegmasia
- *Pituitous fever
- *Pneumatosis
- *Pollakiuria
- *Polydipsia
- *Polyuria
- *Prostration (3 mos. and over)
- *Rash
- *Rising in head
- *Rupture of viscera
- *Salivation
- *Section, abdominal (cause unspecified)
- *Shock, surgical
- *Sick from birth (3 mos. and over)
- *Slow fever
- *Sore leg
- *Sores in head
- *Stoppage (nature unspecified)
- *Strangulation, pathologic
- *Stricture (female)
- *Stupor
- *Subdelirium
- *Suppuration
- *Surgical shock
- *Synochal fever
- *Teething *b*
- *Thermic fever *e*
- *Transfusion of blood
- *Trepanning (cause unspecified)
- *Trephination (cause unspecified)
- *Tympanites
- * abdominal
- *Typhomania
- *Ulceration
- *"Unknown" (so reported)
- *Unknown cause
- *Unknown disease
- *Unspecified (cause omitted or left blank in return)
- *Viscera, rupture of
- *Visitation of God
- *Vitality, want of (3 mos. and over)
- *Want of vitality (3 mos. and over)
- *Warm fever
- *Wasting (3 mos. and over)

This title does not include:

Asphyxia by external cause (156, 174)

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

179. Unspecified or ill-defined causes of death— Continued.

Cachexia, senile (154)

Cyanosis of new-born (due to malformation of
heart or unqualified)
(150)

(not due to malforma-
tion of heart; under
3 mos.) (152)

Debility, senile (154)

Exhaustion, senile (154)

Fever, ataxo-adyynamic (1)

continued (1)

hay (99)

summer (99)

^a See note on "carbon dioxide poisoning" under title 174, page 104.

^b See note on "dentition," under title 104, page 72.

^c Organic disease or lesion (character undefined) is included here rather than under (177).

^d One of the most objectionable returns included among ill-defined diseases is that of "heart failure." It should never be accepted by a registration office as the sole statement of cause of death, but inquiry should be made as to the disease causing the "heart failure." Not infrequently this term has been used to conceal deaths from diphtheria or other infectious diseases.

^e See note on "thermic fever" under title 169, page 103.

^f See note on "inanition" under title 173, page 103.

* Indefinite and unsatisfactory as a cause of death. See page 14.

STILLBIRTHS.

NOTE.—Stillbirths are not included among deaths. A stillborn child is one born dead. If a child lived any time whatever, after birth, it should not be included among stillbirths. Inquiry should be made as to whether the statement of age was correct, and, if so, some other cause of death should be assigned. The majority of such cases will be classed under "Congenital debility" (151), or "unknown" (179).

This title includes:

Abortion (child, born dead) ^a

Cephalotomy

Cephalotripsy

Craniotomy

Embryotomy

Funis, prolapse of (born dead)

Labor, difficult (child, born dead)

Prolapse of funis (born dead)

Stillborn

^a When corroborated by "0" age, this should take precedence over "Premature birth" (151), or "Injury at birth" (176), but if the child *lived after birth*, it should be subordinated to the other cause of death.

I N D E X .

INDEX OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

NOTE.—The references are to the titles of the international classification in the preceding tabular list. The causes of death are supposed to be reported exactly in the forms stated, exclusive of any qualifications given in parentheses or brackets. Thus "Abscess (unqualified)" of the index includes deaths reported simply as "Abscess" by the physician, without statement of the nature of the disease or the organ or part of the body affected. The use of the word "unqualified" in parentheses suggests the desirability of further information, and in some cases the kind of information desired is also indicated, as "nonpuerperal or unqualified," "nondiphtheritic or unqualified," etc. In these cases it is obvious that the registrar ought to ascertain, if possible, whether such deaths were puerperal or diphtheritic or not, as such information is indispensable for satisfactory compilation. In some cases it may be obtained from examination of jointly reported causes on the certificate, or from considerations of age, sex, or occupation. Certain limitations of age, as "under 5 years," "5 years and over," and of sex are used in connection with a few titles. These qualifications in parentheses do not affect the alphabetical arrangement.

Abdomen, abscess of (144)	Abscess, cold (31)
aneurism of (81)	exhaustion from (144)
cancer of (45)	fecal (109)
contusion of (166)	hepatic (114)
dropsy of (177)	iliac (118)
perforation of (166)	internal (144)
rheumatism of (47)	ischiorectal (109)
section of (179)	lumbar (30)
tuberculosis of (29)	mammary (nonpuerperal or unqualified) (133)
tumor of (46)	(puerperal) (141)
Abdominal fever (1)	mastoid (146)
pregnancy (134)	mediastinal (144)
section (cause unspecified) (179)	meningeal (61)
tympanites (179)	nephritic (121)
typhoid (1)	of abdomen (144)
typhus (1)	appendix (118)
See also <i>Abdomen</i>	bone (31)
Aberration, mental (68)	bowels (109)
Ablation of pregnant tube (134)	brain (74)
uterus (130)	breast (nonpuerperal or unqualified) (133)
Abnormality (150)	(puerperal) (141)
congenital (150)	ear (76)
Abortion (mother) (134)	fauces (101)
tubal (134)	frontal sinus (146)
See also <i>Puerperal</i>	heart (79)
Abscess (unqualified) (144)	hip (32)
acute (144)	iliac fossa (118)
appendicular (118)	intestines (109)
bacillary (33)	joint (147)
by congestion (31)	kidney (121)
cervical (144)	liver (114)
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- Abscess of liver, tropical (114)
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 carbonic oxide (accidental or unqualified) (174)
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 chloroform (accidental or unqualified) (174)
 (suicidal) (156)
 deleterious gases (accidental or unqualified) (174)
 (suicidal) (156)
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 sulphuric acid (accidental or unqualified) (175)
 (suicidal) (155)
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^a See also causes included in titles 164 to 176, nearly all of which may be qualified as *accidental*.

- Acute catarrh of lung (90)
 cystitis (123)
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- Adiposis (55)
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 and fever (4)

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- Colitis (under 2 years) (105)
 (2 years and over) (106)
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 (2 years and over) (106)
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 (2 years and over) (106)
 ileo- (under 2 years) (105)
 (2 years and over) (106)
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 (2 years and over) (106)
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 (2 years and over) (106)
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 (2 years and over) (106)
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- Concussion, electric (171)
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- Confinement (unqualified) (140)
- Conflagration (174)
- Congelation (170)
- Congenital abnormality (150)
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 debility (under 3 mos.) (151)
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- Congestion (unqualified) (179)
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 (5 years and over) (37)
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 purulent (under 5 years) (38)
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* The word "cord" may refer to the spinal, umbilical, or spermatic cords. The words inserted in brackets, which may or may not occur in the returns of causes of death, indicate the interpretations under which the assignments are made.

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 (diphtheritic) (9)
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 (diphtheritic) (9)
 Croupous angina (9)
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 Cyanosis (due to malformation of heart or unqualified) (150)
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- Cystosarcoma (45)
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 of arteries (81)
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 epileptic (69)
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